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THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY.

ITS "INTESTINE DIFFICULTIES."

Emeute in the Rebel Congress.

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IS IT A "BLESSING IN DISGUISE?"

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Jan. 19.

The following highly important report of proceedings in the rebel Congress on Monday last is taken from the Richmond *Sentinel* of the 17th. It will be seen that the article which Mr. ORR makes the subject of his animadversions was published in the *Sentinel*, the official organ of JEFF. DAVIS, on the 14th, and it is a very significant fact *that no copies of this paper were allowed to come through our lines.*

From the confessions of Mr. ORR we now have positive assurance of the fact that the Committee on Foreign Relations, to which was referred the peace propositions of the rebel Congress, *reported unanimously in favor of sending Commissioners to sue for peace.* They also establish the fact that this issue is rapidly disrupting the whole framework of the Confederacy, and has already created most violent antagonism between JEFF. DAVIS and the Richmond oligarchy, on the one side, and the Congress representing the people and their sentiments, the latter are, in the words of Mr. ORR, "*determined that in some form the statesmanship of the country shall be invoked in an honest effort to end the carnival of death by negociation.*"

The whole debate will be read throughout the country. It is altogether the most profoundly important document published in Richmond since the origin of the war.

The withdrawal of Mr. SMITH, of Alabama, following so closely to the heels of the withdrawal of FOOTE, is another proof of the now conspicuous fact that the Confederacy is rapidly rushing to irremediable ruin.

It is authoritatively understood that Mr. F. P. BLAIR, Sr., starts to-morrow morning for Richmond.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE REBEL CONGRESS.

"TREASON" IN THE WIND.

In the House, Jan. 16, immediately after the opening of the day's business, Mr. ORR, of Mississippi, rose, as he said, to a question of privilege in reference to an article in a newspaper of that city. The Speaker decided that this was not a question of privilege. The gentleman could only proceed by leave of the House. Mr. ORR, under leave of the House, rose to a personal explanation. He had the clerk read an article from the *Sentinel* of the 14th, headed "Treason." He then said; "The Speaker, the editor of this paper, is public and private printer of this House, and it is the commonly received organ of the Executive. This is my apology for noticing the slanderous article, which I have had Clerk read. It is apparent to this House, and to those who are familiar with our proceedings, that the article is intended as a criticism upon the report from the Committee upon Foreign Affairs, submitted to them on last Thursday. It is no less than the grave charge of treason against that Committee, and an implication of like import against members of this House *who were cognizant of the substance of the report, and voted to receive it in secret session.* I trust that the reputation of the members comprising that committee, is sufficient to satisfy the country that the article is false and slanderous. The deliberations of the committee upon the report were presided over by the venerably pure and distinguished member from Virginia, Mr. RIVES. Would he have so presided, from week to week, when treason was plotted? Would he have voted, as he did, in open session, to go into secret session to receive the report? Would his colleague, Mr. DESARNOTTE, Gen. ATKIN'S, of Tennessee, Mr. WITHERSPOON, of South Carolina, Mr. TURNER, of North Carolina, and Mr. SMITH, of Alabama, have given this sanction to a treasonable report? Are they capable of treachery of the most infamous character? Are they traiterous Congressmen? Can it be that they have brought forward a disorderly, ruinous and fatal proposition, reprehensible and intolerable, and having neither dignity, honor nor safety in it." But, of the Virginia Delegation, Messrs. RIVES and DE JAMOTTE were not alone in voting to receive the report. Mr. WICKHAM, Mr. BALDWIN and Mr. McMULLEN voted with them, *aware at the time of* [illegible] *substance*, and thus they, too, fell under the rod [illegible] power behind the throne of the *Sentinel*. In refuting this calumny against members of this House, it is unnecessary to divulge the *contents of the report or the action of the House thereon*, although it is with me, as I announced when I presented it a matter of indifference, whether it should be considered in open or secret session. If the writer of the article ever saw the resolutions, he has, knowingly, falsified them. If he has not seen them, but supposes them to be as he states, then according to his own report he betrays gross ignorance in asserting *that a resolution to open irregular negotiations, through Commissioners, with Lincoln, for peace*, would constitute treason, and greater criminality in presuming to arraign worthy and patriotic men for something of which he is ignorant. Why should they be subjected to this malignant criticism? For the sake of argument, *let it be conceded that they had proposed to send Commissioners to Washington to open irrenular negotiations for peace. These Commissioners might be sent with no other power than to confer and consult with the authorities there on terms of an honorable peace*, with instructions to report results of such conference to the President, and to this House. Such negotiations would be irregular, and yet they might—I think they would, if ratified by the treaty-making Power—secure an honorable and satisfactory peace. Who but a madman would denounce these means and this result as treachery of the most infamous character? From the supposed relationship of this paper to men in power, it may have been intended, in indulging in these bitter denunciations, to have the effect of intimidating the advocates of an honorable and peaceful settlement of the war. If this was the design, allow me to assure you, Mr. Speaker, that a greater mistake was never made. *Denunciation will be met by defiance!* This movement is not in the hands of timid or time-serving men. Sustained as they are by the volume of sentiment in the country and in the army, and by their own sense of duty, they are determined that, in some form, *the statesmanship of the country shall be invoked in an honest effort to end this carnival of death by negotiation.* The *Sentinel* thinks it foolish, treasonable, and ruinous for the House to send Commissioners to Washington, with powers limited as prescribed. This is to assume that no terms could be obtained which would not be ruinous. Is there any reason for this assumption? That journal professed a willingness, a few days since, to abolish slavery for foreign intervention. *Who is authorized to say that better terms cannot be obtained from the United States?* Who can say that terms could not be agreed upon with them without abolition or reconstruction? We certainly could make it to their interest to recognize us as an independent people without involving either slavery or reconstructions, and nations usually follow their own interest. The question of reconstruction, however, does not arise in the proposition to negotiate, and I shall not therefore discuss it; nor is it foolish or treasonable; and I will add that it is neither impolite nor unmanly while we are gathering up all our military strength to meet the enemy, to resort to every laudable and proper effort to give peace to a bleeding and distracted country by negotiations. On the contrary, the statesmanship that would refuse to do that is hideous moral deformity.

When Mr. ORR had finished reading the foregoing, Mr. LESTER, of Georgia, moved to suspend the rules in order to allow him to introduce the following resolution:

Whereas, On the 14th of this month there appeared in the columns of the Richmond *Sentinel* a correspondence over signature of Q., and headed with the word "Treason," "treason" printed in conspicuous capitals, and marked with points of exclamation, in which the writer announced it was rumored on the street that there was a resolution before Congress, in secret session, to open irregular negotiations through commissioners with LINCOLN for peace, and asserting that such proceedings were not only treason, but under the circumstances, treachery of the most infamous character, and avowing that the people of Virginia certainly, and, in the opinion of the writer, the people of the Confederacy generally, would not allow themselves to be sold by traitorous Congressmen after this fashion; and

Whereas, said correspondence was accompanied by an approving editorial, characterized by the same tone and spirit as the correspondence itself; and

Whereas, Said correspondence and editorial, headed and paraded as aforesaid, are calculated to mislead the public judgment and in their temper and spirit impart to Congress folly, disloyalty, treason and treachery,

Be it therefore resolved, That so far as the statements and imputation contained in said correspondence and editorial were intended to apply to this branch of Congress, they are false in fact and inference, and an infringement of the privileges of its members, and merit the emphatic rebuke and unqualified denunciations of this House.

On the motion to suspend, to allow the introduction of the resolution, it resulted, Ayes 22, Nays 36. A two-thirds vote being required to suspend the rules the resolution was not introduced.

Mr. ATKINS, of Tennessee, thought all such newspaper articles unworthy of notice. He cared nothing for the charges of the correspondent or for the opinion of the editor who indorsed them. But this paper was understood to be the organ of the Administration, and if this was the case, then he would say that the Administration had lent itself to a most infamous calumny on the motives of gentlemen on this floor. The resolution he had offered on this subject had had no squinting towards treason, and if any gentleman on this floor thought so, let him rise in his seat and say it. He had, from the highest, patriotic and prudential considerations, passed by a thousand errors of the Administration. He had not publicly assailed the Administration, but the article in the *Sentinel* was evidently based in part on the resolution he had offered on this subject, and, of course, alluded to himself. He did not desire these resolutions to be considered in secret session, but was willing to have them published to the world. But, if the charges referred to alluded to him and his resolutions, he pronounced them infamously false.

Mr. BARKSDALE, of Mississippi, desired to state a matter of fact in connection with this subject.

Mr. RUSSELL, of Virginia—I object.

Mr. GILMORE, of North Carolina, hoped the gentleman would withdraw his objection, and allow the gentleman to proceed.

Mr. RUSSELL objected to any discussion of this subject. He declined to withdraw.

Mr. BARKSDALE moved to suspend the rules, so as to allow him to state a fact.

The motion was agreed to—ayes 43, nays 17.

Mr. BARKSDALE then said that the House presented the extraordinary spectacle of permitting itself to be diverted from its pressing, legitimate and solemn duties, by an anonymous article. The statements of the writer were not indorsed by the intelligent and patriotic editor of the *Sentinel*. He had simply referred to rumors on which the censures of the correspondent were based, without vouching for their correctness, members had asserted that the *Sentinel* was understood to be the organ of the President, and on this assumption he had claimed for the communication and editorial the importance which they attached to them. The President speaks to Congress and the country in his official communications upon the highest authority. He (Mr. B.) pronounced the statement that he is responsible for newspaper articles, or that the *Sentinel* is his organ, false.

Mr. ATKINS—interrupting—explained that he had said the *Sentinel* was understood to be the organ of the President.

Mr. B. replied that it was to that very point his remark was addressed. He repeated that the statement, neither direct or implied, that the *Sentinel* was an organ of the President or that he is responsible for its conduct, is utterly destitute of truth.

Mr. TURNER inquired by what authority the gentleman from Mississippi makes this declaration.

Mr. B.—By the highest authority, and I will not permit it to be called in question.

Mr. SMITH, of Alabama, said: I should not, myself, have paid any attention to the article in the *Sentinel*. I should have allowed it to pass in silence, as I have made it the rule of action to let editors alone. But the vote of this House in refusing to allow the gentleman from Georgia, (Mr. LESTER,) places this matter in a more serious aspect. I consider that vote as, to some extent, endorsing the *Sentinel*. As long as that vote stands as the sense of this body, *I can take no part in its deliberations.* I say this in perfect respect to members here, and I do not wish my withdrawal to be considered as at all contemptuous, but dictated solely by that self-respect which I feel, and by which I have through life endeavored to be governed.

Mr. CHILTON did not construe the vote refusing to suspend the rules, in order to aid the introduction of the resolution when so many important matters demand the attention of the House, as indorsing article referred to.

Mr. ATKINS, of Tennessee, concurred in the opinion that the vote, on the introduction of the resolution, did not indicate that the House endorsed the article referred to. He called upon members of the House who though there was anything treasonable in his resolution to say so, and no one had so expressed himself.

Mr. GRAY, of Louisiana, stated that he had voted against the suspension of the rules, not because he believed the imputations contained in the article to be just, but because he hought the discussion of the subject by the House would not be productive of any good.

Mr. GARLAND, of Arkansas, with a view to change the subject, and to introduce one, in his judgment, more important, moved to take up the bill to increase the export duty on cotton and tobacco.

Mr. McMULLEN, of Virginia, desired to make a few remarks.

Mr. GARLAND—I object.

Mr. McMULLEN—Mr. Speaker, I simply desire—

The SPEAKER—No debate is in order, and objection has been made.

Mr. McMULLEN—I simply desire—

The SPEAKER—The gentleman is out of order, and will take his seat.

Mr. McMULLEN—I desire to enter my protest against—

The SPEAKER—The gentleman must take his seat when the Chair so orders.

Mr. McMULLEN, taking his seat, said, amid the interruptions of the Speaker's gavil: "I intend"—rap, rap—" to enter my"—rap—" protest"—rap, rap, rap—" on the"—rap, rap—" journal. I know my rights, and will maintain them. [Loud and continued rapping.]

On the motion to suspend to take up the bill referred to, the vote stood, ayes 57; noes, 16, and the bill was taken up and considered until the expiration of the morning hour, without being acted upon.

THE AGONY OF DESPAIR.

The following is the conclusion of an editorial in the *Dispatch* of the 17th, assailing Congress for having inaugurated steps to make peace with LINCOLN:

"Would to Heaven the Congress of the Confederate States had inherited but a portion of the spirit of those grand old patriots of '76. But we look for it in vain. Our armies have suffered disaster and defeat. A mighty host is encompassed within a few miles of the city. The thunder of his batteries shakes the walls of the Capitol. He does not hesitate to proclaim that it is his intention to enslave, to extirpate the whole race of which we are part and parcel. Our Congress is in session; bills of most urgent necessity are before it; bills vital to our Constitution and our country; bills upon the passage of which depend our *status* as freeman or slaves, probably for centuries to come. We are in the eighth week of the session; *the enemy is prosecuting his enterprises throughout the Winter. He allows our armies no rest day or night*, and yet not one single step has been taken by our Legislatures for the renovating of our armies; for the amelioration of our currency; for the restoration of confidence to our people; for any object whatever that can have the remotest bearing upon our defence against the vengeance of our implacable enemies. They spend their time in talking, just as if the old days of log cabins and hard cider were here again. They appear to have fallen asleep under the administration of MARTIN VAN BUREN, and never to have become thoroughly awake, and while they are postponing every bill that can be useful in this emergency, the enemy is raising Heaven and earth to recruit his armies. The disaster which we have suffered of late are not only not irreparable, but they are not so great as others we have suffered on other occasions. *But the people have become more depressed by them than they ever were before, because they had been flattered by hopes of peace by persons who well knew there could be no peace short of submission and enslavement.* The fit of depression has been longer and more violent than formerly because they see that Congress, to which they naturally turn for encouragement, trifling on the very edge of the abyss, with a reckless disregard of their situation, which prompts sailors when the ship is about to go down, to break open spirit-room and drown thier fears in liquor. They see little hope in that quarter. Congress is, in fact, assisting the enemy by encouraging the disposition to croak *which seems to have beset the whole country*. A little prompt action—a slight display of resolution—a few words to keep up the confidence of the people, would work wonders. Cannot Congress arouse itself and become equal to this task.

FROM NORTH CAROLINA.

From the Norfolk (Va.) Old Dominion.

The Raleigh *Whig*, of the 12th instant, comes out editorially in favor of reconstruction. That this may be effected, a convention of the States and an armistice are recommended.

The intestine difficulties of the Confederacy are becoming positively alarming. Property of no kind is secure, and guerrillas and bandits roam at will throughout the whole interior. The deserters who formerly sought refuge in the mountains in the western part of North Carolina have become emboldened at their great increase in numbers, and attack and overpower the guards left to protect the people. Business of all kinds is suspended, and the inhabitants are fast resolving themselves into the primitive condition of savages.

The North Carolina militia have mostly laid down their arms, and are scattering themselves throughout the State.

On the 10th instant resolutions were introduced into the North Carolina Legislature, recommending that a delegation be appointed from that body, which should represent all parts of the State, *for the purpose of proceeding to Washington to secure terms of peace.*

The resolutions were ordered to be laid over for further consideration.

GOSSIP FROM RICHMOND.

Correspondence of the Charleston Mercury.

Although the end is not yet, we are much cheered by the gallant defence of Wilmington. The forebodings associated with the presence of a certain officer at that point have been signally falsified. It is a pleasure, too, to know that MOSBY is not mortally wounded.

As an offset to this, our hopes of seeing Gen. Lee made Commander-in-Chief are, from all accounts, in danger of being frustrated. Indeed, it is now said that the Executive never contemplated anything of the kind. The story that LEE, DAVIS and JOHNSTON met some days ago, and that there was a reconciliation between the latter two, is pronounced unfounded. How it came into existence is a mystery.

A significant article appears in this morning's *Sentinel*. The authorities are admonished not to let us fall into the hands of a Yankee master; any other master were better—the inference being that we are in danger of being forced to accept a master of some sort.

In times of disaster, a certain clan always talks of handing over the Confederacy as an appanage of the crown of France or England. *What if they refuse? A people willing to give themselves away to anybody are not worth having, especially when the price of the gift is sure to be a war with a power which is now more formidable than France, and nearly as formidable as England on the sea.* We are abundantly able to take care of ourselves if our resources in men and means were properly disposed. But of this, what hope?

A curious incident is related. Some days ago, when the vote of the Senate on suspending the habeas corpus was taken, there was a tie. STEPHENS was in the chair. Before giving the casting vote he either asked leave or claimed the right to give his reasons for voting as he intended to vote. Just then DORTCH, of North Carolina, changed his vote, and the suspension was carried.

The town is exceedingly dull and believed to be generally sober. Much money has been collected for the soldiers' dinner. To-night there is a soldiers' dinner benefit at the theatre; IDA VERNON in East Lynne; tickets twenty dollars.

Weather still warm and hazy. Thunder and lightning last night. *Gold sixty for one!* Coffee forty dollars a pound. Are you all going to let SHERMAN get to Branchville? HERMES.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, Jan. 4.

At last we have a mail from Charleston. *It is not more than ten or fifteen days old*, but it will do very well considering the times.

News is scarce. It was currently reported yesterday that there would be a change in the head of the War Department. Many believed the rumor, and some said BRAGG would succeed SEDDON, but this is conjecture.

SHERMAN has commenced moving. If yesterday's snow did not arrest him, we hope men will do what snow cannot. Some men you have already; you will have others soon, *for the sufficient reason that you must have them, or we must give up Richmond.*

SHERMAN'S activity will be responded to by active measures in Congress. *The negroes will almost certainly be called out*, since the Administration and many Generals are in favor of it. But I hear of one General, who says if Gen. LEE could travel the country as much as he has done, he would find plenty of white men, and no need for negroes. *If negroes are used, they should be used as slaves, or else we abandon the principle of the struggle.*

Our streets are no longer lighted at night, and coal is getting very scarce, even in the Government offices. Mr. TRENHOLM, I am told, is winning golden opinions among his clerks, especially the lady clerks, to whom he is exceedingly courteous, kind and generous. The North Carolina members have not yet returned. It is supposed they are imitating the example of the members of the Virginia Legislature—taking a good long Christmas holiday, and *not plotting treason with the North Carolina Legislature, as certain mare's-nest hunters have pretended to discover.* HERMES.

THE FALL OF FORT FISHER.

From the Richmond Dispatch, Jan. 17.

The fall of Fort Fisher, we presume, closes the port of Wilmington. It commands the main entrance to the Cape Fear River, and will, we fear, enable the enemy to blockade the river completely, giving them, as it does, a secure lodgment on the left bank. Fort Caswell, and several other works, still guard the southern channel of the river. Fort Fisher is thirty miles below Wilmington. Some regard the fall of Fort Fisher as a disaster, while many are disposed to consider it a blessing in disguise. The latter, who are, it must be said, a numerous and sensible class, contend, Wilmington, as a seaport, has, from the beginning, done us more harm than good. They say that the goods imported through it have been of little good to us, while millions of dollars worth of our cotton has thence found its way into the hands of our enemies. It is proper to add that, possibly our force, which, according to Gen. LEE'S dispatch, was making a heavy demonstration against their rear, may retake the fort.

THE REBEL SECRETARY OF WAR.

From the Richmond Dispatch, Jan. 17.

It was reported, yesterday, that JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE was made Secretary of War of the Confederate States. We could obtain no confirmation of the report in official circles, but there are reasons for believing it. Gen. BRECKINRIDGE was expected to arrive in the city last night. It was also reported that Col. NORTHRUP, Commissary-General had been displaced.

THE CASE OF MR. FOOTE.

HE TRIES THE HABEAS CORPUS.

From the Richmond Dispatch, Jan. 17.

Judge HALIBURTON, of the Confederate Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, on yesterday issued a writ of habeas corpus on the petition of Hon. HENRY S. FOOTE, a member of the Confederate House of Representatives from Tennessee, commanding Capt. HUGH S. DOGGETT, Provost-Marshal of Fredericksburgh, to bring before the Judge the body of HENRY S. FOOTE on Thursday next, and to show cause why he should not be set at liberty. Mr. FOOTE, in his petition, states that he had been arrested and held in custody by order of Capt. DOGGETT, who professed to be acting by the order of one JAMES A. SEDDON, Secretary of War, &c. Happily this matter had been settled by the House of Representatives, to whom it was referred by the President, declaring that they are of opinion that the good of the country would not be subserved by the forced attendance of said member upon the sessions of the House, but that under all the circumstances of the case it is expedient that the military authorities discharge him from custody. We presume Mr. FOOTE has already been set at liberty.

MR. SINGLETON.

From the Richmond Dispatch, Jan. 17.

Mr. J. W. SINGLETON, of Illinois, Yankee Peace Democrat and Peace Commissioner, is still at the Spottswood Hotel. His presence in the city has not produced a great sensation.

CANADA.

Meeting of Parliament—Speech of Lord Monck, Governor-General—What is Being Done for the Protection of the Frontier.

QUEBEC, Thursday, Jan. 19.

Parliament opened to-day. The Governor, in his opening speech, congratulates the House upon the general prosperity and contentment of the people, and the continuance of peace. Referring to the outrages committed on the territory of the United States by persons who have sought refuge on Canadian soil, he says: "In order to prevent the organization of such enterprises within the Provinces, and to enable me to discharge effectually my duties toward neighboring and friendly Powers, I have seen fit to organize a system of detective police on the frontier, and with the same design have called out for permanent duty a portion of the volunteer force of the Provinces. Similar considerations suggest the propriety of arming the Executive Government with stronger powers than it now possesses for dealing with persons who, while availing themselves of the right of asylum always allowed on British soil to political refugees, may be unmindful of the implied obligations which by residence amongst us they contract, to obey the laws and respect the policy of the country. A bill framed for this purpose will be laid before the House, and I ask for its early consideration."

The Governor congratulates the House on the zeal shown by the volunteers, and asks a vote of supplies for the necessary expenditures. He informs the House that the financial legislation of the last session has been attended with successful results. The revenue has been largely increased and trade extended.

In regard to confederation he says: "Circumstances afford an opportunity not only for the settlement of the question of provincial politics, but for the simultaneous creation of a new nationality. Preliminary negotiations were opened with the Governors of other Provinces, and the result was, the meeting at Quebec comprised delegates from all the Colonies; and with the sanction of the Crown, the conference arrived at the conclusion that a Federal Union was possible and desirable. The plan of a constitution for the proposed Union was embodied in a series of resolutions, which, with other papers relating to the subject, will be laid before the House. The general plan is cordially approved by the Imperial Government, and the Imperial sanction will be given." The Governor further says: "In commending this subject, the importance of which it is impossible to exaggerate, it now rests to decide whether this vast tract of country be consolidated into a State, combining within its area all the elements of national greatness, or whether the several provinces remain in their present fragmentary and isolated condition, powerless for mutual aid, and incapable of a proper share in the Imperial responsibility."

The House adjourned until Monday, when the consideration of the speech will be taken up.

Our Relations with Canada—Failure of a Produce-Dealer.

MONTREAL, Thursday, Jan. 19.

An influential meeting of the Church Society was held here last night. Dr. BALCH, Secretary of the House of Bishops of the United States, was present. Speeches were made by the Bishop of Montreal, Gen. WILLIAMS and J. BRYDGES, in reference to the relations between the two countries, all of the most friendly character.

It is reported to-day that a produce-dealer here failed for $700,000.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Review of Gen. Mott's Division—News of the Fall of Fort Fisher in the Army.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Tuesday, Jan. 17, 1865.

The Third Division of the Second Corps, commanded by Brevet Major-Gen. MOTT, was reviewed to-day by Gen. HUMPHREY. This is one of the largest divisions in the army, and there being no good ground in the vicinity on which to manœuvre the entire division, each brigade was reviewed separately.

The General expressed himself highly pleased with the appearance of the men and their evolutions.

The affair was one of the finest witnessed so far this season, and reflects the highest credit on the officers of the command.

Gen. HUMPHREY and those accompanying him were handsomely entertained at Gen. MOTT'S headquarters, after the review, where one of the best bands in the service discoursed some choice music.

The news of the fall of Fort Fisher reached here this forenoon, and being sent to the various corps headquarters and thence to the army, caused much rejoicing along the lines.

A salute was ordered to be fired at noon in honor of the glorious event, which was done on the right of the line.

No firing has occurred on any part of the line for several days, but the rebels seem busy moving from place to place, as though preparing for a change of some kind. W. D. McGREGOR.

Arrival of a Prize-Steamer.

BOSTON, Thursday, Jan. 19.

A United States prize-steamer, bound in, is below this port. She has two masts, and is painted white.

EDWARD EVERETT.

Honors to His Memory in Boston.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Jan. 18.

The call for a meeting of the citizens at Faneuil Hall, in honor of the memory of the late Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, brought together to-day an immense assemblage, composed of the prominent men of the city and State. The hall was elaborately dressed in mourning. The Mayor presided. Eulogies were delivered by Hon. CHARLES G. LORING, Hon. ROBERT C. WINTHROP, and Hon. Mr. BULLOCK, Speaker of the House.

The address of Mr. WINTHROP, who had been for thirty years a warm and intimate personal friend of the honored dead, was profoundly impressive. He referred to recent difference with the deceased on important public questions, and quoted the following words from a letter written to him by Mr. EVERETT the day when their difference was avowed: "I am not afraid we shall give each other cause of offence, and we shall not let others put us at variance." Here tears choked the utterance of Mr. WINTHROP.

Among the resolutions adopted was one appointing a committee of fifty to take measures to raise a statue in honor of Mr. EVERETT. It is understood that the proposed statue will be placed on the terrace in front of the State-house, near that of DANIEL WEBSTER.

The meeting recommended that places of business be closed at the hour of the funeral, which will be universally acceded to.

The meeting lasted over two hours.

The Massachusetts Senate, this afternoon, voted to go into an election for United States Senator on Friday, its former action having been reconsidered by a vote of 30 against 8.

The Funeral Obsequies in Boston Yesterday.

BOSTON, Thursday, Jan. 19.

The funeral of EDWARD EVERETT took place to-day in the First Church, services of a more private character having previously been held in the late residence of the deceased in Summer-street. The church was appropriately draped in the symbols of mourning. The remains were brought to the church at 12 o'clock, escorted by the Independent Cadets, the following gentlemen acting as pall-bearers: Hon. Emory Washburne, Ex-Governor of Massachusetts; F. W. Lincoln, Jr., Mayor of Boston; Thomas Hill, President of Harvard University; G. T. Bigelow, Chief Justice; George Ticknor, Trustee of the Public Library; Robert C. Winthrop, President of the Historical Society; C. G. Loring, Vice-President of the Union Club; Asa Gray, President of the Academy of Arts and Sciences; J. D. Graham, Colonel U. S. A.; Silas H. Stringham, Rear-Admiral U. S. N. The inscription upon the coffin, borne upon a solid silver plate, is as follows: "EDWARD EVERETT, born in Dorchester, Mass., the 11th of April, 1794; died in Boston, the 15th of January, 1865." Upon the casket a wreath of white flowers and evergreens were placed.

The services were simple and improvised, opening with the burial chant of the Episcopal service: "Teach me to know my days:" followed by the reading of appropriate passages from the Scriptures, and prayer by Rev. Dr. WALKER, President of Harvard College. Rev. RUFUS ELLIS then made an eloquent and touching address and prayer, after which the usual church service was read over the remains of the deceased, the exercises closing by singing the funeral anthem: "Their bodies are turned into dust, but their names live for evermore." The remains were conveyed to Mount Auburn. The burial procession was large and imposing. Two companies of volunteer cavalry, two of infantry, and a company of marines from the Navy-yard, acted as an escort.

Both branches of the Legislature met at 10 o'clock, adopted resolutions of respect to the memory of Mr. EVERETT, appointed a committee to attend the funeral, and adjourned.

Resolutions of Respect in the Maine Legislature.

AUGUSTA, Me., Wednesday, Jan. 18.

A joint committee of the Maine Legislature today reported a series of resolutions, eulogizing in eloquent terms the life and services of EDWARD EVERETT, and expressive of the public grief for his death. They were unanimously adopted, after which both Houses adjourned.

A Letter from Mr. Everett.

The following letter from EDWARD EVERETT to ROBERT BONNER, Esq., of the *Ledger*, contains passages of general interest now that he is no longer living:

BOSTON, Dec. 30, 1864.

MY DEAR ROBERT: Having been hard at work all day, I sit down by way of relaxation, late in the evening, to have a little chat with you. I am rejoiced to hear that the *Ledger* is doing as you say, "remarkably well." * * * * * * *

I do, I assure you, take great satisfaction in the thought, that, through your columns, I speak to so large an audience, and occasionally with good effect. What are four thousand persons in Fanuel Hall compared with the numbers who read the *Ledger*? I often receive letters of acknowledgement. * * *

With respect to the French mission, it has been occasionally mentioned *to* me, never *by* me: except at this moment, in writing to you. Unless our ministers, now abroad, are recalled, it is not likely that Massachusetts, which has now three full ministers, will be allowed to have another. Even if they should come home, there are other Massachusetts men who will do what I shall not—seek the place for themselves or friends. In fact I am very doubtful whether I should accept it, if offered to me. I have been ten years in Europe. I am in my 71st year. I don't want the salary. I refused, two years ago, to go abroad on a confidential mission *to all the leading Courts*, with leave to stay as long as I thought expedient in each capital; to have a secretary and an allowance equal to the highest salary. It is true I was not to have a regular commission; but I was to have a plenary credential from the President, and a letter from the Secretary of State to all the ministers of Foreign affairs. Having declined this, when *urged* upon me, you can judge whether I am very eager to go abroad, or very likely to solicit any office. I do not wish these things published now, but when I am gone you can affirm them on good authority. In the meantime, my moderation is not likely, on this occasion, to be put to the test; for there is not the least probability that the office will be offered me. * * *

Ever sincerely yours,
EDWARD EVERETT.

ROBERT BONNER, Esq.

The Second Annual Congress of the Fenian Brotherhood.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, Jan. 19.

The reports of the proceedings of the second annual Congress of the Fenian Brotherhood, now being held in this city, that have been made public, contain but little of interest.

The time, so far, has been occupied in the appointment of various business committees.

Mr. JOHN O'MAHONY, of New-York, was chosen President of the Congress.

The following gentlemen are the Vice-Presidents: Messrs. W. Moran, of Missouri; P. W. Dann, of Illinois; Capt. Buffalo, of New-York; M. Griffin, of Indiana; Mr. Dooly, of Massachusetts; and Mr. Bonner, of Kentucky.

Meetings are held every night, which are open to the public, and addresses delivered by the members of the order.

The audiences are very large and enthusiastic.

Honors to Maj.-Gen. Terry at Home.

HARTFORD, Conn., Thursday, Jan. 19.

The Mayor of this city has ordered a salute of one hundred guns to be fired in honor of Maj.-Gen. TERRY, who is a native of Hartford.

Explosion of Three Powder Mills.

HARTFORD, Conn., Thursday, Jan. 19.

Three powder mills belonging to the Hazard Powder Company at Burnside, four miles from this city, exploded this forenoon, killing two men and seriously injuring another.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Jan. 19.

THE ALBANY BRIDGE CASE.

The Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads have concluded to-day the hearing of testimony and arguments in the Albany bridge case, and will decide to-morrow upon their report.

THE DUTY ON PAPER.

A large delegation of paper manufacturers were before the Ways and Means Committee to-day, for the purpose of urging upon them not to repeal the duty on paper. They laid before the committee facts and statistics showing that it would be very injurious to their interests to repeal said tax.

THE TOBACCO TAX.

To-night the committee are hearing a large delegation of tobacco men, representing both the growers and manufacturers.

THE OLD CAPITOL PRISON INVESTIGATION.

To-morrow the House Military Committee will resume the investigation of the resolution to inquire into the cause of the incarceration of prisoners in the Old Capitol.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Jan. 19.

PROPOSED REVIVAL OF LAWS TO PREVENT SMUGGLING.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a letter to Hon. E. B. WASHBURN, Chairman of the House Committee on Commerce, says the numerous expedients resorted to, recently, to evade the custom laws and defraud the revenues, especially on our extended northern and northeastern frontiers, render additional legislation highly advisable. He submits the draft of a bill to revive part of the act of March 3, 1815, which expired by limitation in 1817, since which time there has existed no authority for searching carriages and other land vehicles, other than those crossing our borders. It is proposed to revive this authority, and to extend the provisions of the 68th section of the Collection Act of 1799, authorizing the searching of houses, &c., under proper judicial warrants, to inspectors. This is believed to be necessary, as many of the collection districts, are so large that the delay consequent upon procuring the special authority now required from collectors, naval officers or surgeons, for issuing out search-warrants to be executed at points remote from the port of entry, has frustrated the objects sought. The Secretary thinks it would add materially to the efficiency of the law if the vehicles and beasts of burden, with all that appertains to them, were subjected to forfeiture, as is provided by the bill. The other provisions, regarding the giving of testimony to officers and others interested in the forfeitures, are believed to be necessary to an efficient execution of the revenue law.

ATTORNEY'S FEES IN REVENUE CASES.

The Attorney's fees paid by the Commissioner of Customs from the appropriations for expenses attending the collection of revenue for the year ending with the 30th of June, 1863, amount to $16,468, and for the year ending with June 30, 1864, to $12,600. Among the fees are those paid in a revenue case to E. DELAFIELD SMITH, $14,865; G. P. LOWRY, $8,450. Comptroller R. W. TAYLOR makes a statement of fees paid from the appropriations for California claims, and expenses of the courts for the year ending Dec. 31, 1864, amounting to $37,800, of which $15,700 was paid to WM. M. EVARTS, counsel in prize cases.

RETURN OF A CAVALRY EXPEDITION.

The cavalry expedition of 500 men, consisting of detachments of the Eighth Illinois, under command of Col. CLENDENIN, and the Thirteenth and Sixteenth New-York, under Col. GANSEVOORT, which started from Prospect Hill, has returned, having scouted through Fairfax and Loudon Counties, as far up as Warrenton. They found no large bodies of rebels in arms, but brought in 52 horses and 11 prisoners. During Friday, Col. CLENDENIN, with his command, dashed into Leesburgh and captured a mail-carrier, with letters from men in ROSSER'S division of rebel cavalry, now stationed in the Shenandoah, to parties in Loudon County. In this expedition the Union troops did not lose a single man.

CONFIRMATIONS.

Yesterday the Senate confirmed the nomination of Gen. ALFRED H. TERRY, United States Volunteers, to be Brevet Major-General of Volunteers, for meritorious and distinguished services during the war, to date from Aug. 26 last, and to-day the Senate confirmed the nomination of the same officer as Brigadier-General in the regular army for recent gallant conduct.

Also PERKINS BASS to be United States Attorney for the Northern District of Illinois.

Arrival of a Prize—Disaster at Sea.

BOSTON, Thursday, Jan. 19.

The British prize-steamer *Julia*, from Charleston for Nassau, which was captured Dec. 23 by the United States steamer *Acacia*, arrived here to-day. She has a cargo of 500 bales of cotton.

The bark *Catherine White*, from Boston for Cow Bay, was totally wrecked on the night of the 17th inst., on the coast of Nova Scotia, and the following seamen were lost: JAMES WOOD, second mate; GEORGE W. GROVER, PETER McCANN and JOHN NEELY, all of Boston.

Terrible Railroad Accident.

A WHOLE TRAIN THROWN OFF THE TRACK—BETWEEN FORTY AND FIFTY PERSONS INJURED.

From the Chicago Tribune.

We are indebted to THOMAS S. DICKINSON, Esq., of this city, who was a passenger on the train, for the following details of a terrific accident which happened on the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad early Saturday morning. Mr. DICKINSON left Buffalo at 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon, and took a sleeping car at Cleveland at 8 o'clock in the evening. The train consisted of baggage car, four passenger coaches and two sleeping cars. He had fallen asleep, but about 1 o'clock, and when about four miles from Norwalk, was awakened by a succession of heavy thumps, and followed by a terrific crush. The sleeping car was turned upside down, and he found himself wedged between fragments of broken car furniture and unable to move. The car was in utter darkness for a few minutes, but soon took fire from the stove at the end. Every one in the car was caught in the fragments and unable to move. Outside parties, however, broke in the windows, extinguished the fires, and in process of time released all from the terrible situation. The entire train, which was going at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour, was thrown from the track by a broken rail and hurled down an embankment of some fifteen feet or more. The cars were a complete wreck. The running gear and furniture were completely shattered, and the frames of the cars were piled into one promiscuous heap. Those who were able, headed by the conductor, Mr. CLARK, and the sleeping-car conductor, Mr. WILLIAMS, immediately set themselves to work to rescue the unfortunate sufferers. Between forty and fifty persons were taken from the wreck, many of them horribly maimed, but miraculous to relate, when Mr. D. left only one person had died. Many had their legs and arms broken, and others were fearfully cut and bruised. The fact that the cars plunged into a snow bank is probably all that prevented one of the most terrible casualties in railroad history. Physicians were summoned from Norwalk, and everything was done to alleviate the sufferings of the victims.

During the confusion many of the passengers lost their clothing, watches and valuables. Mr. D. had previously observed two suspicious-looking personages on the train. He kept a vigilant watch over them, and upon arriving at Toledo went to the Mayor's office and obtained the services of two policemen and arrested them. Several coats, among them his own, watches and other valuables were found in their possession. They were at once brought before a Grand Jury and held for trial.

Considering the complete wreck to which the train was reduced, it seems almost miraculous that but one person was killed. The wounded, when Mr. DICKINSON left, were doing well. There were several persons from Chicago on board the train, but none of them were injured.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining Unclaimed in the New-York Post-office, Friday, Jan. 20, 1865.

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "*advertised letters*," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

☞ If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES' LIST.

A

Acker Francis Mrs—2
Adams Frank Mrs
Adams Sarah
Aldis Mary Mrs
Allison Ledia E
Allshouse Mary B
Allen Lillian M—2
Allen Amanda Mrs
Allen Ethan Mrs Col
Albin Kate
Allen Mary J Mrs
Andrews Elizabeth Mrs
Anderson Annie E Mrs
Anderson L Mrs
Arthur Leonora Mrs
Armstrong Eliza
Ashman Mrs
Atwater O A Mrs
Aubry Adelade
Avery Rachel Mrs
Azelein Maud

B

Baddner Henrietta Mrs
Bairan F
Bailey Helen S
Baker Caroline Mrs
Balohven Sarah
Baltimone P C
Ballantine Larau Mrs
Banniman Jane Mrs
Blanchard Minie
Black Miss
Blair Mary
Blake Maria E Mrs
Bradt B Mrs
Brady Catharine Mrs
Brady Annie
Brady Sarah
Brannan Mary
Bray Julia
Bray Annie
Bard Maggie Mrs
Barll Mrs
Barry Mary Mrs
Barton E H Mrs
Barrett A Mrs
Bailey Mrs
Barnett Madam
Bassel Lucy
Banks Angeline Mrs
Battel Margret
Brazile Elizabeth Mrs
Beatty Lilly Mary
Black Lucinda
Beach Julia Mrs
Beebe E M
Berschlag Maria F
Bell Mary Ann J Mrs
Bell Ida
Bell J B Mrs
Bennett Mrs, Grand street
Bennett Annie
Bennett Emma
Belshner Christina
Berton Mrs, 19th street
Berry Jane E
Blesson Bridget
Benson Mrs, 34th street
Benson A
Bergen Thomas Mrs
Berriman Bridget
Breiner Mary D Mrs
Brett Emily Mrs
Brees Helen M
Bihle Maria Anna
Bilford Margret—2
Birdsall Julia
Bishop Hattie S Mrs
Bishop Mary Mrs
Bixby Samuel M Mrs
Brinne Maria
Birine A
Briggs Mary Anna
Brown Leonard Z Mrs
Brown Mrs
Brown Mrs, 43d street
Brown Jane
Brown A
Brown Sallie
Brown Catharine
Brown Miss
Bond Margret Mrs
Booth William S Mrs
Boorman W B Mrs
Bosworth Kate
Boudwin A
Bowman Mrs
Boykin Eliza
Boyd John Mrs
Blonk Mary
Bowles Cecelia C
Brondean E
Boylin Mary Mrs
Brooks Eva
Brodshey Marie
Buckwell The Misses
Buchanan R S Mrs
Budworth Sarah L
Burell Anna Mrs
Burton Ellen Mrs
Bunk Lissie Mrs
Burtsell Miss, 32d street
Butt Mrs
Byrns Mary Mrs
Byrnes Ann Mrs
Bruce George Mrs
Bruce Mary E [illegible]
Byron Susan

C

Cadiz Mrs, Cedar-st
Cahalan Bridget Mrs
Caine Jane
Caldwell Maggie Mrs
Calhoun L J G Mrs
Campbell Margret Mrs
Campion Bridget
Canterbury Mrs, 38th-st
Chamberlin Jennie
Chambers Mary Mrs
Chappell Mary J
Crabb Sarah A Mrs
Carroll Catharine
Carroll Annie Mrs
Carrol Ellen
Carlton Victoria
Carr Ella
Carten Bella
Carter John Mrs
Cassdy Hattie S
Cassidy Maggie
Cossidy Jennie
Case Aurora Miss
Cavanaugh Mrs
Clark Susan Mrs
Clark Fannie A Mrs
Clark Mary S
Clark Nellie S J
Crauford Mrs, 3d-av
Crauford Mrs
Clanford Mary
Clany Ann
Cheever Miss
Chew Louisa Mrs
Cilm Betsey
Clifford Hellen
Cline Margret
Coffee Dora Mrs
Colwell Margret
Colwell Julia
Colbert Lissie
Collins Cath E
Colman M
Conklin F H
Coles S S Mrs
Conley Stephen Mrs
Conant Louie A
Conlisk Margret
Connery Cath
Connor Julia
Connor Mary A
Conors Mary Mrs
Constable Emma Mrs
Conway Annie Mrs
Conway Eliza Mrs
Conroy Margret
Connoly Jennie
Conrad Barbara
Cooney Alice
Clough Electa
Crocker Miss
Cooley Harriett Mrs
Coane Robert Mrs
Cook Francis C Mrs
Cook John E Mrs
Cooper Mary C S
Corning James Mrs
Corcoran Cath or Ester
Corcoran Mary
Costillo Cath
Cotman Elizabeth
Courtnay Mary Mrs
Coulon G H Mrs
Cox Sarah
Coyle Margaret Mrs
Closs Mary
Croke Annanette
Cronin Mary
Cronly H M Mrs
Cuddy Margret Mrs
Cudderly Lucy A
Cuddens Margret
Cummings Nellie
Cummings Bridget
Cummings David
Cunningham Mary
Cunningham Mrs Ellen
Cunningham Jane Mrs
Cunningham E Mrs
Cunningham Alice L
Curten Margt Mrs
Curtin Johannah
Cuyler Sarah

D

Darly Annie
Daly Johanna
Daniels Cath
Dana Myra A
Darson Hellen
Darrin Mary
Darling B F Mrs
Darling A S Mary
Darmair Elizabeth Mrs
Dawson Hester
Davis Mary M Mrs
Daves Sarah Jane Mrs
Davie W J Mrs
Day L
Detrees Adeline Mrs
Delulech Mrs, 17th-st
Drake Mary F
Denegal Mary
Derby Margre A
Desmond Joseph Mrs
Deveney Annie Mrs
Devane Mary
Devlin Cath
De Mont H M Mrs
De Siganeer J M Mrs
Dickerson Sarah
Dickson Cath Mrs
Diehl Amalia Mrs
Dillon Mary
Dillon Emma
Dimond Mary
Disbrow Ella Mrs
Driggs S Mrs
Dodge Moria Mrs
Done Martha A Mrs
Donnell Bridget
Donneily Marguerite L
Donagan Margret Mrs
Douling M
Dowling Mary
Downs Maggie
Dubois Chas Mrs
Ducel Ida
Duff Jane
Duffy Jane Elisie
Dunn Eliza
Dune Kate J Mrs
Dunne Kate T Mrs
Dutsen Sellie S
Drysdale Rosanna Mrs
Dunbar M J Mrs

E

Eagerton Anney
Edgerton Margaret Mrs
Edwards Elizabeth
Eidt Antonia Mrs
Ellis Chls Mrs
Ely P S Mrs
English Annie Mrs
English Min
Edwards Louise
Englehardt Theresa
Erben Wilhelmine—3
Erving Mrs
Erhard Amelia
Erner Mrs
Evans Honorine Mrs

F

Fagan Ann Mrs
Fagan Mrs, Water-st
Faivy Ellen
Faning Cath
Farrell Bridget
Farr Lizzie
Flager Ellen
Flanagan Cath
Flanegan Mary
Franklin Elizabeth J
Francis M Mrs
Francis Mrs, Cortlandt-st
Fegan Mrs
Fettner M Mrs
Feldman J Mrs
Ferguson Josie
Fletcher Julia P Mrs
Flershbein Marie
Freeland Jennie Mrs
Freeman George Mrs
French Emma
Fink Margaretha Mrs
Fisher Mary
Fisher B Mrs
Fusher Anna Mrs
Fisher Chls J B Mrs
Fisher D M Mrs
Fitzgearld E Mrs
Fitzpatrick Mary
Fitzpatrick Eliza
Fitzpatrick Mary
Friely Julia
Foley Margret Mrs
Folosa Elize Madame—2
Foody Mrs, E Broadway
Foot Maria Mrs
Forster Sophia Mrs
Fortune Mrs, 17th-st
Forbes Laura Mrs
Foster Ellen Mrs
Fox Margaret
Fox Honora
Foy Cath
Flowers Eliza
Flynn Margurite
Funul Amelia Madame
Furgerson E Mrs
Furling Mrs
Fulton Fannie

G

Gaffney Ann
Gray J A
Gaharan Ellen
Gallaher Mary
Gouser Gertrude
Goride Mary Ann Mrs
Garland Robt Mrs
Gartton Louise
Graham C C Mrs
Gringer Jenny
Geer E W Mrs
George Emma A P Mrs
Ghryhan Anna
Glenmore Cath
Glenan Mrs, 4th-st
Greely J
Greely Jane Mrs
Grey Alice
Green Kate
Green Margt Mrs
Green Cath
Green Anna A Mrs
Gill Mary E M Mrs
Girker Mary
Gilbert Martha Mrs
Gilbert A Mrs
Gillin Cath
Gibbs Imogene
Gilliland Amy E Mrs
Griswold Mary
Gilchrist Louisa Mrs
Griffin Ann
Goodwin Ela G C
Gorden Mollie A
Gould Julia
Gomila J L Mrs
Gobler Catrina
Gore Ann Mrs
Gottshall Theresia D Mrs
Grines Lizzie
Grogan Sarah Mrs
Guy Mary
Gruber E Mrs
Guilmore Miss
Gussman Antoni
Guthrie Marie

H

Hall Emeline Mrs
Hallenbeck Theodore Mrs
Hamilton Lizzie E
Hamilton Ella
Hamblin Mary
Hangsback Wm Mrs
Hannah Miss
Hannah Maggie C
Hanson Maria Mrs
Hanley Mary Ann
Hanratty Susan
Hapney Mary and Cath
Harris Augusta
Harris Lizzie L
Harttwein Hannah
Hargrove Caroline Mrs
Hartley Margret P Mrs
Hartwell John E Mrs
Harrison Margret
Harvey N S Mrs
Haslehan Cath D Mrs
Hanfenberg Martha Elizabeth
Hawes Susan
Hauly S A Mrs
Hayes Bridget
Haywood Laura
Hazzard Lydia E J
Bartson Abby
Haslett Maria Mrs
Henderson Margret
Henderson Mary W
Henderson Henoria
Herring Anna
Herrman F Mrs
Herford Matilda
Henly Cath Mrs
Heller Margret Mrs
Hill Martha J
Hill Cora
Hill Mary Mrs
Higby Frances C Mrs
Hight Mary A Mrs
Howard Martha
Howard M E
Howard Jennie
Howard Caroline Mrs
Howard Nellie
Hosack Pendleton Mrs
Hopkins Hattie
Hope J B Mrs
Horton Jane Mrs
Hotchkiss Alice M
Holt Philips
Hayne Caroline Mrs
Hogan Anastasia
Hobert Sarah M Mrs
Hookey Mrs, Allen-st
Horton Maggie Mrs
Hough C C Mrs
Hunter Nellie
Bull Francis Mrs
Humphrey Miss
Hudson Leo
Hudson Mrs
Hurd Louisa Mrs
Huddleston Cath Mrs
Hurley Bridget

I

Ivey Ellen Mrs
Irvine M A
Ives J H Mrs
Ingles Agnes Mrs

J

Jackson Sarah—2
Jackson Mary Mrs
Jackson Mary
James Henry R Mrs
James Maria Mrs
James Fannie
Jane Mary
Jenks Hannah Mrs
Jarvis Millicent
Jerome Martha Mrs
Jones Avonia
Johnson Fannie Mrs
Jones Hattie
Johnston Mrs, Mulberry-st
Johnson S Mrs
Johnston Amelia S
Johnson Emma Mrs
Johnston Mrs
Jolly Mrs, 32d-st
Josephs Leander Mrs
Joyce Ellen
Jhornthin Mary

K

Keach Anna R Mrs
Keeler Julia A Mrs
Kiefler B R Mrs
Karl Elizabeth Mrs
Keepers J A Mrs
Kelly Wm D Mrs
Kelly Maggie
Kent Almira Mrs
Kenny Jane
Kenny Margret
Kenny Mary Mrs
Kennedy Catherine Mrs
Kerrigan Sarah Mrs
Kerr Sarah
Keiller Mrs
Keyser Catharine Mrs
Keleen Mrs, Franklin-st
Knapp Julia Mrs
King Marie
King Emma
Kibbin A W Mrs
Kilborn Lucretia M Mrs
Kimberly E
Keely Bridget
Kline Louise Mrs
Knight Nellie
Korney Mary E
Kroll Mrs
Kuhnle Mary Mrs

L

Lamb Josephine
Lamont Sarah
Laude Ema
Lange Elizabeth
Larrell Julia
Laira Mary F
Lewis Maria Mrs
Leary Bridget
Leavitt Addie Mrs
Leonard Margt
Lester Ellen Mrs
Lewis Matilda C
Lewis Caroline Mrs
Leach Mary
Lehuray Mich Mrs
Leonard Susan
Lefter M
Lee Helen J
Lutz Bertha Mrs
Liepett Anna
Lidell Julia
Ligh Ann Maria
Living Libby
Little Jane Mrs
Linkin Mary
Lippitt J F Mrs
Linnart Nancy
Lindner Louisa
Loory A
Long C C Helen
Loder Ellen
Loy Mrs, 8th-av
Loyd Charlott M
Locke Louisa
Lucas Mary
Luikart Teresa
Lynch Anna M
Lyman Julia D Mrs

M

Maldeine Annett
Madden M M
Manning E B Mrs
Mackintosh E P Mrs
Magovern Mary
Manquen Cath Mrs
Malo Isabella Mrs
Mansion Mrs, 19th-st
Martin Mary Ann
Martin Eliza
Marrella Letetia Mrs
Marrney Cath
Martin Mary
Matheys V
Mason Ella
Mathews E Mrs
Maynard Kate
May Mary Mrs
Mathews Sera
Mathews Anna
Merrill Mary
Menin Hannah N
Merhl Louisa
Merret Anna
Miller Augusta
Miller Elleanor M
Micelsom Sarah
Miller Jane
Miller Cath Mrs
Mickel Christine
Miller M A Mrs
Minton G E Mrs
Mix Juliet A Mrs
Mitchell Mary
Mintura Sophia E
Mitchell Ann
Miller Penny
Moran Bridget
Morrell Eliza
Morand Julia
Moore H Mrs
Morse Georgia Mrs
Monahan Sarah
Moffat R Mrs
Moran Elen
Mocton A Mrs
Mortimer Jessie
Morisey Bridget Mrs
Moore Julia Mrs
Morrell L M
Moran A
Mock Cath
Monohan Mary
Morrow Mary
Morn Lebina
Morgan Ellen
Morris Cath E
Murphy Cath
Munn Jessie
Murphy Unadila
Murly Mrs Park S
Munger Sarah A
Mulbrin Miss
Muller Caroline
Mullorf Ellen
Murrey Wm Mrs
Muller Louisa
Murphy Maggie
Murray Margt
Mullany Ann
Mulgan Cath
Murphy Sarah
Murry S
Mullin, Thomas-st

N

Nolan Cath Mrs
Norton Hannah
Norton Mary T
Nichols Harriet
Nicholson Annie
Nicholson Honora
Nichols Lizzy
Newhouse Lissy
Newbrough J B Mrs
Neff Lillie J
Nugent Mary A

O

O'Brien Cath
O'Brien Elisa
O'Connoll Ellen
O'Connor Margt
O'Farrell Alice
O'Reilly Margt
O'Niel Sarah
O'Rourke Bridget Mrs
O'Shaughnessy Miss, 37th-st
Oliver Rosa Mrs
Olphine Emma M
Otto J Mrs
Oakes S Mrs
Orne John F Mrs

P

Paterson H Mrs
Packer Emaline
Pankers Caroline
Pratt Suzy E
Plat Maria E
Parker Margan
Parker Johana Mrs
Playfoot Della
Parker Louisa Mrs
Parham Mattie
Palmer Phebe
Parker Mary Mrs
Platt Sarah T
Penoyer Kate
Penner Mary H
Pelton John B
Peese Ellen
Peake Henry Mrs
Peterson Nellie E
Pendell Frances Mrs
Penny Allice
Perkins Elizabeth W
Prindeville Mary
Prince Mary M Mrs
Pizzaro Annette B Mrs
Pitman C R Mrs
Phillips Lizzy A
Powell Sarah Ann
Powell Mary O Mrs
Posthoff Emma
Ponther Annie
Pond Alice
Porch Elizabeth
Powell Mrs
Power Margt
Purnell Mary H
Purnont A B
Purcell Rebecca

Mc

McCloud Sallie
McConnell Susan
McCoy Ann F
McCleeland H Mrs
McCarty Mary
McBeth Rebecca B
McComb Adeline
McCarty Mary
McCann Emma
McCleery Elizabeth
McAlister Lizzie
McCormick Julia Mrs
McCaffery Eliza
McCabe Maria
McCarty Mary
McCormick Eliza
McCullough Eliza
McCabe Rose
McCarty Margt
McCaton Rosy
McDougal Ann
McDermott Margt
McGowen Margt
McDougal Ann
McGurk Kate
McGill Mary
McGuire Mary
McGlyn Margt
McEvan Mrs, Monroe-st
McEvens Margt
McKensie Sadie
McKering Hanora
McKernan Jane
McLear Kate
McLeary Elizabeth
McLaughlin Mary
McLane Charlotte
McMahon Rose
McMahon Kate
McNeale Mary E
McNamee Cath
McNamee Susan
McQuin Cath
McVey Bella

Q

Quinn Maggie

R

Ralph Maggie
Ratcliff Kate H
Rewin Mrs
Reyta Mary
Rerdon Mary
Remington Amelia J
Reling Magdalin
Reem Mary Ann
Reese Lucy J
Reilly Lettie
Rey Louisa M
Reilly Rose
Reymand Madam
Reynolds Elen
Riley Eliza
Riley Bridget
Rice Ann
Richards Fannie M
Richardson Sophia
Richie Margt
Rily Jane
Rice Lucy J
Riley Louisa
Rolph Cath Mrs
Roger Maria Louisa
Robert Richard Mrs
Robert Emma
Rocknell Cordelia C
Ross Isabell
Robertson Mrs
Ronband Rosina
Roach Mary
Roake Elizabeth
Roony Bridget
Robeson Elijah M
Rougers Jane
Russ Emma
Rustin Any
Russell Bridget
Russell Sophia J
Russell Mary Mrs
Ryerson Mrs, Oliver-st
Ryan Michl Mrs
Ryan Margt
Ryan R Mrs

S

Safford D B Mrs
Saint John L Mrs
Sahn Gertrude
Slade Sarah B
Samuels Amanda E
Saltzer F A Mrs
Shannon Anna
Swanner Rosamond
Shanley Mary
Samuels Maria
Shandly Ann
Stratton Medora
Shaw Mary
Sparks Mrs
Shaw L C Mrs
Steel Mary
Stearn Hattie
Stedman Elizabeth
Snell Ellen
Shea Johana
Sweet Emma C
Steadman Elizabeth
Shelly Josephine
Seiber Jane
Sherry Ellen
Sprague M L Mrs
Sheppard Ann E
Seymour J M Mrs
Seitzman Cath Mrs
Sterling Eliza
Sherman Mrs, Franklin-st
Smith, Centre st
Smith Kate
Smith Mrs, Mott-st
Smith Kate
Smith Cath
Smith Emma E
Smith Julia
Smith E M
Smith Isaac T Mrs
Smith Jane
Smith Rosina
Smith E J
Smith Kittie
Smith Emma
Smith Ann
Smith Cath
Smith Ellen C
Smith Josephine Mrs
Stinson Louisa
Smiley John F Mrs
Sinon Ellen
Smits Ella
Shields Ann M Mrs
Simpson Eliza
Siffkin Margretta
Stinson Mrs, Christie-st
Stokes J Mrs
Snodgrass Flora
Soron Kate Mrs
Shore Ellen
Stockwell Alvin
Scoby Jas Mrs
Solomon Mary
Southworth Mrs
Sloat Lydia F Mrs
Scott Mrs
Schonberg Josephine
Snow Emma
Scott Jennie
Sullivan Mary
Sunderland Lomace Mrs
Sullivan Mary
Sutfield Bertha F
Scully Mary
Sullivan C Mrs
Sturm Mary
Spurter Jennie E
Swaynie Louise
Schryer M G
Snyder Mrs, Ludlow-st
Squier W G
Sweetland Lizzie

T.

Talmage S W Mrs
Talbot A J
Trask Ann W
Tarpy Bridget
Thatcher Lizzy
Trask Harriet Mrs
Talor Adeline
Taylor E W Mrs
Taufer Elizabeth Mrs
Tabelle Rosana
Terhorst Madam
Tevis P A
Tefft Harriet A
Tinolt Mary
Tillman Emma
Trimbell Cath
Tyler S J
Tomas Caroline Mrs
Thompson Nellie
Thompson Kate
Thompson Isabel
Thompson Mary
Thompson Diana E
Thompson Frank
Thompson Nelly
Thompson Ann
Tuttle Lillie J
Tynan Mary
Tuel Hannah
Tully Mrs
Turner Mrs, 8th-av
Twombly Amanda R
Thorn Ellen
Thomas Wm A Mrs
Tompkins Ella L
Toole Mrs, 10th-st

V.

Vanhagan Ellen
Vancourt S A Mrs
Vance Charity Mrs
Valentine Jane R
Vanderhoff Sarah J
Van Trump J Mrs
Vincent Louise
Vanschovenhoven Vincent Lauretta
Vosher Nelly
Vanostrand Mrs

W.

Ward Emma
Walter Emaline A
Walsh Cath
Whaley Jane
Walsh Sarah
Walsh Cath
Walsh Margt
[illegible] Susan
[illegible] Hatty Mrs
[illegible] Cornelia B
Washington Martha Jane
Wall Mary
Wheeler Libbie
Wetjin Mary
Weeeler Sylvester P Mrs
Whelply Sarah Mrs
Welch Ann
Welsh Miss, Monroe-st
Wellmer Josephine
Wheaton J M Dr Mrs
Welar Jane
Webb Josephine
Williams Laura
Williams Jas L Mrs
Williams L C
Williams Miss, Howard-st
Williams Celia
Williams Mary
Williams Carrie
Wilson Matilda
Willis Sallie
Wilkins Dora Mrs
Wills Salna E
Wily Clinton Mrs
Wilkerson Coster Mrs
Whitfield Florence
Whitney Mary Frances
Winham Julia F
White Roda E Mrs
Wright Jane
Whitcher Bell
Witherell Sallie
Wood K Mrs
Wood Mary E
Wood Thos E Mrs
Wolcott N R
Woodrayge Diana Mrs
Wycoff Rosabella
Wollstencroft Mrs

Y.

Yager Elizabeth
Young A Mrs
Young M T

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A.

Adams Alden
Adams C
Adams R M
Adams S & J
Adams Thomas
Allen Chas E
Allen Darwis
Allen H E
Allen John
Allen Wm
Aal Bernard
Aarron Col
Abohlt D D
Abour Robt W
Abbott Jos W
Abbott John A
Abbott Jas L
Abbott S M
Abbott W S
Ackerson C G
Acome Mr
Aitkin Will
Altree E S
Almeida W H
Alden Rev J
Alden Jonathan
Alger R E
Almey Harry S
Aldrich H
Allson Edward
Alston A B
Alvord Rev J W
Allcot Mr
Ames Edwin
Amfler A J
Amfil John
Ameling J A
Amon & Co Wm
Amory Peter B
Anderson Mr
Anderson Albert
Anderson J R
Anderson Raymond
Anderson Robert
Anderson Benjamin F
Andrews Chas
Andrews H R
Anthony Maj R C
Armes J D
Archibald Lawrence
Arvill John
Arnold J F
Arnold Doct S
Armstrong Thos Reed
Avcort Mr
Arthur Samuel J
Ashman W N
Ashley F
Ashton John
Atkinson Alexander
Atkinson De John D
Atwood J E
Atwood Capt G E
Avery E
Avery S M
Ayrault George

B

Braby James H
Bach Thos
Black Peter
Bachelder Dr
Beackelt Cyril H
Bacon Chas E
Bacon Henry D
Backus Dr B P
Badgely J
Bradlee Mr Fred
Bradley John J
Bradley Moses
Bradley Peter
Bradly Goddon & Co
Bradford H L
Bradford & Renick
Bradbury Mr
Brady Owen
Brady Thos
Baer & Eoppler
Bailey E
Bailey Edward
Bailey Harry J
Bailey Appleton J
Bailey R G
Bailey & Co
Bainbridge Chas
Bainbridge & Co
Blaisdell H A
Bake Wm
Blake Clarence A
Blake D S
Blake Thos S
Bakeman Geo W
Baker Anson & Co
Baker G F & Curh
Baker J B
Baker John E
Baker Sylvanus
Baker S Frank
Baker S T & Co
Baker Wm A
Ball J & Co
Ball S B
Baldwin J L
Baldwin Harry Jun
Baldwin Maj Harry
Bamburger Bros
Banta Wm
Blanchard Bros
Blanchard & Co C & L
Blanchard Augus's
Banister W D
Bantz Dr Edward
Barnes E D
Barnard Prof F A P
Bardwell Henry L
Barrelle Oscar
Bartels H
Barden W F
Barber Joseph J
Barber James
Barker B M
Barker Geo F
Barry & Co Henry
Bassett & Albone
Batchelder B F
Baxter Edward W
Baxter H H
Bray George
Bray John J
Braynard F W
Baylis E
Beach E R
Beaker Jr C
Beany Jas
Beckman W
Becker J G
Becker & Co
Becmeyer H
Beebe Wm
Beer Henry
Bekher Lewis H
Beir John
Bell Mr
Bell George
Bell Wm
Brent & Son
Brennan Dr Geo M
Benjamin Geo W
Benedict Samuel
Brenvel F
Benerman & Wilson
Benner Thos & Co
Bennett E
Bennett Geo W
Bennett Jr J E
Bendit Col John E
Benson J T
Bergin Thos
Berry John
Berry J E
Berry R S
Brewer H & Co
Burne Capt James L
Brewster C R
Beyea Wright
Bible Daniel
Bickford Albert
Bridge Dygart & Arrell
Bridge Lord & Co
Bridgman L J
Bierek Jules
Bierstack Albert
Briggs C
Briggs G
Briggs Capt John H
Bright S
Brigham Capt E D
Brigham Thos J
Bigger Finley
Biglow W H
Biglow J W
Biglow L A
Bihin Joseph
Bill & Bros
Brill & Kume & Co
Brockway Eliphlet
Bodorne Jos R
Bogart John
Bohr Peter
Bolan John
Bon D B
Bonsell J A
Bondisk S H
Bronson Jas
Booss F
Booth Wm S
Boothly J L
Borde Philomene
Brown Capt
Brown A C
Brown Geo W
Brown Henry & Son
Brown Jacob
Brown James A
Brown Jas O
Brown John
Brown Moses
Brown Samuel & Son
Brown G & S
Brown Wm
Brown & Williams
Bross John J
Bostwick & Demot
Bottrell Wm
Bonden Alexander
Brougham John J
Boucke Denis
Bourke F G
Bourke John
Bourns Wm
Bewn Joseph
Bowen Samuel
Bowles Chas M
Blowers Hiram
Brower & Co
Boyd D W
Boyd John
Boyd John M
Boyden Albert L
Boyle C B
Boyle James A
Bruce Samuel A
Buckey George
Bowins John E
Bufle G
Bulkley Edward
Bukler Daniel
Burk Capt Jacob
Burns C B F
Burt E D
Burham G W
Burnhow J W
Burchard J H
Burnell Strong
Burrett D
Burkie John
Burlingham Henry
Burdock J C
Busel A & S
Bushnel C L
Bushon Charles
Butlar Chas K
Barker Henry
Barker Joseph
Barker S A
Barrett G R
Barrett Jas A
Barrett Harrison
Barnett W B
Bartlett Fred A K
Barney B Griffin
Barney George
Barton C A
Barlow Johny
Barlow Richard
Barrows Jas H
Barrows Willard
Barrows Bros
Barowsky & Co T H
Barnum Emery E
Barry Charles H
Brill Charles
Brians Thos
Binney J W
Birch Geo
Birnie Geo A
Bliss Dr
Bliss E L
Bliss H & Co
Bristol J D & Co
Bristol R C
Bishop Wilson & Baldwin
Britton Wm
Bixby Alfred
Bizzey James
Boardman Henry W
Brockman Capt J
Butler Geo
Butler John
Butler J C
Butler John W
Butler Martin Stanton
Butler W S
Butler Wm
Butler William
Butler Wm B
Butler Wm A & Co
Button Wm
Byrne Henry
Byrne Peter P
Bryan T E
Byerly Elwood
Byron William
Blythe John E

C

Chadwick C B
Chadwick L D
Cahill James
Craig S H
Cahn R
Callahan Pat
Calhoun P C
Champlain Thos S
Camel Saml
Cambell A
Campbell D
Cambell John
Cambell Joseph
Campbell Lawrence
Cambell Wm J
Chambers M S
Chamberlaine J A
Chamberlain M C
Cammerond N
Carmie J H
Crane & Brigham
Cantwell Michael
Clancie George
Clancie John
Canfield A W & Co
Chapman E H
Chapman Wm D
Cappels —
Chappell C P
Capen A T
Capen C
Capren W O
Carr David
Carr W T
Charles R P
Charles Salem
Card W L
Carnel Joseph
Carpenter B G
Carpenter Job
Carpenter John
Carpenter Joshua
Carter Rust & Co
Cawer Benj
Carey Hudson
Carey Martin
Carley Pat
Caney Thos
Carleveris H
Carmichiel John
Carnigan J J
Carrier John H
Carroll James
Carroll John C
Carson James
Carlton Geo
Clary John
Clark B
Clark Chas S
Clark Curtis
Clark Geo W
Clark Henry S
Clark Hiram
Clark H B
Clark Hosea B
Clark James
Clark James Hon
Clark J B & Co
Clark James M
Clark John H
Clark J P & Bro
Clark John R
Clark Oliver
Clark P T
Clark Ither
Clark R M
Clark R A
Clark S A
Clark Thomas
Clark W O
Clark Wm S
Clark R & Co
Clark, Hyde, Smith & Clark
Clark & Peck
Case P P
Casher Thos J
Carter Charles
Castollo John
Crate Moses
Canerly H B
Caveny M J
Cawley J F
Crawford Chas F
Crawford J F & Son
Cleare E
Cheeseman C L
Cheeseborough Col
Cheever B H
Chilsie N A
Clendinen A
Cheesburgh W R
Clifford Geo
Clifford James
Clifford Henry
Clirehugh John C
Christian B C
Cobb Chas G
Coburn Edw H
Cochrame Com Merchant
Codd Robert
Coddington Varnes
Croft A
Croffut G F
Cohn M
Cohn M
Cohn M
Cohn Lazeras
Crokatch Wm
Cole J C
Cole, Dyer & Pine
Coley Michiel
Collins Charles
Collins, Daniel & Co
Collins Isaac G
Collins W H
Colton Nathan
Colton Owen
Colburn M
Colby C D
Cramack F C
Combs John
Cone J C
Crondal A C
Conant A H
Conant James H
Connelly James
Conley C M
Comat Mons
Conlin Pat
Conklin Hon G
Conklin & C T H
Conklin Theodore H
Contriver James
Conner Hugh
Connors John
Connor W E
Conover C A
Conover & Ebagh
Conrow James C
Conrow Michial
Cook Chas E
Cook Frederick Dr
Cook Geo E
Cook John H
Cook M R
Cook J M
Crooks T R
Coollington W
Coons Phillip
Cooney M
Coope F P
Cornwall Geo
Corey Geo F
Corey Richard
Corlus Michiel
Cordington John
Corcoran Humphrey
Cross Pat
Chose S S
Croslon Richard
Crosbery John
Crosbery & Answorth
Catthrie A J
Cotten J
Croton W H T
Crowee John Pres
Crouch John & Geo
Crounse L L
Courtney Michiel
Covers John
Cowles W S
Cowles & Sase
Coward P D
Crowan T J
Cox John S
Cloy J F
Crufton Maj
Crump & Co
Cunningham Thos
Curran Michiel
Church Geo N
Churchal E S
Churchal W—2
Churchal, Beherne & Co
Curwin Henry
Curtis Frank
Curtis John
Cushman Holbrook
Clussman L H
Cuswell L D
Cutler H S
Cutler Iral
Cutting C H
Cuyler Glenn

D

Darley James
Drake Julius A
Dale Joshua
Dale Prof Wm P
Daly Daniel
Daly Joseph D
Daly Michael
Dammors Henry
Damon W
Dandley Isaiah D
Daniels G E
Daniels Lewis
Daniels Richard M
Draper G F
Draper Geo G
Darcie John
Darrow Capt John
Davenport C C
Davenport N C F
Davidson B
Davis Abraham
Davis A G
Davis C
Davis Geo H
Davis Wm
Davis & Co
Davy Jno
Dawson Joseph
Dawson William
Day Henry
Dayton Simon C
Deacon Thomas
Dealey Wm C
Dean D C
Dean George
Dearborn J W
Dearborn Brothers
Deary Michael
Deckes, Ehrhard & Co
De Cordera G
De Costa Rev B F
De Groff Lewis
Deigmann —, Essex-st
Beitrich Joseph C
Dela Haye F
Delahunt Pearse
Delaney John
Delap Augustan
Delu Vergne C B
Deltour William
Dempsey Anthony
Dennison D B
Dress E
Desmond Thomas
Devine H
Dexter Henry M
Dexter H C
Dexter James S
Dexter James E
Dibbles E R
Dibble Frank
Dibben Frank
Dickinson Geo N
Dickson O P
Dierckes Hermann
Diffindoffer Henry
Denuck W H & Co
Denger & Lougan
Dittman Philip
Divinity Thomas
Dixon Geo W
Dale Geo
Dolan Frank
Dolan Harry
Donovan David
Donovan Jerry
Donaghue Owen
Donaghue Jno
Donaghue Jno
Dooley Michael
Derrance John
Dernett Henry W
Dorne Peter
Doudican Peter
Douglass Alex B
Douglass Theodore F
Dougherty Michael
Doughty D W
Dow Moses A
Dows R
Dawsen E & Co
Dubois E
Dudley & Cowell
Duell & Co
Duffey Pat
Duffey Peter
Duganne Lieut-Col A
Duganne A J H
Duggan John
Dunsmer Saml R
Duncan John
Dunlap Moses
Dunning X J
Dunton Fred B
Durmady James
Duryie W B C
Dusty Frank
Durall E
Drysdale W

E

Eakin W L
Earl Dr
Eark Chas
Eaton Dr L
Ebling P & Bro
Eckerson Jacob
Edwards T
Edwards Wm Capt
Edselir & Frank
Edson George
Edson, Delano & Co
Edmonds W K
Ehrbacher A
Ehrich Jacob
Eland George
Elebert M
Eldridge Hon Chas A
Eldridge T R B
Elliott Ellsworth
Elliott Jno
Ellis T P
Elmore Michael
Ely R S
Emerson Edward
Eman H C
Emmerson J M & Co
Emelson S P & Co
Emery Cyms F
Enders Henrich
English J M
Epple Jacob
Erman Henry C
Evenswein P
Evans J
Everand G
Everett Rev N C
Everett Rev Thos T
Everett William
Everson Geo
Ewing Chas G
Eyne Henry S P

F

Fach L
Flagg Geo W
Fairman Col James
Fairman W G
Faircloth Boothroyd
Falconer David
Frame Enoch
Framer Henry
France Richard
Frank Eddie H
Frank Col Paul
Frank Brothers
Frank & Gans
Frankel & Phillips
Flannerly Edward
Fanning Elias K
Farraher Pat
Farrar Henry T
Farrell James
Farrell William K
Farley James
Farley Thomas
Farquhar David W
Fatti Philip
Faulke Theodore
Faulkner Dr L K
Fawdington James
Fragier William
Fredsam M J
Freeland Henry R
Freeman John
Freeman J H Jr
Freeman Wm T
Feinour Edward
Freer Alex
Fleischman Joseph
Felker J P
Fellon A
Fellows Geo W
Fellows J C
Frenche James
French John
Ferria A C
Ferris John D
Ferguson B L
Ferguson Frank
Ferguson & McEwin
Flett Adam
Fetter Henry
Fields Floril
Fields Hubbard
Fields H B
Friend Moses
Friend & Bacher
Flin Dave
Flinn J W
Finch F A
Finaghan Patrick
Finney Edward
Finton Wm
Fingiston Joseph
Fisk J Cartny & Co
Fisk B J
Fisher R L
Fisher M
Fisher Capt Thos N
Fisher W H
Fisher W L
Flitner Wm
Fitzgerald H
Fitzgerald Joseph
Fitzgerald Thomas
Follett Frederick
Foley Maurice
Folsom Drs L A & Co
Fontanes Jules & Co
Forbes Wm H
Ford Dr J A
Ford Timothy
Forshay Abram
Forrest James
Forrest Robert
Forrester & Lent
Frost Charles
Frost David
Foster C H
Foster Edward H
Fountain James G
Fowler Frank F
Fowler Richard
Fowler Wm M
Fox M
Foy Andrew
Foy Patrick
Fuller C A
Flynn C N

G

Grada Valentine
Guff James
Graff Capt S
Galliagher C
Gallway Henry N
Gallop George
Gramer C
Galwin Michael
Gammon J N
Grand Placide
Grainge Stephen
Graninger Robt
Gardner David A
Gardner L
Gardner Wm
Ganelt Jno E
Gairyus S
Grases Marks & Rutland
Gray Austin
Gray Geo
Gray H W
Gayger J T
Gebhard Ferdinand
Green John
Geer Geo W
Gleeson Michael
Glentworth Hamilton
Gherdt H D
Gest J H
Greves Dr J C
Gibney F H
Griffin Geo W
Griffin James
Griffin James C
Griffin J D
Griffin J D
Griffin William
Griffith Chas H
Griffith T M
Gills Desmond B
Giles W J
Gilman Chas F
Gilman G R
Gilken J C
Gillespie Lowie
Gilbert A
Gilbert H G
Gilbert Payson
Gilbert & Tuttle
Gilmore Robert A
Gilmore William
Gimes Patrick
Grinnell Daniel H
Griswold J M
Goddard & Ballard
Godfrey Chas S
Golden James
Goldsmith Jno A
Goldsmith Haber & Co
Galdsburg James
Goldy Wm
Good James
Goodell R E
Goodrich Wm
Goodwin J
Goodwin John
Googing A S
Groot P W
Gore Arthur
Gorman William
Gordon Bullitt
Gross Eugene
Gross George
Gottich Edward
Gourd Jno B
Gouzy Jules
Gorants M B
Glover Henry E
Glover Samuel
Guinney William
Gundengen George
Gunning Capt M C
Glynn Jno
Gwynne S, M D

H

Hadeka Jno T
Hagan Capt
Hager Charles N
Hayne Joseph
Hague Tom
Hale William
Hall Ambrose
Hall B C
Hall Jno F
Hall Morgan
Hall Benjamin B
Hall Robt B
Hall & Botsford
Hall & Ryon
Hallam S C E
Halleck A J
Hallett Theodore
Halley W A
Haley Martin
Halsey Gen R
Halsey & Co
Halliday A T
Hamer R W
Hamblen Walter B
Hamblen Col Jos E
Hamilton John
Hamilton John
Hans Charles
Haney Barney
Hanley M W
Hanning Thos
Hancock L M
Hansford C H
Hart John
Hart Theodore
Harman Chas D
Hartman E
Hartsfeld Frank & Co
Hartley T M
Harriage Earnest
Hardick Wm H
Hardie Charles
Hartwick Chas
Hascall Chas
Haskell Wm O
Hassenger Chas
Hastings Chas
Hasbrouck Alex
Hasty Gilbert
Hatch Capt Jno D
Havens W D
Hawes O F
Hawks Wm E
Hawley F A & Co
Hawkins J R
Hayes John
Hayes John
Hayes John W
Hayes L M
Hayes Lute M
Haynes Rev D C, D D
Haynes Geo
Headley Bryant
Heath A J
Heath S A & Co
Heathington Thos
Hedge Geo W
Heffieman Sol K
Heilbuth S
Heineker G & Palmore
Heisne Robert
Hellawell Henry
Hempstead Wm D
Henderson Daniel
Henderson Jno C H
Henderson L W
Hennessy Michael
Heney & Lyons
Hendrick Fredk
Henson H B
Herlen L
Herbley M A
Hesler C M
Hetzel Chr
Heurn Jerry A
Hoffman & Stewart
Hogg Jas
Hohlgruber Frank X
Holmes John
Holmes John B
Holmes Silas A
Holland Wm
Holliday Wm J
Holbrook & Wilson
Hollywood Dick
Hollywood Peter
Hopkins Charles
Hopkins Lyman
Hopkins T H
Horgan John
Horton Dr John
Horsford E H
Hosneager C G
Hotchkiss Wheelock
Houghton Geo A
Houseman S
Hovey Frank C
Howe E B
Howe J
Howe & Worthington
Howes A
Howard Arthur W
Howard John H
Howard Joseph C
Howard Joseph P
Hoyt Joseph
Hubbard Hon Jno H
Hudson Henry
Hudson N C
Hufner Adam
Hughs Bernard
Hughes C C
Hughes Walter
Hughes Wm H
Hull A J
Hartigan Denis
Harrihill P J
Harris Alex
Harris Geo A
Harris Jas R
Harris Lamar
Harris Minard
Harris Nathan
Harris Samuel
Harris V D
Harris Wm E
Harris & Perkhoeffer
Harrison —
Harrison Original Bazaar
Harrison Thos E
Harwood Elijah
Hardy E D
Harry R
Harty Wm
Hewitt A B
Hewitt Isaac L
Hicks F L
Hickey Thos
Higgins Chas
Higgins F C
Hill Thos J
Hills C S
Hillier R & Son
Hilton Smith
Hilbern J B
Hinchman Chas M
Hirsch J A
Hirschhorn H & Co
Hobbs G Fred
Hoch Lt Col A
Hodge Thos H
Hodder Ernest
Hodsdon W
Hoffman F S
Hoffman J
Hull Jno W
Hull Joseph
Hull Wm
Hulett D O
Humphrey Thos E
Hunter S V A
Hunter Wm M
Huntington Rev B S
Huntington Edwd J
Hurd Truman
Hurbert & Broths
Hurberman G
Huss John T
Hutchinson Mortimer
Hymes Bros & Co
Hyman Robt W
Hynes Alex
Hynes Michael

I

Ilsley Charles
Imner A
Imhorst Ferdinand
Ingraham John S
Ingersoll Josiah
Ingersoll Josiah
Ingersoll Field & Co
Ingles Jas
Iseman M
Isler Dr J
Irants Jarck, West Broadway

J

Jackson E
Jackson Dr Thomas
Jackson F L
Jackquin J
Jacobs Isaac
Jacobs Solomon B
Jacobs S L
Jacobsehn —, Forsyth-st
Jacoby H
James J B
James Paul
Jameson William
Jansen Geo
Jaques W L
Jaquish Theodore
Jay John C
Jeffreyes
Jeffrey Wm
Jeffrees William
Jefries & Lalanes
Jenks A S
Jenks Louis
Jenks F A
Jenkins Conway
Jenkins F R
Jenkins J B
Jenkins & Co
Jenming James
Jennings J W & Co
Jennings Thos J
Jennings Wm
Jennings Wheeler & Co
Jennisen C
Jerrey & Sons
Jewett Cornell
Jewett Gleason
Jewett Judson W
Jewett Wm C & Co
Johnson Chas
Johnson Chas D
Johnson E Everest
Johnson Fredk
Johnson Henry
Johnson Ja M
Johnson J T & Co
Johnson John E
Johnson & Hamilton
Jones Isaac or Wm
Johnston Thomas
Jones E, Dentist
Jones James
Jones Isaac W
Jones Gideon C
Jones Geo F
Jones Geo M
Jones Geo S
Jones Hon Geo W
Jones John, colored
Jones J Lester
Jones Leander
Jones Wm R
Jones Wm R
Jones G J
Jones Wm H
Jordan N S
Joy James
Joy Jacob S
Joyce A
Joyce A
Joyce Patrick
Joyce R
Judson Fredk R
Judson Samuel & Co
Jumps E
Jung Chas F
Jung K

K

Knapp A
Knapp Henry F
Knapp John B
Knapp O A
Karm William, Co G, 118 Regt O V
Karsch John
Kearnes T M F
Kean John
Keating James
Keegan Cornelius
Keller & Merriam
Keemen Andrew
Keenan & Bros
Keep Edward H
Klem —, care of Langer & Klem
Klem A Leonard & Co
Kerth J M
Keller Alexander
Kellum Geo T
Kelley Elnathan
Kelley Kendall W
Kelly James
Kelly Martin
Kelley & Keen
Kelsey Wm H
Kent Sofeley W
Kent B F
Kendall S A
Kenedy Wm T, Clinton-street
Kenilworth Joseph C
Kernan John
Kerney Thos
Keenan Thomas
Kennady Allen
Kenneday Patrick
Kenworthip Chas W
Keohan Michael, care Martin Power
Kerrigan Pat
Kern John
Ketcken Harry
Kiernan Francis
Knights J A & Co
Killen Richard
Kiley John
Kilinsky M
Kilbourne D W
Kimball Alfred H
Kimball Chas H
Kimball C W
Kimball C J
King & Con Rufus H
King N & Co
King Bernard & Carey
King & Bond
Kingland Oliver H
Kingsley Dr
Kingsley Wm H
Kline Henry H
Kinerar — Kinley
Kripe W, stonecutter
Kirkpatrick R J G
Kirberg H
Kirby Edgar, late Lieut 5th N Y Arty
Kittredge F O
Kohler Chas
Korn Joseph
Knox Wm
Kummer Rev Joseph
Kurtz Andrew
Kutler Nicholas, ave B

L

Lagrange Daniel
Lagger Joseph
Lam Josiah A
Lamb Enock
Lamb Rev James
Lamphere Solomon P
Lamont Major Wm H
Lang Jacob
Lange John H
Lanz P, Spring-st
Langan James
Lawden A K, Canal-st
La Selle Chas Fred
Laserus Abraham
Lassing Augustus
Lattimore Robert
Lathrope W J Jr
Law D S
Law Geo T
Lawless Sylvester
Lawrence Ed
Lawrence S
Layman Wm
Leddy Thomas
Lee James
Leeds George
Legupp Capt Chas W
Lemoine Henry
Leonard Samuel
Le Roy H
Leonard Saml & Son
Lestrange Joseph
Levi —
Levy B
Levy J J
Levy Mark
Lewin Adolph
Lewis Walter, Sullivan-st
Lewis S & Co
Libold Charles Wm
Libby R
Linnell Printis
Linfield W W
Link Chas
Linderman Franze
Lindley Jas L
Lingust, Norton & Co
Lion Broker
Lipps Harry C
Lisk John
Livingston E A
Livingston Guy
Lobus John
Lock John
Lockade Robert
Lockwood Fred E
Lockwood Geo W Jr
Lockwood I F
Lowenstein I
Lomelino A C
Long John V
Long J W
Long J W
Long Michael
Loofborrow H L
Lopus Mayer Rodriques
Lord Freeman E
Lord Wm A
Lovell & Firman
Lovett Charles E
Lovett J M
Lowe Wm Jr
Low Wm J
Lowers John L
Loyd E
Lloyd Edward
Luttringer Eugene
Ludwig Ludwig
Ludlow Col Wm H
Lufberry Geo T
Lufkin Charles
Luke & Warner
Lunsford John
Lignew Thomas or Mariana Sweeny
Lyman G L
Lynch Samuel
Lynch Thomas
Lyon J H
Lyster Edwd

M

Mack Henry
Mack Simon
Macdonel H M
McHugh Lewis
Mackay Donald
Mackay H & Co
Mackey Patrick
Mackintosh E P
Mac Lea Kenneth
Mac Mann P J
Maden John
Magher Patrick
Maguire Edward
Mahony John
Mahue Henry
Maley John
Mallon Charles
Mallony & Co
Malowney John
Malkums Anton
Mann Samuel
Mandel —
Mansergh Danl
Manley W R
Mansfield M B
Mannin, Marco & Brother
Manning Robert
Manion Bartly
Marks N
Marsh Luke
Marshall A
Marcan & Co
Marble G F
Markell C
Marett Henri
Marion James
Martin Dr
Martin Charles
Martin John
Marten J R & Co
Martin L
Martin L T
Martin T D
Marvin R S
Marron Owen
Marston Charles
Markum Wm
Mason Arthur
Mason Wallace
Mason W S
Mathes W J
Mathews —
Mathews De Witt
Mathews Henry A
Mathews Michael
Mathes Wm J
Mathes Jesse S
Maurice A B
Manson Lewis
Maxwell John
May —, Hotel May
May A
May E
May Lewis
Mayer Alex
Mayer Fric
Mayer Paul B
Meacham E L
Meachen —
Meakin W W
Melia James
Mears Chas E
Meeks Robert S
Mehon Christopher
Menil —, Greenwich-st
Melville Thomas
Melrose John
Menge Charles Th
Menck William
Merrick Danl E
Merrick Godfrey
Mervin Charles
Merriam Moses
Merriam S S
Merriman E R
Metzger Emil
Meyers G
Miller T, William-st
Millar I
Miller John
Miller Michael
Miller Dr Wm
Miller & Hopkins
Miller & Schulz
Miller, Tibbetts & Co
Mills J E
Miles B N
Miller Orchard
Miles W H
Milbank —
Milner Charles
Millett G F
Milton, Cushman & Co
Miner Joseph L
Minnick Jas
Mitchell Geo
Mitchell Geo A
Mitchell D H W
Mitchell James
Mitchell John I
Mitchell Minot
Moore Capt Calvin P
Moore John
Moore Saml C
Moore Willie J
Moor & Co
Morgan E B
Morgan Geo H
Morgan Henry
Morgan John E
Morgan Patt
Morgan Wade H
Morran Thos
Morland W A & Co
Morrell T H Books
Moreils Jos
Morey Ames C
Morley F A
Morris Edwin G
Morris H B
Morris Lewis G
Morris W H
Morrissey James
Morrison Alex
Morrison J
Morison W
Morton —
Morton J H
Morrow, Clayton & Co
Moses Edward Jr
Moses William B
Mosby C F
Mott G S
Moulton J V
Muir William T
Mullen Michael
Muller Wm Sr
Mulford D H
Munn —
Munson C
Munckton Thomas
Murray Chas H C
Murray I P
Murphy Daniel
Murphy Daniel, 6th-av
Murphy Rev E D
Murphy I
Murphy James
Murphy Joseph
Murphy M, 2d-av
Murphy Michael
Murphy Patrick
Murphy Thimothy
Musgrave, Morse & Co
Muzio E
Myren William
Myers Frank G
Myers Mordecai

Mc

McAdam Henry J
McAllister W J
McBride James
McCabe John
McCaran Rob't
McCarty Alexander
McCarthy David
McCauley J W
McClead Fred'k W
McClelland Andrew
McClintock Emory W
McConnell Thomas
McCurdy Alex
McCusker Patrick
McDermot Michael
McDermot Thomas
McDonald A
McDonald —Great Republic Saloon
McDonald Charles
McDonald G B
McDonald Jo S
McDougall S T
McGann Denis
McGrath John
McGregor John
McGeney Michael
McGunnty & Moran
McGough Henry, bricklayer
McGrover Jno
McGovern James
McHugh Martin
McIlliar John
McIntire Geo W
McKay Geo E
McKill Wm
McKensil Duke
McKeon Peter
McKeon R B, Allen-st
McKirnan Thomas
McLaughlin Thomas
McLellan Robert, Prisoner of war
McLinn J B
McLinden Chas
McLoskey Patk
McMahon John J
McMahon M C
McManns Patrick
McMahoe Patrick
McNaw Chas A
McNally Thomas
McNamell Patrick
McNarey John
McPhail James A
McRitchie Geo
McVeigh Mather
McVey Joseph

N

Napier James
Nelson James P
Nelson Thomas
Nevin Theo F
New J W
Newman Daniel J
Newell & Wickford
Newgent James
Newbery Lewis
Newton G
Nicolay Mathias
Nicholson & Clapp
Nisthu Andrew
Nolan Thomas
Noltemius H
Norton E E
Norton E G & Co
Norton James A
Norton & Co
Northrop A
Nowell N W
Nunnan Fred
Nutt Hassall
Nye John N

O

Oakley Albert
Oatman J C
Oatfield Francis
Odell L
Odell Thomas B
Ogden Morgan L
Oliver E
Oliver F A
Oliver Frank W
Oliver & Hickey
Olivers P B
Oppenheimer M
Oppenheimer & Co
Oppenheimer & Hermand
Orr Sample
Orwig & Co
Ormsby William
Ormsby William S
Ostram & Morse
Oscar & Co
Ostermorse N D
Osborn J W
Oughy Henry
Overell Wm D
Owen Henry C
Owens & Clark
O'Bryan John
O'Brien Licke
O'Brien Terance
O'Connol James
O'Connor Patrick
O'Donohue Michael
O'Hara Ed
O'Keefe John
O'Keefe John
O'Malley Dominick
O'Mallery E
O'Malley William
O'Mera John
O'Neil H
O'Neill Hugh
O'Neil James
O'Riley S & Son
O'Roark Jas
O'Rork William
O'Sullivan Michael

P

Packwood Joseph
Packwood R T, Dr
Page D W
Page Robert
Panohen A
Palmer J E
Palmer Loran
Palmer Miles L
Palmer S H
Parmalm W L
Parker Jno W
Parker Joel Rev
Parker Joseph
Parker Robert Capt
Parker & Whipples
Partridge T
Parsons L & Co
Parsons James K
Parkhurst W S
Plass J N
Parkusy Jacob
Pratt Miles
Pratt Wm Brothers
Peck Walter A
Peirce & Bacon
Pheland John
Penhallon Andrew J
Penfield Frank
Prentiss C C
Pennell H H & H N
Pemett Charles
Perkins John
Perkins J M
Perfan G O
Perry E B
Perry R J
Perry William
Perry Boby
Prescott Q S Rev
Prescott S J
Prestly Stephen
Peters Chas
Peters Milton J
Pettingall Luther D
Priestley James
Phillips Edwin Dr
Phillips H W
Phillips Louis C
Phillips Samuel
Phillips Sherm H
Prime Ezra C
Purdy Jacob
Pinkham Ira T
Pinkerton J
Pitman M B
Polap Mr
Pollock Rob & Co
Pool Chas W
Pope Alex
Porr William
Porter Geo W
Porter J A P
Porter John D, Jr
Porter N C
Porter S S Dr
Post J & W W
Pottle E B Rev
Potter E
Plater & Wilkins
Patersen & Walton
Patrick C H
Plater Henry T
Plater John S
Paulding Wm H
Pawgu W H & Co
Payson J W
Pease L C
Peyper E
Pratt Wm
Price N
Price Wm
Prichard Gilmore W
Pierce Frank
Pierson Chas A
Pierson J G
Powell Thos J
Power J
Powers John
Purday Chas M
Purwis Wm R
Putnam Avery D
Putnan Jos P
Phyfe Albert
Pryer Phenix

Q

Quackenbush Townsend & Co
Quilico F
Quinn John
Quinn William

R

Raats Geo R
Robinson Henry C
Ralston R S
Ramos Terwin
Ramos Jose D
Randall C H
Randall & Co
Rankin Robert G
Ransom Daniel
Rathbune Benjamin
Rawson Selas, or Dr Wm B Harris
Ray James D
Reardy Michale
Redmand & Co
Redmann John
Reed C A & Co
Reed James T
Reed & Clarke
Reelsy W J
Rheen W C
Reen David
Reese Geo B
Reese Thomas
Reid Edward
Reid Thos & Co
Reilly J P
Reig George
Rennards David E
Reuthen Phillip
Rey J Can
Reynolds Horace E
Rice Geo
Rice L E
Richards E S
Richards G W
Richards T Bailey
Richardson James
Richardson J R
Richardson William
Richardson Wm
Rickter Frank & Co
Richmond Frank
Rieper John
Riggs & Woodson
Rigolet Bernard
Ring John E
Rhinelander Wm C
Ringer Alexander
Ritter & Duncan
Ritter & Touner
Roach John
Roberts E M & Co
Roberts Geo
Roberts Geo
Roberts J L
Roberts S D
Robinson Edmund
Robertson A W
Robins Chas E
Robinson Albert D
Robinson Frank
Robinson J J
Rockwell E
Rode Edward
Rhodes Dan G
Rodge Sam
Rodgers Jas
Rodriques
Roe S
Roeth L
Rogan Jno B
Rogers R N
Rohan Jas
Rohnbeck Albert
Rolph & Sterry
Rollins Thornton
Rowan & Co
Rosebach O A
Rossa D B Lt Jno M D
Rosevelt Hen L
Ross M
Ross John
Ross Wm
Rose J M
Roseval E
Rosenthal S
Rosenfield Isaac
Rosefield Chas Col
Rosenburg J D
Rourke Patt
Rowe & Mackey
Rowe Homer W
Rowe W
Rowell A L
Royel Mykel
Royly James
Rudd Henry J
Rudolph T
Ruggles Ed
Russ W
Russell Chas
Russell C W
Russell Harvey
Russell W & C
Russell W S S
Russell Beach & Co
Ryan John
Ryerson Theo
Ryan T E

S

Sabin & Page
Slack Jno
Sackett Fred M
Stackpole Jno P
Slade Edwin
Scharfer A C
Sralran Michael
Salisbury Silas C
St Clair Harry
St John Newton
Small Chas E
Schwall Christopher
Sabashin M
Shaler Wm M D
Salter Moses
Staley S S
Salinger M
Salisbury Henry
Saulter & Ash
Stanley M E
Stanetinger M A
Standish Jno N
Stanton Thos C
Sanford Gilston
Sanford M F
Sanford M S
Sanford Wm
Sanford Wm H
Sanford & Deforest
Santos Carlos
Shamash Theo
Staples Geo W
Sharp P B
Sarner Ferdinand
Sargent Geo B
Sargent Ignatius
Starkweather Hen
Stater Frank
Sauer Julius
Saulnier Theo
Saunders Chas
Saunders E
Stanfield Sam
Shaw Horace & Co
Shaw R
Shay Mr
Sayre Henry
Shea Dan
Shea John J
Shea Timothy
Straml Edw
Sheardon Thomas
Seary John
Stearns Isaac
Sedwick & Welpley
Sherdon Pat
Sheehan Michael
Sheehan Thomas
Steele G R Capt
Steele Jas L
Seeling John
Seeley Prof
Sweenay S P
Sweet Ed
Schneider Hen
Striger Victor
Strinfeld S
Spelman B R & R L
Setchell Wm F
Spellissy Dennis
Seloc Adam W
Sheldon D L D Doct
Sheldon Hen
Skelly Timothy
Schuck Smith & Co
Sennate John
Spencer Chas T D
Spencer G F
Spencer Israel S
Spencer Wm
Suymth J T H
Shepard L A
Shepard W H C
Stein Jas & Co
Steinback C
Sheridan John F
Sherwin W F
Sherwood Mr
Sherwood Isaac
Schlessenger Lewis
Sessum N
Stetson Kendall & Co
Stevens Frank
Stevens Louis
Stevens Paxton W & Co
Stevens R S
Stevens Thaddius
Slevin Jas
Sewet Jno Michael
Steward A
Steward William
Steward Ed
Steward Fran E
Steward Jno
Steward & Bro
Seymour Geo N
Shields Wm
Sickles B
Shmidt Jno
Shmidt Wm
Shmidt Wm N & Co
Shmidt Brothers
Skiddy Capt Wm
Shields Mr
Spier Benno
Swift Jas T
Swift John L
Sprigs Wm
Still Jno & Co
Smiles Hrn
Snilling Andrew
Simmons Geo E
Simpson Andrew J
Simpson Geo
Simpson H C
Simpson Jno H
Simpson Wm B
Smith Barnard
Smith Charles
Smith Charles
Smith Charles T
Smith C W
Smith Daniel T
Smith E J
Smith F & Co
Smith F P
Smith Dr George Hana
Smith Dr H
Smith Henry
Smith Hugh
Smith H B
Smith H R
Smith I
Smith James
Smith John
Smith J A & Co
Smith Maurice J
Smith Patk
Smith Peter
Smith Robt
Smith S D & Co
Smith T W
Smith William
Smith William A
Smith W Y
Smith & Company
Smith Crane & Co
Smith Clark & Townsend
Smith & Sems
Smith & Tracy
Smith & Waster
Spring Marcus
Sinchanur Jos
Slingerland Geo W
Skinner John R M
Sinnott James
Sterling Alex
Sisson Isaac
Schmitt Stephen
Stoddard Col T B
Snodgrass Saml
Schroeder P Joseph
Stone E
Stone Jay L
Strong Henry
Spon Dr Wm D
Storer John H
Story Wm H H
Slosson B
Scott Prof Erastus A
Scott Frank
Scott George
Scott George S
Scott John
Scott Wm M
Sproul Oliver
Soule C Z & Co
Soule Wm
Stout & Co
Southworth James
Snow N & Co
Stow Chas E
Stuart John M
Stucken Ferdinand
Suckley Dr George
Schudder Rev Henry M
Squier Rev Miles P
Schultz Charles
Shultz J
Shultz Jos N
Sullivan Daniel
Summerfield Wm H
Stunpger Fredk
Sapp Dr
Sapple Wm R
Sturm George
Sturges Wm
Sturdivant Armistead B
Sturtevant George W
Schuyler ——
Schuyler John W
Styles D
Stryker Theodore T
Shryock J K

T

Taft J W
Thailer H
Trainer Dr Jos D
Tallon Jas
Talbot Rev Bishop
Tanmer George
Thacher & Hutchinson
Travers John
Travis J S
Travis Wm
Thayer Lockwood
Thayres Samuel
Taylor ——
Taylor A A
Taylor H M
Taylor John Robert
Taylor Matt
Taylor Hon Nelson
Treacy Thomas
Tease & Worcester
Treat Joseph
Tegloff Frank
Telkampf Dr Theo
Terhune Garrett P
Tesson & Co
Turksbury D W
Tice, Wing & Co
Tieness Geo B & Co
Tiernan John
Tilden J R & Co
Tilton H W
Timblin Wm M
Tinker Geo W
Tripp Morgan
Tisdale T G
Tristram Wm
Trisnard James
Todd Elliott W
Todd Robert
Thoms David
Thomas Albert
Thomas Frederick
Thomas Jerry P
Thomas John J
Thomas R G
Thomasson John
Tuomey John W
Thompson John J
Thompson E H
Tomson Wellington
Thompson Major
Thompson F J
Thompson R R
Thompson Frank J
Thompson Solomon
Toppan Charles
Thorne G W
Thorne Leonard C
Thorp Augustus A
Torrey Joseph
Thorndike S C F
Totten Dr G T
Towers Walter
Toverbridge Henry
Toverbridge Jno W
Toverbridge Wm
Tozar J H
Trumbull Thos
Truman Charles
Tunis Chas S
Tusk Adolph
Thurber Charles
Tanner & Trotten
Thurston W R Jr
Tuttle J S
Tyler Charles A
Tyler Edward M
Tryon & Co
Typton James

V

Vagani Peter F
Vath Joseph
Vega J
Vinour Henry
Viron Geo K
Vischke W
Vrooman H S
Voorhies & Garrison
Van Bell H
Van Buren Thos H
Van Clief Emanuel
Vanderburgh Geo
Van Deusen Walter R
Van Deusen F P
Van Nostrand & Co
Van Orden Franklin C & Co
Van Pitt Jacob J
Van Siledich H
Van Wyck L I

W

Wade Andrew J
Wade James
Wadsworth & Griffin
Wagner Gustave
Walsh John
Walsh John
Walsh M
Walsh Thos
Wallace Patrick
Wallace Wm H
Walker George
Walker J E
Walker Wm
Walker W I
Walker, Wise & Co
Walter J E
Watters Geo B
Walbridge D M
Waldron Geo B
Walton N W
Ward A S
Ward Heman
Ward J & Co
Ward James
Ward John
Wardevell W P & Co
Ware Chas V
Warren D W & Co
Warren Henry
Warren Wm
Warren W H
Washburn G F
Washburn John D
Washburn W B
Washburn W L & M B
Watts Capt Alex
Watt Dr A G
Waters Chas E & Co
Waters J M
Waterhouse E
Way, Palmer & Co
Webb Edward D
Webb John B
Webb Jno H & Co
Webber Jno N
Webb Wm O
Webb & Allen
Webster J H
Whedon Oscar C
Weifer Chas J
Wicks Charles
Wicks Carlos
Wheeler C E
Wheeler Frederic M
Wheeler G M
Wheeler John
Wheelwright, Mudge & Co
Weiley O
Wheelock & Walker
Weigley O
Wegley & Duvall
Wild Geo W
Wells E M
Welch E N
Welch Morris
Welch Squire L
Welsh Thomas
Wellington Geo H
Wemple E A
Wenzlawsky H
Wentworth George S
West Geo B
Werner M
Wermouth Wm
Werntz David
West Admiral
West Benj A
West John
West Thomas
Westphal Charles
Weston J W
Whetmore Dr Joseph
Wexell Dr E G
Wicker Edwin D L
Wright E L & Co
Wright George W
Wright Parke O
Wright W R
Wright Dr W R
Wight & Leevin
Wrigley James
Wild George
Wild Robert T
Willbank Chas P
Willard Wm
Wildnaner J
Wilder George
Wilhus F C
Willetts W J
Wilkies Thomas
Wilkinson J O
Willis Dr Francis T
Wilton Geo B
Wilbor John B
Wilcox T S
Williams A P
Williams B P & Co
Williams Col B R
Williams C B
Williams Edward
Williams Edward
Williams Francis
Williams F P
Williams F R
Williams Hugh P
Williams J D
Williams Isaac H
Williams James E
Williams Jefferson E
Williams John B
Williams J H
Williams Jos Mark
Williams L B & Co
Williams Mosely H
Williams Nathaniel
Williams R Armstia
Williams Silas
Wilson Charles A
Wilson Geo W
Wilson James
Wilson John
Wilson J T & Co
Wilson M W
Wilson S F
Wilson Stilman L
Wilson Wm R
Wilson & Cole
White Alex
White Ale
White C H & J N
White Geo W
White Jas E
White Milo E
White Niles
White Thomas
White William
White W W
White & Wright
Winchell J M
Winchester C & G C
Winder Wm H
Winslow Dr Edward H
Winsor Wm
Wirmeilt Thomas
Witt Joseph
Withman John
Whitwell S W
Whitney Jas H
Whitmore Francis
Whitmore Henry
Wohner John
Woll, D Morris & Co
Woff M A
Wolcott N K
Wolcott Noble K
Worm Wm
Wortman B
Worthing Evan
Wood John D
Word L & Bro
Word Wm
Word, Bates & Co
Words Wm
Woodruff H L D
Woodruff John G
Woodhouse S L
Woodhouse Wm John
Wyeth Julian

Y

Yard Rev R B
Yeats Jos W
Young Edmund K
Young John P
Young & Co

Z

Zoickel S
Zenovich Louis A
Zitzer Wm
Zorfith J H
Zumpf F

French, Spanish and Italian Letters.

1—Antecona Manuel
2—Antoncich Francesco
3—Batville Achille
4—Barret Charles
5—Beanbien ——
6—Bounlier Alfrede
7—Blouser, Mott-st
8—Bottero Guiseppe
9—Bouderghoery, Laurens-st
10—Buega Joaquin
11—Carri Victor
12—Castroy Rey Juan
13a—Castro Marcans
13b—Crepin Eugene
14—Casalis Felice
15—Chasse Francois
16—Coutaret Docteur
17—De Fraga Severiano
18—Delort A H
19—De la Barrera J M
20—De Saint Ange Capt
21—De Antonojini O Lugo
22—Del Monieri Constante
23—De St Maurice, Grand-st
24—Demero, au Noviciat des chers freres
25—De Gaalon le Comte
26—De Figueredo Augusto Bulbao
27—De St Maurice Sarah
28—De Quency Baron
29—Di Cesnola L P
30—Duprat Sosthene
31—Durand Carlos
32—Fabuello Pasquale Musicante
33—Fleuris Leopold
34—Ferriero Rogue
35—Fernandez Jose Lorenzo
36—Gaillard, Restaurant
37—Gautier Hippolyte
38—Guillemin Charles
39—Guillochin Eugene
40—Guichard Albert
41—Henri, West Broadway
42—Jungo Carlo
43—Licari Francesco
44—L'Hospital Henry
45—Malsieur L
46—Mathoznet ——
47—Macias Fernando S
48—Mayer Fric
49—Matile G A, Docteur en droit and Avocat
50—Manze Adolphe Professeur
51—Mill Francaise Madame
52—Montgomery p Adv Firin pere
53—Morgand Theodore, Editeur
54—Monteil Pedro
55—Mulinari Giovanna per rimette la Madelaine
56—Ortiz Pedro Pablo, Legacion de Chile
57—Pandolfini G Batta
58—Pratello T C
59—Philippi J D
60—Poiret Charles
61—Prudhome Capt L F
62—Queirolo Giacomo
63—Roussel Justin
64—Romero N, Ministro de Mexico
65—Robert ——
66—Roux—2 A
67—Rueda Genaro
68—Saluato Salvadore
69—Sanguinetti Guiseppe
70—Salgar Eustorsio
71—Soulain Josephine
72—Theuvenot Valentin
73—Trespaille Martin Bulanger
74—Trorsbetta Luca Letterio
75—Vannuchi Lorenso
76—Vencia Jose
77—Vigan Jos

SHIP LETTERS REMAINING IN NEW YORK POST-OFFICE, JAN. 20, 1865.

French, Italian and Spanish Ship Letters.

1—Arlechino, brigantino Franzio Paoilillo
2—Figlia Lessanara, nave Giovanni Alrovich
3—Gilberti, Bastimento Sanguinetti Guiseppe
4—La Vivoce, Bastimento Sante Rostori

Ships' Crews' List.

Agile brig
  Capt Smith
Alice schr
  Daniel Herriman
Armadillo schr
  Capt Thos Herriman
Artisan ship
  E Gorham
Atmosphere
  Andrew O'Donnell
Brazilian bark
  Major Mosher
Burnside ship
  John S Evitts
Cabot bark
  Jno McKenzie
C C Duncan ship
  Geo Cushing
Caduceus ship
  Josiah H McKenzie
Charles Adams brig
  Capt Malcom McDonald
C Carroll schr
  Wm H Hubbard
Crocus schr
  Capt Thos Watson
Commodore stmr
  Charles Wormsly
E H Futber schr
  Robert Dawson
E M Corning bark
  Geo H Nichols
Flying Fish schr
  Merrille H Reed
Gan Eden bark
  Louis Beaman
Gazelle sloop
  Lucius F Higgins
Geo M Smith schr
  Capt Jonas Smith
Harriet brig
  Edwin Lynes
Hattie S Bishop brig
  Chas A Britt
  John Metcalf
Hiawatha schr
  Alex Montieth
Jacob Kingsley schr
  Geo A Parsons
Jane J Southard
  Jno J Call
John Randolph schr
  Capt H B Martin
Joseph Hay schr
  Thos Brady
Kate brig
  James Ryan
Kate Prince brig
  Capt Henry Libby
Little Lizzie schr
  Capt Ensign Raymond
Lizzie Homan ship
  John Irvine
Luzon bark
  Capt Robinson
Marcus Hunter schr
  C W Ross
Mary brig
  Capt Joseph Parsons
Matilda A Lewis bark
  John MacEwan
Midnight ship
  Capt James E Crosby
Monterey schr
  Zebina H Blake
  E G Mowrey
N Berry schr
  E H Friend
Neva brig
  Capt E J Talbot
Nile ship
  E Burgess
North Star
  A G Jones
Oriental stmr
  J Powers
Pannic ship
  G Lewis
Rose Carrot
  Frank Joseph
Shawtemanc ship
  Capt Jno Higgins
  J Frank Higgins
Sunshine stmr
  Dominick White
Volunteer ship
  A J Simpson
W B Darling schr
  H Taylor
West Wind schr
  Edmund F Walton
Wild Hunter bark
  Wm Fitch
W P Phillips schr
  Capt Saml R Smith
White Sea schr
  Melvin Chute
Young Mechanic ship
  Otis A Eldridge

Navay List.

Adams Joseph P, Flag Ship Hartford
Badger Lt Commdr O C
Barker John, U S Nav Hosp
Barry Edward, U S S Vermont
Brown T Benton, U S Flag Sh Hartford
Brown Henry, U S Str Pembina
Bown Alfred B, U S Nav Sloop
Bulkley A A Payne, J Henry, U S Ship U Guard
Campbell, 2 Ensign George
Christophers Lane, U S Str Stettin
Crossman Capt Alexander
Devine John, U S Sh Sassacus
Doe Samuel H, U S Nav Hosp
Doile William, U S S Hartford
Dolbow Samuel B, U S Trans Chs Thomas
Fordon Garry, U S Rec Sh Vermont
Griffiths Oliver W, U S Str Hartford
Howard A Ensign Peter
Jordan Henry C, U S Str Narragansett
King Chief Eng, J W
Lamb Patrick, Fireman Str Kensington
Langley Act Master C F
McDonald Wm A, U S Gunb Sonoma
McGuire James, U S Str Vanderbilt
Olsen Andre, St Frigate Susquehanna
Slayton Henry, U S Gunb Pembina
Stockton Samuel, Barber Ship Hartford
Van Bylevelt W P, U S Iron Clad Dictator
Wai Hiram, U S Gunb Pembina
Williams Thos, U S Flag Sh Hartford
Woods Act Lt David C

Army List.

Captain 75th Co 2d Batt R V C
Burnside Maj-General A
Chappell Lt A S, Co H 13th N Y Arty
Collins Sergt L A, Co A 18th (or 11th)? U S C I
Davis Lt Marshall H
Day Col Hannibal
Dickerson Julius, Q M Sergt Co F 25th N Y Cav
Edgar Serg W F
Ernest George, Co G 17th Regt N Y V
Fitzgerald Capt E, A Q M
Fry Capt T W G, C S V
Gillmore Brig-Gen Q A
Johnson Wm, Co D 3d Vt Vols
Judge Patrick, Co B 1st Vet Res Corps
Laughlin Lt Jos, Co E 1st N Mexico Vols
Lawrence George F, 20th Reg
Ledlie Brig-Gen J H
Lynch Col James 77th N Y N G
Marvin Maj S E Payne
Marquis Ass Surg W V 28th Ky Inf
May Lt John Q 10th U S Inf
Mitchell Sergt David
McGriffin Lt Jas
Neal G Winslow, Co A 1st Reg Col. Cav
O'Connell Capt Jno 71st N Y Inf
Page Harry C, 24th N Y Batty
Palmer Capt W R
Perrington Wm E, Co G 1st Regt V R C
Reardon Collins, Co D 1st U S Cav
Redfield Lt J M, A A Q M
Rooney John, Co F 99th Regt S N G
Swift Lt Theo, A A Q M C U S Inf
Smith Col J Condont
Sullivan Michael
Tuerbolin Joseph, 77th Regt Co H N Y S N G
Van Wagner Levi
Vivian Herbert, 8th Conn Vols
Wittbank Capt W W
Woodruff Lt E G, 7th U S Inf

Miscellaneous.

American Farmer
American Knife Co
American Spring Bal Co
American Skirt Co
American Tea Tray Co
American Temperance Union
Atlas Mnfg Co
Atwater Sewing Machine Co
Atlantic Petroleum Co
Banner of Light Editor
Bay State Gold Mg Co
Bissell Oil Mang Co
Board of Trade President of
Brooklyn Petroleum Co
Central Mining Co
Children's Guide Publisher of
Coal Oil Circular & Gas Light Journal Editor
Continental Life Ins Co
Cosmopolitan Oil Co
De la Vergne Oil Manfg Co
Foreign Review Office of the
Gardner's Monthly Publisher of
Hermetical Barrel Co Treasurer of
Heydrich Oil Co
Home Evangelist
Jacobs Pat Wheel Dressing Machine Co
Lokan County Mining & Mfg Co of Virginia
Manhattan Culledge
Mechanic Institution Savings Bank
McClintock & Cornwall Oil Co
New-Haven Clock Co
New-York Cement Co
New-York Commercial Exchange
New-York Watch Co
New-York Weekly Review
North American Review
Panama & Star Herald Agent of
Racooon Coal Mining Co
Round Table The
Rubber Co. John-st
Sterling Pet Co
Shreve Farm Oil Co
Sonoma Quicksilver Mining Co Prest of
Union Skirt Mnfg Co
Walnut Bend Oil Co
Watson's Weekly Art Journal
Westmoreland Pet Co
Youth's Companion Publisher of

List of Letters Remaining at Station K, Manhattanville, Jan. 20, 1865.

LADIES' LIST.

Austin T F Mrs
Brown Mary Mrs
Finch Mrs
Malloy Kattie Miss
Mitchell Mrs
Pettus Belle Miss—2
Wynn Ellen

GENTLEMAN'S LIST.

Archer P H O—3
Anner A Peter—2
Armstrong John
Bailey W S Rev
Buttner H Wm Revd
Blinker Jno Capt
Burdick Perrin
Conaly Thos
Dodge H Peter
Ennes James
Flannigan Patrick
Goodwin H Wm
Hartman John Rev
Jarvis Wm
McCutcheon & Gibson
Meyer C V A
O'Riley James
Page John
Sands Elbert
Wied Christopher

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

THE GAS QUESTION.

Comptroller Brennan's Remonstrance to the Common Council.

THE OPENING OF THE BIDS POSTPONED.

At the last meeting of the Common Council a series of resolutions were adopted, providing that the existing contracts for lighting the streets of the city with gas shall be annulled and new contracts made. In accordance with the terms of the resolution, the Street Commissioner has advertised for tenders for lighting the city, and the proposals received were to have been opened yesterday, in the Street Commissioner's office. In the meantime Comptroller BRENNAN addressed a strong remonstrance to the Common Council on the subject, in which he characterizes the resolutions as a violation of the rights and interests of the city, and against public policy. The Comptroller considers the objections to the action of the Common Council *seriatim*. He says: "The first branch of the subject, that which relates to the right of the Corporation to annul a contract beneficial to the city, having several years to run, in order that another contract may be made, to the sacrifice of the interests of the city and for the benefit of the contractor, and practically on his own terms, without reserve or limit, relates to the Manhattan Gaslight Company, that being the only company with which the Corporation now has an outstanding contract. The other parts of the subject will be considered in their order."

The Comptroller then gives the history of the Manhattan Gas Company from its organization in 1830 with a capital of $500,000, now increased to $4,000,000, and states that in 1823 the Corporation made a contract with the company to light the city at an expense not exceeding $15 per lamp. On the 1st day of May, 1848, five years before the time fixed for the expiration of this contract, the Manhattan Company obtained another and a better contract from the city, virtually abrogating that then existing, by which the company contracted to light the streets of the city, from the same line at Grand and Canal streets, but limiting the northerly boundary to Forty-second-street from river to river, it having been found unprofitable to the company to be under an obligation to light the outer portions of the city, then sparsely occupied. This contract stipulated that the same price per lamp, $15 per annum, should be paid, but fixed the number of hours during which each lamp should be kept lighted at two thousand three hundred. The last-mentioned contract was to continue until the 12th day of May, 1868, and has three years to run from the 12th day of May next. On 31st day of December, 1853, the Common Council passed an ordinance which fixed the hours during which the gas should be kept burning—moonlight nights and others the same—by which the number of hours each lamp was to burn was increased to three thousand eight hundred per year. The Manhattan Company, under the carefully guarded provisions of their last mentioned contract, became thereby entitled to receive twenty-four dollars and eighty-seven cents for each lamp, instead of fifteen dollars, and have practically received twenty-five dollars for each lamp from that date to the present time. The operation of that ordinance of 1853 in the whole city was to increase the cost of lighting the same number of lamps one hundred and thirty-one thousand dollars in a single year, at that period of a comparatively limited number of burners.

In relation to the abrogation of the contract, the Comptroller says:

"The resolutions of the Common Council, without any consideration, cause or reason, for none is expressed or pretended to exist, surrenders and gives up to the company this obligation; proposes to forfeit all the benefits and advantages acquired by the contract, and which are to continue so long, and practically surrenders all the interests of the city to the company, authorizing it to charge such amounts as it shall choose, for there is no competition—there can be none—under the proposed arrangement. The company, for aught that appears to the contrary, or can be urged in opposition, may charge ten times or a hundred times as much as at present, and thus saddle the city with burdens and increase of taxation to a corresponding extent.

I certainly am at a loss to comprehend this kind of legislation. I do not think that I use very strong language, when I say that it is against public policy, and is a public wrong—that it is not dictated by that careful regard for the interests of the city which should influence our municipal rulers.

It is not according to the principles which govern individuals in their private transactions, for no man would surrender a fair and valid contract, beneficial to himself, simply in order to allow the other party to increase the prices, and bind himself to pay whatever that interested party should choose to demand. The resolutions were passed in the last days of the session without any reference or examination, and I must conclude that their character escaped the vigilance of the members of the Common Council."

As to the power of the Common Council in the matter, Mr. BRENNAN says: "After a contract is made, the law gives no further power to either branch of the City Government over it, except to see that it shall be performed. If the city cannot directly make an agreement, it certainly cannot contract that an obligation shall be canceled. So guarded are the provisions of the charter in respect to contracts that it is expressly declared that "*no additional allowance beyond the legal claim under any contract with the corporation shall be ever made.*"

The gas companies themselves, the Comptroller thinks, are not entitled to favor. He says: "How many other contracts are there not held by great moneyed corporations, but by private individuals, who are dissatisfied with their contracts, for regulating and grading streets, for building, and other of the innumerable objects of municipal contracts, in which the contractors would like to make better terms, and who could present strong equitable claims for being paid higher prices; and if they are all to be relieved on like liberal terms, where will be the limit of taxation.

How can the Common Council say to these men, we did this act of favor for a powerful gas monopoly, but we refuse it to you, a private individual?

If this were a mere matter of gratuity or gift, and to be considered on the grounds applicable to such benefits, I do not think that our gas companies present themselves in a light to demand any very large amount of favor at the hands or from the pockets of the people.

They are vast monopolies, having the exclusive control of the business of furnishing our people with a necessity; they have exacted and are exacting their own terms, and the complaints of the people have not been received with any great favor or liberality. The stockholders have reaped enormous gains, and the people have not prospered by any corresponding liberality from their virtual masters."

The Comptroller thinks that the corporation should for the future charge all gas companies an annual rent for the use of the streets, which they have a perfect right to do. In conclusion he says—"There are still other objections equally strong to my attending the opening of the bids for the new contracts, or taking any action to give them validity. The invitation of the Street Commissioner, issued in pursuance of the resolutions of the Common Council, which is annexed, divides the city into four districts, being practically the districts in which the New-York, the Manhattan, the Metropolitan, and the Harlem have exclusive possession. I do not find any authority for this division and formation of districts in the resolutions themselves. The practical effect of it will be, that neither company competing with the others, each will be at liberty to charge any sum whatsoever in its own district, no matter how exorbitant, and there will be no relief. Whereas, if the invitation included the whole city, there might be competition, each being at liberty to override the other, and necessarily there would be a struggle for the advantage. It is true inconvenience might be suffered while the pipes were being laid by a company not now in possession of certain districts; but I do not see how this inconvenience can be ultimately avoided without an absolute surrender of the city to the gas monopolies on their own terms.

In order that a proper estimate may be formed of the extent to which the burdens of the city may be increased under the proposed new contracts, I would state that the bids for lighting the public lamps for the year 1864, according to the existing arrangements, amounted to about $440,000."

The bids for lighting the city were advertised to be opened yesterday, but on enquiry at the Street Commissioner's office, the Chief Clerk stated that in consequence of the absence of the Comptroller, the opening of the bids had been postponed until 11 A. M. on Monday, the 23d instant.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Jan. 19, 1865.

Receipts of Produce since our last, 15 bbls. Ashes, 3,248 bbls. Flour, 231 bbls. and 2,654 bags Corn Meal, 2,848 bushels Corn, 8,104 bushels Oats, 80 bushels Rye, 1,259 bushels Malt, 87 bushels Barley, 3,036 packages Provisions, and 113 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Have been dull and nominal, at $12 for Pots, and $13@$13 25 for Pearls ₱ 100 lbs.

BARK—Has been quiet and nominal. The exports from Philadelphia of Quercitron Bark, for the past nine years, have been as follows:

1864	3,465	1859	2,165
1863	1,028	1858	1,817
1862	1,452	1857	3,482
1861	1,849	1856	2,374
1860	858		

COTTON—Has been held with more firmness, but has been less active. Middlings ranged from $1@$1 03 ₱ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been depressed, and has again declided 5c.@10c. ₱ bbl. Sales since our last amount to 7,400 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $9 55@$9 85; poor to choice Extra State at $9 90@$10 30, chiefly at $10@$10 15; Round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, at $10 90@$11 10 ₱ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$9 55	@$9 85
Extra State	9 90	@10 30
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 00	@12 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shp'g brands	10 90	@11 10
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	11 15	@13 00
Extra Genesee	10 35	@13 00
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	10 40	@15 00

Southern Flour is dull and drooping. Sales since our last 650 bbls., at $10 55@$11 80 for poor to good, and $11 85@$15 for good to choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is inactive and cheaper; sales 400 bbls. Extra, at $10@$12 25 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues in limited demand, including fine and superfine at $8 25@$9 25 ₱ bbl. Corn Meal has been very quiet, at $7 85@$7 95 for Jersey, and $8 75 for Caloric, and $9 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been very dull and quoted down, nominally, 2c.@3c., ₱ bushel. No sales of any moment transpired. Corn, Rye and Barley were inactive and nominal. Oats have bee quiet and heavy. We quote Western at $1 05½@$1 07; State $1 05; Canada, at $1 02 ₱ bushel.

HAY—North River continues in moderate demand at $1 40@$1 65 for Government and shipping, and $1 70@$1 85 for small lots for city use, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—New have been quiet, at 28c.@52½c., according to quality, the latter being an extreme rate, ₱ lb.

LEATHER—Has been less active and less buoyant.

NAVAL STORES—Have been lightly dealt in, including Spirits Turpentine, at $2 05@$2 10 ₱ gallon; Resin, at $24@$37 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar, domestic and foreign, at $5@$10 ₱ bbl.

OILS—Continue inactive, including Crude Whale at $1 47½@$1 50; Crude Sperm at $2 20@$2 25; Bleached Winter Whale, at $1 65@$1 70; Unbleached Sperm at $2 45@$2 50; Linseed at $1 62@$1 65; No. 1 Lard at $2 20@$2 25 ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been pretty freely purchased, but at much lower and very irregular prices. Sales, since our last, 7,500 bbls., in lots, at $40@$41 for New Mess; $39@$40, closing at $39@$50, regular, for 1863-4 Mess; $37 50@$38 for New Prime Mess; $33 50 for New Prime, ₱ bbl. Sales were also made of 2,500 bbls. 1863-4 Mess, seller and buyer's option, January, at $39 50@$40; 6,000 bbls. New Mess, January, February and March, seller's and buyer's options, part at $40 75@$42 50 ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are quiet, 17½c.@18½c. for Shoulders; 19c.@22½c. (the latter rate for choice bagged) for Hams; sales equal to 135 pkgs. Bacon is declining; sales 150 boxes, including Cumberland at 20½c.@21c., ₱ lb. Dressed Hogs are quiet at 16½c.@16¾c. for Western, and 16½c.@17c. for City, ₱ lb. Lard is cheaper; sales 1,300 tcs. and bbls., at 20c.@24c., the latter an extreme, ₱ lb. Beef is in request at $21@$24 50 for Extra Mess; $20@$22 for New Plain Mess; sales 350 bbls. Tierce Beef continues unchanged. Beef Hams have been inactive. Butter continues quiet, but firm, at 46c.@56c. for poor to choice, and 58c.@60c. for fancy State, and 36c.@48c. for Western, ₱ lb. Cheese continues inactive, yet held stiffly, at 15c.@24c. for poor to very choice, ₱ lb. The week's business in Butter and Cheese Messrs. M. W. STARIN & Co. review thus:

The market for Butter during the past week has been peculiar, and unsatisfactory to both buyers and sellers. Some heavy transactions have taken place for export to England and California, but the demand for export has been fitful and unsteady, with a wide divergence between buyer and seller in price. The stock of Butter of all grades now on the market is quite light for the season, while the receipts hardly keep pace with the demand. Our advices from the English market show an unusually light stock and small receipts, with a steady advance in rates. The demand for California continues fair. The markets in the Eastern States are bare of stock, with full prices ruling. Dealers and consumers of Butter for our home trade have bought very sparingly for the past month, and all classes of that trade are bare of stock. Therefore, if we admit the argument at present used by buyers to depress prices, that a large stock of Butter is still in the country, it is plain that it will be required to fill the wants of this market during the next two months, without calculating what the result may be if the stock is really short in the dairy districts. The market closes firmly at our quotations, but without activity.

Orange and Sussex Co. Dairies—firkins, ₱ lb.	.55	@60
Orange and Sussex Co—half firkin tubs, ₱ lb.	.60	@65
Fine State Dairies—firkins, ₱ lb.	.54	@56
Fair to Good State Dairies—firkins, ₱ lb.	.49	@52
Fine State—half firkin tubs, ₱ lb.	.54	@56
Fair to Good State—half firkin tubs, ₱ lb.	.50	@52
Fine State Dairies—Welch tubs, ₱ lb.	.51	@53
Fair to Good State Dairies—Welsh tubs, ₱ lb.	.48	@50
Fine Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, ₱ lb.	.50	@52
Fair to Good Penn. Dairies—firkins, ₱ lb.	.45	@48
Fine Western Reserve—firkins, ₱ lb.	.45	@48
Fine Wisconsin, Michigan, &c.—firkins, ₱ lb.	.42	@45
Fine Fresh New-York State—firkins, ₱ lb.	—	@56
Fine Fresh Canada—firkins, ₱ lb.	.42	@45
Ordinary Canada—firkins, ₱ lb.	.35	@37
Fair Ordinary Western—firkins, ₱ lb.	.35	@37
Common Western—firkins, ₱ lb.	.30	@34
Roll Butter, Fine State, ₱ lb.	—	@50
Roll Butter, Fine Western, ₱ lb.	—	@48

The market for cheese has been very quiet during the past week, without many transactions worthy of note. The stock of really good dairies of cheese now on the market is small, and such are firmly held. Our quotations are unchanged.

State Dairies—factory made—fine	22½	@24½
State Dairies—factory made—fair to good	21	@22
State Dairies—extra quality	22	@23½
State Dairies—fair to good	20	@21
Western Reserve—good to prime	17	@19
English Dairy—Eastern	23	@26
English Dairy—Western	20	@22
Pine-Apple	24	@28
Orange County—flat skimmed	14	@15

SALT—Has been in good demand, at full prices. Sales 5,500 bushels Turk's Island at 72c.; 10,000 bushels St. Kitts, to arrive, at 75c.; and 6,000 bushels St. Ubes at 65c. ₱ bushel.

SUGARS—Have been in moderate demand at buoyant prices. Sales since our last comprise 410 hhds. Cuba, at 19½c.@22c. ₱ lb., and 250 boxes Havana at 21c.@24½c. Refined continue in demand at 24½c.@28½c. ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Sales, to-day, reached 4,000 bbls., in lots, at $2 36@$2 38; also, 250 bbls., buyer's option, 30 days, at $2 40 ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 300 hhds. Tobacco, at 15s.; 28 casks Extract, at 7s. 6d.; 700 loads Oak Timber, on private terms; also, by steamer, 800 bales Cotton, at ⅜d., and 50 tons Provisions, at 25s.@35s. For London, 2,000 bbls. Oil Cake, at 1s. 4½d.; 50 tons Measurement Goods, at 15s., and 380 hhds. Tobacco, at 22s. 6d.@25s.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG LADY in a bakery or fancy goods store; good references given. Address S., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A LADY OF EDUCATION AND refinement, a situation as housekeeper in a widower's family; would teach young children the usual branches of an English education, music and French, if required; would make herself generally useful; reference to a family with whom she has resided for more than four years. Address S. E. C., Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO COOKING OR general housework by a neat, industrious girl, willing, capable and economical; is an excellent washer and ironer, trustworthy and respectful; best of references given; city or country. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION BY a highly respectable widow from the country; desires much to find a good position; knows how to work, and willing to do her best; highest references. Address Mrs. H., Box No. 163 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth; is an excellent seamstress and embroiderer. Call at No. 171 East 29th-st.

WANTED—WASHING, BY A WOMAN WHO thoroughly understands her business, at her own residence; the best of reference given. Call or address LAUNDRESS, No. 15 Mott-st., second floor, rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, who lost her child a week old, as wet nurse. Apply at No. 79 Gold-st., between Plymouth and Water, Brooklyn, at any hour. Mrs. MOLLOY.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands her business thoroughly; would assist in washing, if required. Can be seen at No. 195 1st-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL to do chamberwork and waiting in a private family; has the best of city reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 124 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A TIDY GIRL OF 14, A SITUAtion to mind children, attend on a lady, wait on table and make herself generally useful; good reference given. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SMART GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress. Apply between 9 and 12 o'clock at No. 12 Boorman-place, 33d st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook and laundress; best of reference. Call at No. 228 West 25th-st., top floor, front room.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a respectable single young man; he thoroughly understands the care and management of horses and carriages; has lived with first-class families in this city, and can give the best of reference. Can be seen with his last employer until employed, at No. 19 West 37th-st. City preferred.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a very respectable married man; can come highly recommended from his last employer. Can be seen at the private stable No. 222 East 9th-st., or by note to F. S., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE, sober and steady man, with unexceptionable reference, a situation as waiter in a family. Call at No. 64 West 18th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman, who understands his business well; has good city references; can be seen at any time. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PORTER, VEGEtable gardener, or coachman, by a young married man, Protestant. Has good reference. Address PORTER, Box No. 207 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, as porter in a store; understands coopering; is willing to make himself generally useful; references given if required. Address J. F., Box No. 194 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant man, with long city references. Address C. B., Box 215 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, AS FIRST CLERK in an insurance office in Wall-st.; one that writes a good hand, is familiar with the business, with making policies, posting, &c., preferred. Address FIRST CLERK, through the Post-office, stating salary expected, with real name and reference.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE AND seamstress, one who is qualified to take proper care of small children; to do ordinary family sewing and light work about house if requested; a kind and good disposition is absolutely necessary; no other need apply; good references will be required. Call at No. 633 7th-av.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN and correspondent, who understands the Spanish language and has a knowledge of drugs, for a desirable position in South America. Address, with name and reference, Box No. 1,557 Post-office.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO THE GENERAL housework of a private family; must be a good washer and ironer and come well recommended. Apply at No. 8 Barrow-st.

WANTED—BY A BANKING-HOUSE, A LAD OF about 16 years, to do out-of-door business; he must reside with his parents, and bring the best of reference of character. Apply by letter, stating salary expected, Box No. 5,325.

WANTED—A TIDY GIRL AS NURSE AND seamstress; must be kind to children and have good city reference. Apply between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at No. 149 East 14th-st.

WANTED—A BOY IN A BANKER'S OFFICE; salary first year $100. Address, in handwriting of applicant, Box No. 3,127 Post-office.

TRAVELING SALESMAN WANTED IN an old and long-established paint-house; the applicant must have experience, and bring the best of references; to such a person a liberal salary will be paid. Address J. W., Box No. 2,018 Post-office.

MARBLE MANTELS.

The best place in the city to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at

MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 324 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn, Long Island, N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, JAN. 20, IMMEDIately after the Marshal's sale, in front of store, No. 115 Pearl-st.

SEA-ISLAND COTTON.

16 bales prime sea-island cotton.
Samples now ready at the office.
At 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 12 East River,
FRESH MALAGA ORANGES AND LEMONS.
150 boxes fresh Malaga oranges.
870 boxes fresh Malaga lemons.
John Clemens' brand, landing at South Boston, from Malaga.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 1, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the storehouse of Francis E. Pinto, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, by order of R. Murray, Esq., United States Marshal,

THE CARGO OF THE PRIZE-SCHOONER MARY, consisting of

COTTON.

76 bales and 1 bag cotton.
1 bag sea island cotton.

TOBACCO.

49 cases tobacco, [P.] J. C. F.
1 bbl. turpentine.

Also, on board thereof, the prize-schooner MARY, her tackle, &c., &c.

The above-named vessel now lies at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

By virtue of orders of sale to me directed, by Hon. Thomas J. Boynton, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell, by public auction, on

TUESDAY, Jan. 24,
12 o'clock, noon,
from store No. 9 South William-st.,
CARGO OF PRIZE SCHOONER "SORT:"
4 bales UPLAND COTTON.
45 bales SEA ISLAND COTTON.
CARGO PRIZE STEAMER PEEP O'DAY.
11 bales SEA-ISLAND COTTON.

Catalogues and samples at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st., three days before sale.

THOS. W. CLAPP,
Deputy United States Marshal,
Southern District, Florida.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN R. R. COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1865.

This Company will hold their Twenty-fourth Regular Monthly Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of January, 1865, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the office of the Company, No. 35 William-st., at which time they will offer, by John H. Draper & Co., Auctioneers, TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND TONS OF FRESH MINED SCRANTON COAL, embracing all the usual sizes, and deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of February next.

The sale will be positive. Each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder; no bids, in any form whatever, being made for account of, or on behalf of the Company.

The terms and conditions will be the same as heretofore, and will be fully made known at time and place of sale.

JOHN BRISBIN, President.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

FRIDAY, JAN. 20, AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON, at storehouse No. 46 Commercial Wharf, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.

(By order Robert Murray, U. S. Marshal.)

The cargo of the prize steamer "EMMA HENRY," consisting of

COTTON:

582 bales cotton.
12 bags sea island cotton.

PROVISIONS:

3 kegs provisions, 1 barrel flour, 2 kegs rice.

The catalogues and samples are now ready at No. 115 Pearl-st.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.—By EDWARD SCHENCK, THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, at his salesroom, No. 60 Liberty-st., a large assortment of second-hand furniture, carpets and oil-cloths.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STEEL.—AS OUR STOCK OF ENGLISH STEEL must positively be sold before the 1st of May next, WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO MAKE SALES TO CONSUMERS AND OTHERS AT MUCH LESS THAN THE PRESENT COST OF IMPORTATION—which consists of Extra Best Cast Machinery, Blister Spring, &c. &c., equal to any make in this market, and WARRANTED.

D. LITTLEJOHN & CO., No. 24 Cliff-st.

USE PHELPS & RICHARDS'
BRONCHIAL PELLETS,

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore-throat, &c. Superior to Brown's Troches or any other Lozenge now prepared.

Ask for no other, take no other.

For sale by every druggist.

Manufacturer's depots, CONRAD FOX, No. 81 Barclay-st., and E. A. LOVJOY, No. 93 Fulton-st., wholesale druggists, New-York.

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

WATER POWER WANTED.

Parties having water power for sale or to rent will please furnish description of same to TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

WATER-POWERS FOR SALE.

TO CAPITALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.

We have lists of a great number of water-powers of both large and small capacity, some of them near this city. Persons in want of such property will find it to their interest to call.

Engineers skilled in making plans and estimates for buildings and machinery will be furnished when required. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, 170 Broadway.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.

AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

BEAUTIFUL CLEAN LINEN.—W. G. NIXEY'S Crystalized Extract of Fuller's Earth is the cheapest and best article for washing and beautifying linen, woolen, lace, lawn, muslin, &c.; possesses unequaled efficacy in removing grease, stains, and the smoke-like color of linen produced from bad washing, the excessive use of soda, lime, and other preparations of caustic alkali, and requires only to be tried to be appreciated.

May be obtained through any respectable tradesman. Sample packets, with full directions for use, price 1d. and 6d. No. 12 Soho-square, London.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1865.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE members of the Edward Everett Literary and Social Union, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The Omniscient in his infinite wisdom has removed from among us our worthy namesake and honorary associate, Edward Everett, whose marked gentlemanly bearing and profound literary abilities have placed him among the brightest stars in the galaxy of our literary escutcheon, and caused his name to be associated with all that is lofty and noble;

Resolved, That in sadly deploring the loss of one who has added so much to the cause of literature, and who was ever in the van when ennobling deeds were to be performed, we feel a sublime consolation that, when appearing in the presence-chamber of the Almighty, a just compensation will be meted out to him for the glorious manner with which he has fulfilled his mission while sojourning among us on this dim spot, called "Earth."

Resolved, That, as an organization, we will endeavor by an imitation of his acts to render ourselves worthy of the name we bear and which has been transmitted by him to generations pure and holy.

Resolved, That in commemoration of this august event we decorate our meeting-rooms with the usual mourning costume for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the relatives of the deceased.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be printed in the Boston and New-York papers.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered on the record of our society.

H. BERLIUER, President.

ASHER B. FOX, Secretary.

JACOB S. KIMMELSTIEL,
ISAAC MUSLIUER,
EMANUEL RODACHER,
M. T. MICHAELSON,
LEOPOLD STARK,
Committee on Resolutions.

Boston papers please copy.

CLARK'S PATENT INDELIBLE PENCIL —Improved for marking clothing; warranted superior to inks or stencil plate. Sold by E. Faber, Cutter & Towen, and at No. 78 John-st., No. 18 Beekman-st., No. 83 Nassau-st., and everywhere.

SLOTE & JANES,
Stationers, Printers and Blank-Book Dealers,
No. 93 Fulton-st.
Orders respectfully solicited.

SHODDY—SHODDY—SHODDY.—10,000 TO 12,000 pounds new dark blue flannel and kersey clippings for sale, at 55 cents per pound. A. P. HARD, No. 44 Beekman-st.

HENRY HILTON, ATTORNEY AND Counsellor at Law, late Judge of New-York Common Pleas, has resumed the general practice of his profession. Office, No. 262 Broadway, corner Warren-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.—A LARGE STOCK ALways on hand at lower prices that at any other establishment in the city. H. KLABER'S Mantel Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Cut this out.

EMPTY QUICKSILVER FLASKS WANTed and highest cash price paid for same by WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., No. 70 Wall-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE NEW BALLAD, "SUNSET,"
BY STEPHEN MASSETT,
IS
The Greatest Hit of the Season!!!
WM. HALL & SONS, No. 543 Broadway, Publishers.

TO POSTMASTERS AND CANVASSING AGENTS.—The Publisher of the *Working Farmer* offers $1050 Cash Premiums to those who form clubs for this excellent agricultural and household journal. Supplement, containing terms, &c., sent on application to WILLIAM L. ALLISON, No. 124 Nassau-st., New-York.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF VERMONT, RUTLAND, SS. IN CHANCERY.—Aaron W. Spencer, Nathaniel C. Sawyer, Daniel D. Brodhead, Franklin J. Pratt, Frederick Chaffee and Jacob Egerton, Complainants, vs. James Cheever, William T. Hart, Jacob Edwards, Jr., John S. Farlow, Joseph M. Wightman, Dwight Foster, George C. Lord, William Thomas, J. Amory Davis, and the Rutland and Burlington Railroad Company, Defendants.

Whereas, Aaron W. Spencer, Nathaniel C. Sawyer, and Daniel D. Broadhead, of Boston, in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Franklin J. Pratt, of the City, County and State of New-York, Frederick Chaffee and Jacob Egerton, of Rutland, in the County of Rutland and State of Vermont, did, on the 18th day of November, A. D., 1864, file their bill of complaint, on behalf of themselves as holders and owners of the notes or obligations, secured by the first mortgage, so called, of the Rutland and Burlington Railroad Company, and the modification thereof, and of all others the holders and owners of any of the said notes or obligations, in the Court of Chancery within and for the said County of Rutland, setting forth in substance the charter and organization of the Rutland and Burlington Railroad Company; the construction by the said company of said railroad and equipment thereof; that the same has been completed and is now in operation under and according to said charter, from Rutland to Bellows Falls, in the State of Vermont, and that the said corporation, in locating and constructing said railroad, incurred large debts and expenditures, and thereby became involved in pecuniary embarrassments;

And further setting forth the issuing by said company for the purpose of building and furnishing said railroad, and paying the debts thereof, the bonds of said company to the amount of one million eight hundred thousand dollars in the aggregate, in sums of one thousand five hundred dollars each, dated the 1st day of February, A. D. 1851, payable in twelve years from the date thereof, and interest at the rate of seven per centum per annum, payable semi-annually; the authorizing of, and execution by, the said company, of a mortgage, so called, of said railroad, bearing date the 1st day of February, A. D. 1851, to secure the payment of said bonds and the interest thereon, to Franklin Haven and Samuel Hooper, of Boston, trustees of the holders of said bonds, commonly called the first mortgage, and setting forth the provisions, conditions and provisos in said instrument contained, in detail;

And further setting forth the modification of said mortgage subsequently authorized and made by said company, and the issuing of bonds thereunder, parcel of said aggregate sum of one million eight hundred thousand dollars; that the bonds so issued, now held by the orators and those in whose behalf they complain, are due and unpaid, with the interest thereon in arrear, since the 1st day of February, A. D. 1854;

And further setting forth the authorization and issuing by the said company, on or about the 1st day of August, A. D. 1853, of the second mortgage, so-called, of said railroad, rights and property, to Samuel Henshaw and J. Thomas Stevenson, of Boston, in mortgage and in trust for the security of the payment of the bonds of said corporation, bearing date the 1st day of August, A. D. 1853, to an amount not exceeding twelve hundred thousand dollars, now held and owned by divers persons; the execution by the said company on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1863, to said J. Thomas Stevenson and Samuel Henshaw, as such trustees of a deed of surrender of all the property conveyed by said second deed of mortgage in trust for the uses and purposes in said second mortgage declared, and the acceptance by said Stevenson and Henshaw of said surrender and the taking of possession of said railroad and property thereunder;

And further setting forth that afterward, the title and interest of Henshaw and Stevenson, Trustees, as aforesaid, came by appointment to David A. Smalley and Ephraim A. Chapin, and that said Smalley and Chapin were legal Trustees, and in the possession and management of said railroad, from the 12th day of March, 1863, to the 10th day of July, 1863; that said Smalley and Chapin were succeeded by John W. Stewart and E. A. Birchard; and that E. A. Birchard and John B. Page are now the legal Trustees, and in the possession and have the management of said railroad, as Trustees of the second mortgage bondholders;

And further setting forth that the said Franklin Haven and Samuel Hooper, on the 13th day of March, 1853, ceased to act as trustees under said first mortgage, and that James Cheever and William T. Hart, of Boston, now claim to be the legal trustees under said mortgage, by due and legal appointment; and are now acting as such trustees, and claim to represent the owners of the bonds secured by said first mortgage;

And further setting forth, that nevertheless the said Cheever and Hart are not legally appointed trustees, under said first mortgage; that they have never been duly appointed as such Trustees in the manner prescribed in said instrument called the first mortgage; that their claim to act is unfounded in law and equity, false and fictitious; and that they are unfit and incompetent to act, or to be appointed to act, as such Trustees;

And further setting forth that the said Cheever and Hart well knowing that they were not the legally appointed trustees as aforesaid, and that they had no authority to act as such, with the fraudulent intent to obtain some kind of pretended confirmation of their pretended claim to act as such trustees by invoking the Court of Chancery in that behalf, without the request or the knowledge of the orators or of any considerable portion of the holders and owners of the bonds secured by said first mortgage, and while a certain bill or complaint in their behalf was pending in said Rutland County, in which they prayed to be placed in possession of said railroad and property, in utter disregard of the legal and equitable rights of the orators and the other holders and owners of said bonds, and with the intent to conceal all knowledge of such their fraudulent proceeding from the orator, and the majority of the bona fide holders of said bonds, secretly and surreptitiously went out of said Rutland County, where their said bill of complaint was pending, and where the Court of Chancery was holding and exercising full jurisdiction over said trust property, and preferred their petition to Hon. James Barrett, Chancellor, out of regular term, and in vacation, sitting within and for the county of Windham, at the office of one of the Solicitors for said Cheever and Hart, therein praying for reasons set forth in said petition to have their said pretended authority to act as such trustees confirmed by the order and decree of said Chancellor; and that they, the said Cheever and Hart, fraudulently procured such order and decree to be made by said Chancellor without notice to the orators, or to the vast majority of the bona fide holders and owners of said bonds; notice in fact being given only to Jacob Edwards, Jr., Dwight Foster, George C. Lord, John S. Farlow, J. Amory Davis and William Thomas, they being designated by said Chancellor as fit and proper persons to represent the whole class of bondholders, upon the motion of the Solicitor of said Cheever and Hart;

And further setting forth that said Edwards, Foster, Lord, Farlow, Davis and Thomas, having obtained some of said bonds for the purpose of speculation, prior to the making and preferring said petition had entered into a fraudulent combination with said Cheever and Hart to procure the possession and make disposition of the property covered by said first mortgage, for their own benefit, in fraud of the rights of the orators, and the majority of the bona fide holders and owners of said bonds, which fact was wholly unknown and fraudulently concealed from the Chancellor who made said order, and that so the said Edwards, Foster, Lord, Farlow, Davis and Thomas, by reason thereof, were unfit and unsuitable persons to represent the interests of the bondholders under said mortgage;

And further setting forth and averring that said petition and all the proceedings under the same, were without the warrant of any law or right whatever, illegal, fraudulent and void; and that the said pretended appointment by confirmation of said Chancellor is wholly nugatory and void, and confers upon the said Cheever and Hart no power, authority, or right, to hold, or act in, the said office of trustees.

And further setting forth, that at some time prior to preferring said petition, the said Cheever and Hart, fraudulently combining with said Edwards, Farlow, Wightman, Foster, Lord, Thomas and Davis, conceived the design and purpose of procuring the possession of the said railroad and property mentioned in and conveyed by said first mortgage, with the fraudulent intent to have the same sold, and to become themselves the purchasers thereof, for some small sum, much less than the real value thereof; and in furtherance of such intent, that the said Cheever and Hart procured themselves fraudulently to be appointed trustees as aforesaid, and fraudulently procured the said Haven and Hooper, who are the legal trustees under said first mortgage, to be discharged, and some pretended conveyance of said property to be made to them, the said Cheever and Hart;

And further setting forth that the said Cheever and Hart, in furtherance of the said corrupt intent and purpose, and combining with said Edwards, Farlow, Wightman, Foster, Lord, Thomas and Davis, applied to the said David A. Smalley, while he was the legal trustee under the said second mortgage, and made a fraudulent and corrupt bargain with him, that he, the said David A. Smalley, should aid them, the said Cheever and Hart, by all means in his power, to obtain the possession of the said railroad property, mentioned in and conveyed by said first mortgage, and then in the possession of said Smalley and Chapin, and that they, the said Cheever and Hart, should pay said Smalley out of said trust fund, when they, the said Cheever and Hart, should obtain possession of the same, a large sum of money, which the orators aver to be one hundred thousand dollars, together with other large sums of money expected to be realized, to the great injury of the orators and the other holders and owners of the said bonds secured by said first mortgage;

And further setting forth that the said Cheever and Hart, in furtherance of the same fraudulent intent, and further combining as aforesaid with the individuals aforesaid, have at divers times made application to divers other persons, holders and owners of said bonds, and those interested in the management of said railroad, or having interests in, or liens thereon, or claims thereto, and corruptly endeavored to induce said persons to aid them, the said Cheever and Hart, in procuring the possession of said property for the purpose of procuring a sale thereof to the said Cheever and Hart, in their own names, or in the name of some other person or persons, for their benefit, and fraudulently and corruptly promised such persons that they, said Cheever and Hart, would share with them the profits which might thereby be realized;

And further setting forth that the said Cheever and Hart, further combining as aforesaid, on the 31st day of March, 1863, with the corrupt intent aforesaid, filed a bill of complaint in the Court of Chancery, within and for the County of Rutland, against the Rutland and Burlington Railroad Company, D. A. Smalley, and E. A. Chapin, and others, therein claiming to be entitled to the possession of the premises, and praying to be placed by some form of decree in the possession of the same, and for other relief, and that thereafterwards, thinking they could better accomplish the said fraudulent purpose before some other Chancellor, caused the said bill to be discontinued;

And further setting forth that afterwards, on the 23d day of July, 1863, the said Cheever and Hart, combining as aforesaid, and with the fraudulent intent aforesaid, filed a certain other bill of complaint in the Court of Chancery within and for the County of Windham, of the same purport of that so discontinued in the County of Rutland, and therein praying for substantially the same relief; that the said Birchard and Stewart, defendants therein, filed their answers in said cause; that testimony was taken, and a long, expensive and protracted hearing was had on the application of said Cheever and Hart, for the possession of said railroad and property, and for receivers, all of which prayers and motions were, after such full hearing, denied, and said bill of complaint was dismissed;

And further setting forth that the said Cheever and Hart, persisting in the corrupt intent aforesaid and combining as aforesaid, and availing themselves of the aid of the said Smalley, in pursuance of the corrupt bargain aforesaid, have brought another bill in Chancery, made returnable at the March term of the Rutland County Court, A. D. 1864, therein alleging substantially the same facts, and praying for substantially the same relief, with the same fraudulent design of obtaining the possession of said railroad property, and with the same corrupt intent of availing themselves of some form of decree, to be by said court to be made, to enable them to sell and dispose of said property for their own benefit;

And further setting forth that the said Cheever and Hart threatened to prosecute said suit, and to bring other suits, until their said corrupt design shall be accomplished, to the great injury of said trust property, and in fraud of the rights of the orators;

And further setting forth that all of said suits are brought and maintained only in favor of said Cheever and Hart, and such of their confederates as may and do come in and join with them in their said fraudulent intent and purpose, and therefrom excluding all others, the bondholders, under said first mortgage, who do not, have not, and will not join with them in their said corrupt bargains and fraudulent intents;

And further setting forth that they have reason to believe and do believe that the said Cheever and Hart will succeed, by and through the corrupt means and practices aforesaid, in obtaining the possession of said railroad and property, without right thereto, and for said corrupt purposes, unless restrained by the injunction of this court;

And praying that the defendants may answer the premises, and that the said Cheever and Hart may be removed from being trustees under the said indenture, and be perpetually enjoined from any further interference with the property, premises, rights and interests, conveyed by said first mortgage, and from taking possession of the same, or any part thereof, and from commencing any suit, in law or equity, or prosecuting any suit in law or equity heretofore commenced and now pending, or hereafter to be commenced, for the purpose of obtaining any possession of the said property, or of asserting any rights under or by virtue of said indenture; and that trustees may be appointed in the place and stead of said Cheever and Hart; and that they may be decreed to execute and deliver to such persons as this Honorable Court may nominate, order and appoint, such deeds of release, surrender, assignment, or quit-claim, or other conveyance of the said property rights and interests, as this Honorable Court shall order and direct, and order such other and further relief as this Honorable Court shall deem meet;

And it appearing that the said James Cheever, William T. Hart, Jacob Edwards, Jr., John S. Farlow, Joseph M. Wightman, Dwight Foster, George C. Lord, William Thomas, and J. Armory Davis reside without the limits and jurisdiction of this State, so that personal service of said bill of complaint and subpœna cannot be made upon them;

It is ordered by the court that notice of the filing and pendency of said bill of complaint, and of the issue of said subpœna, be given to said James Cheever, William T. Hart, Jacob Edwards, Jr., John S. Farlow, Joseph M. Wightman, Dwight Foster, George C. Lord, William Thomas and J. Amory Davis, by publishing the substance of said bill and this order in the Rutland *Herald*, a newspaper published in Rutland, in the County of Rutland, and State of Vermont; the Boston *Journal*, a newspaper published in Boston, in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and the New-York *Times*, a newspaper published in the City, County and State of New-York, for three weeks successively, the last of said publications to be at least three weeks before the term to which said subpœna is returnable as aforesaid.

Dated at Rutland aforesaid, this 18th day of November, A. D., 1864. F. W. HOPKINS, Clerk.

DEWEY & JOYCE, Solicitors for Auditors.

SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the widening of Vestry-st., on the northerly side thereof, from Hudson-st. to Greenwich-st., in said city.

Notice is hereby given that the costs, charges and expenses incurred by reason of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter, will be taxed by the Clerk of the Supreme Court, at his office, in the City Hall of the City of New-York, on Thursday, the second day of February, A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN SCOTT,
WALTER ROCHE,
CORNELIUS CORSON,
Commissioners.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 16, 1865.

INSTRUCTION.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.

A Boarding-School for boys, 16 miles above New-York, on the Hudson. Circulars at W. H. Arthur & Co.'s, No. 39 Nassau-st., N. Y., or address BENJAMIN MASON, Principal.

COLLEGIATE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE, NO. 18 COOPER UNION, NEW-YORK. —Students received at any time. Academic and Collegiate, also Naval, Civil and Mechanical Engineering courses given. For particulars, call at the Institute, or address Prof. J. G. FOX, C. E., Principal.

GOLDSMITH'S INSTITUTE, NO. 756 BROADWAY.—Great inducements offered. Full course, including penmanship, book-keeping, and arithmetic. Regular charge, $50; reduced to $30, for all who commence this month. Each pupil separately taught. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH, Principal.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. —Pupils prepared for college, business, West Point and the Naval School. For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. I. LOCKWOOD.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE— (Classical, Commercial and French,) No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., and Washington-square. GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

THE SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GT. BARRINGTON, MASS.—For twenty very select young boys. Those never from home before preferred. Send for circulars. JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

SIX PRIVATE PUPILS.—PRIVATE PUPILS will receive especial care, with instruction for college or business, in the family of Rev. J. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, AT White Plains, New-York. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

WANTED—A SCHOOL WHERE THE PRIMARY branches are taught; a liberal compensation will be given. Address SCHOOL, Station G, New-York.

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 212 5th-av. GEO. C. ANTHON.

TEACHERS.

TO TEACHERS.—WANTED, FOR A MILITARY school near city, a superior drillmaster; also, teacher for English and book-keeping; classics for boarding-school; male teacher for select school; one for city public school; classics for University; mathematics and sciences for High School; French lady for school near city. All who seek positions should have American School Institute's applications from J. W. SCHERMERHORN, No. 130 Grand-st.

MILITARY INSTRUCTOR.—WANTED, AN unmarried gentleman (a graduate of West Point preferred) to take charge of the Military Department, and to teach mathematics, in a first-class boarding-school. Address PRINCIPAL, Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

TEACHER WANTED.—A TEACHER OF painting, drawing and French wanted at the Mt. Female Seminary, Birmingham, Huntingdon County, Penn., for session opening Feb. 8, 1865. Salary, $300, expenses included. L. G. GRIER.

A YOUNG LADY ACCUSTOMED TO teach, wishes an engagement as governess; her testimonials are unexceptionable, and expectations as to salary moderate. Address Miss E. B.E., care of Rev. R. HOYT, 54th-st., near 2d-av.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO BREWERS AND OTHERS.—FOR SALE, the fixtures of brewery now occupied by HOWARD & FULLER, corner Plymouth and Jay sts., Brooklyn, in whole or part, consisting of boiler, engine, pumps, vats, Baudelot cooler, troughs, puncheons, &c. The premises will also be to let. Suitable for manufacturing purposes. Possession immediately.

WANTED—A PERSON ACQUAINTED WITH the musical instrument and book trade, either as clerk or partner. A fine opportunity for one having a small amount of capital. Address MUSICAL, Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND good will of a grocery-store doing a profitable business; one of the best locations in the city; reason for selling is the death of the owner; possession will be given immediately. Address O. P., Broadway P. O.

FURNITURE.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSes, bedding, looking-glasses, &c., cheapest at SNEDEN & CAMPBELL'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call and save money. Goods warranted and delivered free. Extension table cheap.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES MADE TO ORDER and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH and P. GOUGELMAN, (formerly employed by Boissonneau, Paris,) No. 599 Broadway, New-York.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR $234,000.

CENTRAL PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND STOCK OF 1876.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office, until SATURDAY, the 21st day of January, 1865, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of two hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars of the Central Park Improvement Fund Stock, authorized by chapter 85 of the laws of 1860, and by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor, April 25, 1860.

The said stock will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable quarter-yearly, and the principal will be redeemed Nov. 1, 1876.

The proposals will state the amount of stock desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the city the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the stock, bearing interest from the dates of payment.

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Central Park Improvement Fund Stock," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if the interests of the Corporation require it.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Dec. 23, 1864.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY, Dec. 20, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily for the

FREIGHTING OF FORAGE,

for the United States Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland and other ports on the coast of Maine,

TO

Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C.; Savannah, Ga., and New-Orleans, La.

PROPOSITIONS

must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to

E. D. CHAPMAN,
Captain and Assistant Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1865.

Bidders for army supplies under advertisement dated the 9th inst., and signed by me, are hereby notified that the time for opening bids has been postponed until 12 o'clock M. on WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst.

D. H. VINTON,
D. Q. M. General, Brevet Brigadier-General.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

CLOTHING BUREAU, QUARTERMASTER GEN.'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 9, 1865.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Army Clothing and Equipage, New-York City, until 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, the 17th inst., for furnishing by contract, at the depot of Army Clothing and Equipage, New-York City—

Uniform Coats, Infantry, standard.
Artillery Jackets, standard.
Trowsers, Infantry, standard.
Sack Coats, Lined, standard.
Sack Coats, Unlined, standard.
Shirts, Dornet Flannel, standard.
Drawers, Canton Flannel, standard.
Stockings, standard.
Bootees, Sewed and Pegged, standard.
Boots, Cavalry, Sewed and Pegged, standard.
Blankets, India Rubber, standard.
Ponchos, India Rubber, standard.
Knapsacks, standard.
Haversacks, standard.
Canteens, standard.
Camp Kettles, standard.
Mess Pans, standard.
Axes, Felling, standard.
Pick-axes, standard.
Hatchets, standard.
Spades, standard.
Shovels, standard.
Garrison Flags, standard.
Tents, Hospital, standard.
Tents, Shelter, 8 oz. Cotton Duck, standard.
Great Coat Straps, standard.

Further information may be had, and samples of the above articles may be seen at the office of Army Clothing and Equipage, New-York City.

Bidders will state the number they propose to furnish, how soon they can commence, and the number they can deliver weekly, and will submit samples of the articles or of the material of which they are to be made, and when a textile fabric, at least one yard should be furnished.

Proposals must be accompanied by a proper guarantee, signed by at least two responsible persons, setting forth that if a contract is awarded to the party making the bid, that he or they will at once execute the contract and give bonds for the proper fulfillment of the same. The right is reserved by the United States to reject any part or the whole of the bid, as may be deemed for the interest of the service. Awards will be subject to the approval of the Quartermaster-General of the army. The supplies must be delivered in regulation packing boxes. Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing (here insert the name of the article bid for,)" and addressed to Brevet Brig.-Gen. D. H. VINTON, Deputy Quartermaster-Gen., New-York City.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 12, 1865.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until TUESDAY, Jan. 24, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this department with

Great Coats, Footmens'—Army Standard.
Woolen Blankets—Army Standard.
Stockings—Army Standard.
Great Coats, Straps—Army Standard.
Camp Kettles—Army Standard.
Axe-Handles—Army Standard.
National Colors—Army Standard.

To be delivered free of charge at the United States Inspection Warehouse in this city, in good, new packages. (*The cases to be made in accordance with the specifications on file at this office.*) *The name of the contractor, quantity and kind of goods, number and date of contract, must be distinctly marked on each article and package.*

Parties offering goods should make separate proposals for each article offered, and must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, (*which should be written both in words and figures,*) and conform to the terms of this advertisement, a copy of which should accompany each proposal.

Standard samples of the articles required may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal, and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to army standard, otherwise the proposals will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, Jan. 24, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Wednesday, Jan. 25, 1865.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for (here insert the name of the article offered)" and address

Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

CLOTHING BUREAU,
QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 12, 1865.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Office of Army Clothing and Equipage, Philadelphia, until 12 o'clock M. on WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst., for furnishing, by contract, at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage, Philadelphia, viz.;

Sack Coats, lined, army standard.
Sack Coats, unlined, army standard.
Blankets, india-rubber, for infantry, army standard.
Knapsacks, complete, for infantry, army standard.
Hatchets, for infantry, army standard.
Uniform Hats, for infantry, army standard.
Hat Cords and Tassels, for infantry, army standard.
Camp Kettles, for infantry, army standard.
Mess Pans, for infantry, army standard.
Shelter Tents, for infantry, army standard.

Each bid must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee, and certified to as being good and sufficient security for the amount involved, by some public functionary of the United States.

Bids from defaulting contractors, and those that do not fully comply with the requirements of this advertisement, will not be considered.

Blank forms for proposals, embracing the terms of the guarantee required in each bid, can be had on application at this office, and none others which do not embrace this guarantee will be considered, nor will any proposal be considered which does not strictly conform to the requirements therein stated.

Bidders will state the quantity they propose to furnish, how soon they can commence, and the quantity they can deliver weekly.

The right is reserved by the United States to reject any part, or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed best for the interest of the service.

Awards will be subject to the approval of the Quartermaster-General of the army.

Samples can be seen at this office, and proposals must be indorsed, "Proposals for Army Supplies," stating on the envelope the particular article bid for.

HERMAN BIGGS,
Colonel Quartermaster's Department.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 12, 1865.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, Jan. 25, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this Department with

Great Coats, footmens'—army standard.
Woolen Blankets—army standard.
Stockings—army standard.
Great Coats, Straps—army standard.
Camp Kettles—army standard.
Axe Handles—army standard.
National Colors—army standard.

To be delivered free of charge at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good, new packages. (*The cases to be made in accordance with the specifications on file at this office.*) *The name of the contractor, quantity and kind of goods, number and date of contract must be distinctly marked on each article and package.*

Parties offering goods should make separate proposals for each article offered, and must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price (*which should be written both in words and figures*) and conform to the terms of this advertisement, a copy of which should accompany each proposal.

Standard samples of the articles required, may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

Samples when submitted must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposals will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Wednesday, Jan. 25, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Thursday, Jan. 26, 1865.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope, "Proposal for (here insert the name of the article offered,") and address

Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 17 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M. of SATURDAY, 21st inst., for the carting of all Government stores within the City of New-York which it may be the duty of this department to move, for the period of one year. Persons offering to perform this service are requested to state the price per carman's load of 5 (five) barrels of pork, 7 (seven) barrels of flour, or 1,500 (fifteen hundred) pounds' weight of other goods, for any distance not exceeding half a mile, with an increase of one-third for every additional half-mile. The party to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to have in readiness at all times a sufficient number of teams to perform the required service, and to keep them at work, when required, nights and Sundays, without extra compensation, and to be present in person, or by a competent agent at all times, to receive and execute all orders which may be given for work to be done.

No proposal will be considered unless coming from responsible persons, known to the undersigned, or who will be vouched for by responsible parties.

Each proposal must be indorsed by two responsible persons, setting forth their willingness to go security in the sum of $20,000 that said proposal, if accepted, will be faithfully carried out.

Each proposal must be indorsed, "Proposals for Carting Government Stores," and addressed,

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. and Quartermaster, U. S. Army.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION—EXtract teeth without pain with the nitrous oxide gas, and avoid all the danger and disagreeableness of chloroform and ether. Teeth inserted only in the best manner. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

DR. VAN VLECK'S SUPERIOR DENTISTRY, No. 47 Bond-st. Great inducements to those in need. Don't fail to consult him.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, JAN. 20, 1865.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the TIMES (Daily) is FOUR CENTS.

To Mail Subscribers per annum.....$10 00

Including Sunday morning edition, $12.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

One copy 1 year.....$3 00

Two copies 1 year.....5 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES.

One copy 1 year.....$2 00

Three copies 1 year.....5 00

Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club Rates.

Payments invariably in advance.

We have no authorized traveling Agents. Remit in checks or post office money orders wherever it can be done.

Address H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—TWO MAMMOTH FAT WOMEN, LIVING SKELETON, DWARF, LEARNED SEAL, GRAND SPECTACLE, FAIRIES, &c.—DAY and EVENING.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK.

WINTER GARDEN—HAMLET.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—DAY AND EVENING.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC.

HIPPOTHEATRON—EQUESTRIANISM, GYMNASTICS and ACROBATIC PERFORMANCES.

BROADWAY THEATRE—THE LIVE INDIAN—THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.

NIBLO'S—THE SHAMROCK.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, (Niblo's Saloon)—Every Tuesday and Saturday Evenings.

EVERETT HALL—(Broadway and 34th-st.)—CREATION AND THE DELUGE.

MUSEUM—No. 389 Broadway—OPEN DAY AND EVENING.

DODWORTH HALL—BUDGET OF BLUNDERS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—BILLIARD MATCH.

WALLACK'S—THE WIFE'S SECRET.

The List of Letters.

The list of letters remaining uncalled for in the Post-office, published officially in the columns of the NEW-YORK TIMES, can be consulted in the Business Office of the TIMES. It will be found upon a bulletin inside the building.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

We publish, this morning, a highly important report of proceedings in the rebel Congress, on Monday last, which clearly reveals the rapid progress of disaffection and disorganization throughout the Southern Confederacy. The debate took a wide range, and it will be seen that the rebel President was handled without gloves by the Opposition speakers. Mr. ORR, of Mississippi, cast bold defiance in his teeth, and Mr. SMITH, of Alabama, withdrew from his seat, in disgust at the management which, he avers, has brought ruin on the Confederacy. The confessions of Mr. ORR establish the fact that the Committee on Foreign Relations, to which was referred the peace propositions of the rebel Congress, reported unanimously in favor of sending Commissioners to sue for peace, and that this issue is rapidly disrupting the whole framework of the Confederacy.

It is authoritatively understood that Mr. F. P. BLAIR startes to-day on another visit to Richmond.

The Washington *Intelligencer* says: "We have reason to suppose that very shortly news will be received of the fall of Fort Caswell, which guards the old or southern inlet to Cape Fear River. From this inlet (now not much used on account of its shallowness) around to the new or northern inlet, it is some forty miles by a triangular line. The difficulty of keeping up a strict blockade for so long a distance on a stormy coast is obvious. Wilmington is some twenty miles up the Cape Fear from Fort Fisher, but it is doubtful whether Gen. GRANT contemplates its capture. His strategy seems to be that of menacing certain important points upon the coast, and thus compelling the rebels to keep forces at all of them."

Lieut. DAVIS, of the rebel army, was arrested at Newark, Ohio, a few days since. He was on his way from Canada to the South, via Washington. The importance of his capture consists in the fact, that he was for some time in charge of the prison at Andersonville where our brave soldiers suffered such torture.

The Nashville correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* writes on the 9th: "An expedition of cavalry, infantry and artillery was to have left Decatur for the South last Saturday; but I have not yet learned if it left. I presume its destination is Montgomery. It is sufficiently strong to accomplish any duty assigned to it. I suppose it will aid in the speedy opening of the Alabama River."

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday resolutions of thanks to Gen. TERRY and Admiral PORTER, and their officers and men, were unanimously passed. The joint resolution to appoint a committee to investigate the treatment of the Indians was passed. The consideration of the act to regulate commerce between the several States was postponed until Tuesday next. A bill was passed to amend the act defining the pay of army officers, which defines that a brevet rank shall not entitle the holder to any extra pay. A bill in reference to the special income tax was introduced, and referred to the Committee on Finance. A bill to amend the act to encourage immigration was introduced, and referred to the same committee.

In the House a resolution was adopted relative to an assessment of one per cent. on the first six hundred dollars of income, now excempt. A joint resolution was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means in reference to the temporarily increased duties on imports. A resolution was adopted, directing the Secretary of War to communicate to the House the record of the court-martial of Major DAVID H. HASTINGS. A joint resolution was referred to the Military Committee, that the Secretary of War be instructed to give credit, in any draft hereafter made, for the hundred days' men from Ohio and other States. The consideration of the amendment to the Enrollment Act was assigned for two weeks from yesterday. Resolutions of thanks to Gens. THOMAS and TERRY, and Admiral PORTER, were referred to the Military Committees. The Legislative, Judicial and Executive Appropriation bill was then taken up, amended and passed.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate the State Bounty bill was advanced to a third reading. Notice was given of bills to extend relief to the families of drafted men, and to amend the charter of the People's Savings Bank, New-York. Bills were introduced to amend the Quarantine Act, and to incorporate the City of Newburgh. The bill confirming the Bounty ordinance of the New-York Board of Supervisors was passed. The following bills were ordered to a third reading: For the Improvement and Regulation of the Central Park, New-York; Providing a Parade-ground for the Military of New-York; amending the charter of the New-York Guaranty and Indemnity Company.

In the Assembly the following bills were reported favorably: To incorporate the Home for disabled soldiers; incorporating the North River Savings Bank, New-York; incorporating the Twenty third Armory Association of Brooklyn. Notice was given of a bill for the construction of a suspension bridge across the East River. A bill was introduced to enable the banks of this State to become associations under the national bank ing laws.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Gold Room fell seven ℘ cent. yesterday standing about 208¼ at the close. There was renewed panic on the Railway list at the Stock Exchange, and in the afternoon some descriptions of the Government Stocks were a fraction lower. No change in the money market.

General business was depressed yesterday by the decline in gold. Transactions in Domestic Produce were on the whole limited, at lower and irregular prices. Foreign merchandise was inactive and unsettled. Light Freight engagements were reported.

Hon. HIRAM WALBRIDGE is to deliver an address in the Assembly Chamber at Albany at an early day on the proposed amendment to the Constitution interdicting slavery.

The Senior Prize debates have just taken place in the literary societies of Yale College. In Linonia, the prizes, which were contested for by nine disputants, were awarded as follows: First prize, $20, JOSEPH A. BENT, of Boston, Mass.; second prize, $15, WM. H. DRURY, of Worcester, Mass.; third prize, $10, JOHN DALZELL, of Pittsburgh, Penn. The speaking of OLIVER S. CASKEY was highly recommended. The following question was discussed: "Is universal suffrage, as exhibited in the United States, favorable to the permanency of our institutions." The first prize was divided between HENRY A. STIMSON and ALLEN MCLEAN. The second prize was divided between TUZAR BULKLEY and JAMES S. NORTON. The third prize was awarded to JOSEPH H. ISHAM. The speech delivered by Mr. JOSEPH H. BISSELL was the subject of much praise.

Vice-President-elect JOHNSON addressed the Tennessee State Convention, urging it to take the course which was subsequently adopted, making amendments to the Constitution, which should afterward be submitted to the people.

The meeting in Faneuil Hall on Wednesday last, to do honor to the memory of EDWARD EVERETT, bespoke the popular appreciation of the great loss which the country now mourns. The hall was crowded in every part, and many of the prominent citizens of Boston were on the platform. Eloquent and deeply impressive addresses were made by Mayor LINCOLN, Hon. CHARLES G. LORING, Hon. ROBERT C. WINTHROP, and Hon. A. H. BULLOCK, and at the close a series of appropriate resolutions were adopted by the meeting.

With reference to the meeting in Boston to do honor to the memory of the late Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, the Boston *Courier* says: "We have never seen a speaker so deeply moved as Mr. WINTHROP was during the delivery of his eloquent and touching tribute to Mr. EVERETT, at Faneuil Hall, this noon. The theme upon which he spoke, the scene before him, where he had so often met his friend on matters of great public moment, the recollection of 'countless acts of kindness during a friendship of thirty years,' and the sad knowledge that the body of one so honored and so mourned lay waiting the last offices on earth, seemed to fire him with overpowering emotion, and when the speaker, referring to recent differences on important questions, quoted Mr. EVERETT's letter to him, written almost on the day when that difference was avowed: 'I am not afraid that we shall give each other cause of offence, and we will not let others put us at variance,' his voice, tenderly modulated, became tremulous with the intensity of his feelings. The audience, which hung with breathless attention upon his lips, followed him with an answering sympathy; and, when he had concluded, the long drawn breaths testified how he had enchained their attention."

The Western papers say that Gen. SINGLETON went to Richmond ostensibly to bring out of rebeldom two nieces who are in destitute circumstances.

Mr. SUMNER has declined the invitation of the committee of the Legislature to deliver a eulogy on Mr. EVERETT before that body.

CHAS. H. COON, a former citizen of Troy, N. Y., was killed at Chicago, recently, by stepping into a vat of boiling hot lard in a pork-packing establishment. He was a steam-fitter by occupation, and was fitting pipes in that establishment when he met his death. He was a brother of GEORGE H. COON, foreman of the *Whig* job office. Mr. COON carried on the gas-fitting business in Saratoga Springs for several years, and left there about two years ago. He gained the reputation of being an industrious and worthy young man. He leaves a wife and one child.

Capt. ROBERT SMALL, who surrendered the steamer *Planter* to our forces, and who is now in command of a United States gunboat, was turned out of the cars in Philadelphia, a few days ago, on account of his color.

The relief agents of the United States Sanitary Commission accompanied the last expedition against Wilmington with clothing, dressings, stimulants, hospital diet and battle-field supplies, and generally rendered effective service on the field.

The Newark *Advertiser*, of Monday, says: "GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN, Esq., of Orange, N. J., late Major-General of the army and Democratic candidate for the Presidency, was in Newark on Monday, and procured at the United States Collector's Office a passport to go to Europe in the steamer *China*. He also paid $195 75 war tax on an income of $3,915 during 1863. His pay as a Major-General last year was $4,173, and from other sources $342, amounting in all to $4,515, from which $600 deduction was made."

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, JOHN DONAVAN, the Tombs murderer, was brought up and sent to the Insane Asylum on a certificate from the Medical Officer of the City Prison that he was a confirmed lunatic. ELIZABETH DUSENBERRY, the Goerck-street poisoner, was sent to the same place on a similar certificate. MARGARET SMITH was tried and acquitted of grand larceny. BARBARA GRASHE, LOUISA MILLER and JAMES BURKHARDT pleaded guilty to attempts at grand larceny, and were remanded for sentence.

The committee of the Brooklyn Board of Supervisors, who returned from Washington yesterday, report that the quota of the two districts—the Second and Third—has been reduced from 7,600 to about 4,000—the exact number not having yet been decided on.

Yesterday, Mr. DANIEL GRAY, of the firm of GRAY & LEONARD, of this city, while visiting the grain elevator in Degraw-street, Brooklyn, was caught by a portion of the machinery, and almost instantly killed.

At a special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, held yesterday afternoon, a memorial received from the Boston Board of Trade was read, which prays that the Bankruptcy Bill now before Congress may not be adopted, as it would result in a loss to the North of nearly $200,000,000, due from citizens of the South.

There were no trials of any interest whatever before the Metropolitan Police Commissioners yesterday.

Coroner GOVER's friends have presented him a massive and beautiful gold shield, which is appropriately inscribed.

WM. H. JOHNSON, of No. 99 Roosevelt-street, received a fractured skull on Wednesday night, in an encounter with ex-policeman PATRICK HAYS, ROBERT JACKSON, JAMES LEAHEY and THOMAS COHEN, in the Chatham-street den which is known as the "Evening Star."

EDWARD MASON, a coal-passer, was accidentally drowned in Pike-slip, on Wednesday evening, while attempting to go aboard the steamer *Calypso*.

ROBERT J. WILLIAMS was committed by Justice LEDWITH, for inveigling two boys and trying to enlist them in New-Jersey.

ANDREW SHEEHAN lost $500 in the saloon at No. 726 Broadway, and Officers GOLDEN and DUSENBURY subsequently recovered $485 of the money from the wife of JAMES JOHNSTON, a waiter. JOHNSTON was committed by Justice DOWLING.

In the United States Commissioner's Office, yesterday, before Commissioner WHITE, HENRY ISAACS and MARY ISAACS were brought up for examination, charged with enticing soldiers to desert and concealing them afterward. After taking some testimony, the further hearing was adjourned in order to obtain evidence in relation to the desertion from the authorities on Governor's Island.

On Pier No. 1, East River, adjoining the United States Revenue barge-office, the bodies of two dead soldiers have been lying since Wednesday morning. They were brought from Governor's Island on one of the small steamers plying between that place and the city. The names of the men, and the companies to which they belonged, are marked on the coffins, and from this it is inferred they are not cases for Coroner's inquests. Why are these bodies not removed for burial?

Yesterday morning, at 8 A. M., the screw double-ender *Lenapee*, 10 guns, Lieut.-Commander SAMUEL MAGRAW commanding, having had her compasses adjusted, left Sandy Hook.

The match between DUDLEY KAVANAGH and WILLIAM GOLDTHWAITE for the championship of America will take place to-night at the Academy of Music. A large number of ladies are expected to be present. LOUIS FOX, of Rochester, has deposited the usual forfeit to play the winner. Billiard players from all quarters of the country arrived in town last night for the of purpose witnessing the match.

Mr. ANDREW FOLEY, of No. 264 East Fourteenth-street, fell, while painting at No. 86 Pearl-street, and was instantly killed, yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. ANN CARR, of No. 118 Eighth-street, was run over by a First-avenue car, near Eighth-street, and fatally injured, last evening. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

We are informed that Mr. WHITNEY, whose melancholy suicide was noticed in yesterday morning's TIMES, neither suspected nor had reason to suspect his counsel of maltreatment.

The Resurrection of the South.

One hears every day, from the refugees and others, who come North from those portions of the South which have been the scene of active operations, of the terrible devastation and ruin wrought by the war, of the desolation which broods over farms and plantations and seaports, and of the poverty and suffering which large numbers of persons, who never before knew what want was, are now undergoing; and so vividly has the imagination of a large part of the Southern people been impressed by spectacles of decay which meets them on every side, that most of them are persuaded that it will take half a century of peace and order to restore the South to what it once was.

And if the rebellion were successful, we have no doubt that their most dismal apprehensions would be realized. The working force of slaves, the only supply of labor known at the South, has been greatly reduced by the war, and what remains of it has, of course, been more or less demoralized, and has had its old habits of submission and industry, if industry it could be called, more or less broken up by the rumors of emancipation and freedom which have for four years been borne on every breeze from the North. And in addition to this, there have been great destruction of machinery and railroads and rolling stock, and enormous loss of capital by the partial abandonment of the culture of cotton, and the immense expenditure of labor and money on munitions of war, which has been going on ever since 1861; and nothing or next to nothing has been done to repair this loss. At the North we are sinking immense sums in carrying on military operations and in providing implements of destruction; but over and above the army, and those who are engaged in the supply of its wants, there is a great and increasing multitude of laborers engaged in developing the national resources, reclaiming lands, and working mines, and thus not only meeting the waste of war, but every year adding to the national capital.

In the South no such reparative process is going on. The whole energies of the whole people are absorbed in the work of feeding and clothing the army, and keeping themselves alive; and there is, consequently, a steady decline in every direction, less rapid, perhaps, in some places than in others, and perhaps in no place so rapid as some sanguine people at the North have fancied, but still rapid and dreadful to those who witness it. But it is a great mistake to suppose that the triumph of the North would be followed by any long period of stagnation or poverty. The real source of wealth at the South is, after all, the fertility of the soil, and the mildness of the climate, and these are things on which neither fire nor sword can leave any trace. There is probably no civilized country in which there was less "fixed" capital, that is, capital invested in machinery, buildings, roads, bridges, &c., than in the Slave States, and it is on this that war always works most havoc. So that it may be safely said, that there is no region in Christendom, excepting the Spanish American republics, in which the march of armies, or the suspension of industry, does less damage. Such a movement as SHERMAN's through the North, or France or England, would probably be attended with tenfold greater material destruction, to say nothing of the loss caused by the paralysis it would bring upon production, the shock it would give to credit, and the total stoppage which it would cause in vast and complicated commercial relations.

It follows from all this that the work of restoration in the South will be unusually easy, if the rebellion be suppressed. There will be comparatively little damage to repair. All that will be needed will be to apply capital to a teeming soil; and though the Southerners themselves may be unable to do this, there will be found, we were going to say, hundreds of thousands of Northerners and Europeans only too glad to get the chance of doing it. And the eradication of slavery, which seems now almost certain to be one of the consequences of the war, will immensely facilitate the work, by greatly reducing the amount of capital that will be necessary to restore the old state of things; for no farmer being forced to spend money in buying laborers, he will have ten thousand dollars to spend in hiring them, and in making improvements, for the one thousand which he could, under the old slavery system, apply to actual production. It makes all the difference in life to a small settler, whether he has to invest ten thousand dollars, at the very beginning of his venture, in ten negroes, or to pay each of them a dollar a day for as many days as he may hire them.

In fact it is safe to predict that we shall see at the South, after this struggle is over, such industrial progress as has never yet been witnessed in any country in the world. It is hardly possible to overestimate the results which will be produced in the rich cotton and rice fields of South Carolina and Georgia, and the river bottoms of Mississippi and Louisiana, by the application to them of the skill, energy, enterprise and industry which have made the stony hills of Massachusetts bloom like a garden, and converted the storm-driven plains of the Northwest into the granaries of the world. And we think that, extraordinary as the assertion may seem, that there could be probably no better investment found at this moment than real estate in Savannah, or Charleston, whenever SHERMAN gets into it.

Publication of the Income Tax Lists.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

DEAR SIR: Are we to understand that the public have the privilege of inspecting the Income Tax lists? If so, does this not conflict with orders heretofore given to the Collectors to keep them entirely private? Besides, who has the right, according to rules of strict propriety, to know what is another man's business, and his business alone? Does justice require it? Cannot the officers of the Government satisfy themselves without the help of the curious eyes and meddlesome inquiries of the public? We regard this requirement of the lists being open to everybody's gaze as nothing less than a small tyranny. What next? SUBSCRIBER.

This is one of many communications on the same subject and in the same tone. We have already entered our protest against the invasion of private life which these publications involve. In any community at all jealous of personal rights they would be resented as a flagrant and insufferable wrong. But as a general thing this sentiment is by no means active with us. Trespasses upon the sanctity of private life are rather relished than otherwise by all except the victims themselves. Many of our people, moreover, rather court than shun publicity in matters with which the public has really no concern. Some of our newspapers make a point of publishing now and then the details of their own business transactions—their receipts and expenditures, their losses and gains, as matters of interest to their readers and the public at large. The mass of the community, we are inclined to think, are rather edified than disgusted with the *piquant* incidents now and then picked out by enterprising journalists from the domestic life and private habits of prominent individuals.

We attach, therefore, but little importance to the outcry raised against the publication of the income tax list, on the general score of invading the sphere of private life. We can readily understand that individuals may object to it because they themselves do not figure in those lists to their own satisfaction; but we doubt whether, aside from these feelings of personal grievance, there is any very profound discontent in the community at large with their publication. On the contrary, nine in ten of those who object would approve it, if their own names could be omitted.

But there is a public phase to this subject worthy of attention. The full list has been published in only one district to this city; but that made it evident that the most glaring and shameless frauds are practiced in the return of incomes, and in the assessment of taxes upon them. Hundreds of instances can be pointed out in that single list where men report their incomes very far below what every man of common sense knows them to be. Men worth hundreds of thousands of dollars, and living at the rate of from ten to twenty and thirty thousand dollars a year, are put down as having no incomes at all, or as having incomes scarcely equal to those of the clerk or mechanic. Nothing but a glance at the list is necessary to show that the returns in an immense number of cases are utterly unreliable and flagrantly false.

Now the law is very explicit in visiting such fraudulent returns with severe punishments, and it is made the duty of the Assessors and Collectors of the revenue to take very stringent measures to prevent, or else detect and punish them. In some districts—one at least—we know that this is done, and that in repeated instances men guilty of thus attempting to defraud the revenue have been held rigorously to the letter of the statute. But in others, it is very evident that there has been, on the part of public officers, either a criminal complicity, or a hardly less criminal neglect, in regard to these evasions and violations of the law. If the publication of these lists will remedy this evil, and if it cannot be remedied in any other way, equal justice and the public good demand their publication; for every honest man is defrauded and plundered by those who thus escape their fair share of the public burdens.

We believe that other means might be devised that would prove equally efficacious in the detection of these frauds. But if they cannot, then the lists ought to be published, though it should be done officially, so as to avoid errors and preclude the suspicion of favoritism and partiality. But the Government ought very promptly to take some means to punish those who make fraudulent returns, and the officers who receive and screen them.

PEACE PERSONALITIES.—The *Tribune* thinks we have been misinformed or "badly sold" in having been led to believe that its Editor "not long since prepared in some detail terms of peace and adjustment for the consideration of the rebel authorities; and that the only reason why those terms did not reach those authorities was because the President withheld the needed assent."

What his action has been in regard to this matter the *Tribune* thus states:—

> *"We have more than once made suggestions to men high in authority here of terms of pacification which we thought might be wisely and advantageously proffered by them to the rebels, whether they should be accepted or rejected; but we have never sought nor desired to be empowered to offer them, nor to be implicated in nor intrusted with any negotiation whatever."*

This is precisely what we supposed and very nearly what we said: we do not, therefore, see in what respect we were either misinformed or sold, in regard to Mr. GREELEY's action on this subject. We had an impression, it is true, that his "suggestions" had been a little more formal than he now represents them, that he had written in terms of extreme earnestness to the President, entreating him by every consideration of duty to his country to make a formal tender of terms of peace to the rebels in arms against the Government, and that he had set forth in some detail what, in his judgment, these terms should be. We regard this impression as rather confirmed than otherwise by the paragraph in which the *Tribune* seems to deny its correctness.

The *Tribune* adds:—

> "As we can imagine no possible good to be achieved by a public comparison and discussion of vital suggestions of hypothetical terms of peace, we must decline it. Peace is not likely to be hastened by any such comparison, *other than between our Government and those who control the armies now waging war upon it*; and even this must be confidential, or it will lead to nothing. We want peace as soon as an honorable and just peace can be had, and will do nothing which seems calculated to postpone its attainment."

We concur mainly in this view; and it is for that reason that we have steadily opposed as utterly mischievous all the volunteer peace negotiations which have been set on foot from time to time, and which the *Tribune*, we must add, has as steadily encouraged and favored. It was because of its support to such efforts that we sought information concerning the "terms" which it was prepared to urge. It had announced that Mr. BLAIR's visit would "assure the rebel authorities that *our Government does not insist on an unconditional surrender*,"—an announcement calculated to create no little anxiety and alarm in the public mind as to the *real* nature of the peace which his visit was supposed to foreshadow. If it be true that our Government is prepared to accept a *conditional* surrender at the hands of the rebel authorities, the country would like to know *what* conditions it is prepared to grant, and we applied to the quarter most likely to be well informed upon that point. But we have no desire to press the inquiry.

For our own part we do not believe one syllable of the story. We do not believe that our Government has changed its ground in the least, or that it is ready to offer or accept any other terms than those which it has always required. It demands now, as it has always demanded, an "unconditional surrender" on the part of the rebels of their armed hostility to the Government. It requires that they shall *cease fighting*,—simply that, and nothing more, and certainly nothing less.

THE GAS MONOPOLIES AND STREET-LIGHTING.—The special attention of every tax-payer should be directed to the synopsis which we publish of the Comptroller's remonstrance against the attempted gas-swindle. The Common Council, in winding up the year's business, among other things, proceeded to the unprecedented length of declaring the contract between the city and the Manhattan Gas Company at an end. That contract has three years to run. It gives the company the sum of $25 yearly for each street-lamp on the island, or altogether, $440,000. The price is high, but the company are determined, if possible, that it shall be still higher. And instead of guarding the interests of the taxpayers, the Common Council, subjected to certain well-understood influences, votes almost unanimously that the company shall have its way.

Fortunately for the great tax-paying public, Comptroller BRENNAN has had the discernment to see, and the honesty to declare, that such an annulment of a contract by the Common Council is altogether illegal. The Charter, as Mr. BRENNAN most opportunely points out, declares that "no additional allowance, beyond the legal claim *under any contract* with the Corporation, shall ever be made." This practically vitiates the intervention of the Council altogether. And it is perfectly open to us to compel the company to carry out the terms of its contract to the letter. That contract, as we have said, has three years to run. But new tenders, in accordance with the resolution of the Council, have been advertised for, and new bids have been offered. As good luck would have it, however, the tenders have to be opened in the presence of the Comptroller, and he refuses to lend his presence to a swindle so palpable. In this he will have the support of all good citizens.

OPENING OF THE CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.—The Provincial Legislature assembled yesterday at Quebec. There are two points of more than local interest in Lord MONCK's opening speech. He promises a Government bill to provide more effectually for the prevention of robberies on the borders by rebel refugees. And he takes courage openly to announce that the Federation scheme is designed to make British America "*an independent nationality.*" The speech otherwise is not of general interest.

Chamber of Commerce.

MEMORIAL FROM THE BOSTON BOARD OF TRADE—LEGISLATIVE AMENDMENT.

A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday afternoon, President A. A. LOW in the chair.

Mr. DE WITT C. BLOODGOOD, Chairman of the Committee on the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada, said that the report of the committee was still in the hands of the printer and ten days would be required to complete it. The consideration of the report was postponed until the next meeting of the board. The following communication, received from the Boston Board of Trade, was then read:

To the Honorable the Senate of the United States:

The Boston Board of Trade respectfully represents:

That the bill entitled "A bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," which has received the sanction of the House of Representatives, and is now before the Senate, is calculated, if enacted at the present time, to result very disastrously to a large number of citizens of the North, and especially in the Northern cities, who are creditors of persons living in the revolted States.

It is believed that debts amounting from one hundred and fifty to two hundred millions of dollars are due to parties in the North from individuals in the aforesaid States.

During the past four years there has been no opportunity to press these claims for settlement in the local courts. If the Bankruptcy Bill, now before your honorable body, shall become a law before Northern creditors can come in contact with their debtors, or can take personal measures to collect their dues, this board believes that the rights of such creditors will be seriously prejudiced, and that many estates will be closed up in bankruptcy at a loss to all the interests concerned, which, under existing laws, and under the liquidation of the creditors, might be settled without sacrifice.

The board is aware that the thirty-second section of the bill referred to provides that no discharge shall be granted or, if granted, shall be valid, if the bankrupt "shall have borne arms against the United States, or given aid and comfort to the enemies of the United States, or to rebels against the Government or authority thereof."

But as in many instances, it will be impossible to bring home the charge of disloyality against those seeking to avail themselves of the benefits of the bill, if enacted, it believes that provision will fail to secure its objects, and that the loyal creditors of disloyal debtors will suffer in consequence.

The board, therefore, respectfully memorialize your honorable body to postpone the passage of the Bankrupt bill now under your consideration, until such time shall have elapsed after the restoration of the revolted States, as shall give Northern creditors opportunity to negotiate with their debtors in those States, for the adjustment of their claims. And, as in duty bound, it will ever pray.

BOSTON, Dec. 29, 1864.

The matter was referred to the Committee on Arbitration, who were authorized to report on the subject.

Mr. GRIFFITH, on motion, read the following proposed amendment:

An act to amend "an act entitled an act passed April 15, 1861, conferring legal power upon the Arbitration Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New-York."

The people of the State of New-York represented in Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Controversies submitted to the Committee of Arbitration of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New-York under the act hereby amended, may be heard and divided by a majority of the members of said committee.

SEC. 2. The members of said Committee of Arbitration shall not be obliged to be sworn after the manner of arbitrators, but shall, before assuming the duties of their office, take an oath before a justice of the Supreme Court, faithfully and fairly to hear and examine matters in controversy, submitted to them under the act aforesaid, and make a just award, according to the best of their understanding. Such oath shall be filed with the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce.

SEC. 3. The Chairman, for the time being, of said Committee of Arbitration, shall have power to administer oaths to all witnesses produced before said Committee, in matters of controversy submitted to said Committee.

SEC. 4. So much of said act, hereby amended, as is inconsistent herewith, is repealed.

The meeting then adjourned.

OUR ALBANY CORRESPONDENCE.

The Bounty Bill—The New-York City Investigations—The Bank Committee.

ALBANY, Thursday, Jan. 19, 1865.

The Senate have gone through with the Bounty bill, and recommitted it for verbal corrections to be made. The bill provides for creating a State debt of thirty millions, if the people approve. It offers bounties of three hundred, four hundred, and six hundred dollars, and gives a bounty of two hundred and fifty dollars to drafted men. It provides for assessing the bounty tax equally upon all the taxable property of the State. The Supervisors are still in convention here. They have not yet taken important action upon the bounty question.

The Senate committee to investigate the working of the departments of New-York City Government propose to leave here for the city on Tuesday evening next, so as to commence the investigation on Wednesday. To enable the members of this committee to take part in the election of Regent of the University, the time for the election has been changed from Thursday of next week, and finally fixed on Tuesday next at 12 o'clock noon.

Mr. BRANDRETH, of Westchester, and Mr. MALOY, of New-York, were added to the Assembly Committee on Banks this morning by vote of the Assembly. Mr. BRANDRETH has identified himself with the proposition to nationalize the State banks. New-York and Brooklyn City railroad bills are multiplying rapidly, and many local bills are coming in from various parts of the State. The committees are beginning to be very busy. The investigation of the contested seat case in the Assembly begins to-day.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Thursday, Jan. 19.

After long consideration the State Bounty Bill was advanced to a third reading, the only material amendments made to it this morning being that drafted men actually mustered in shall be paid a bounty of $250, and that the Governor, Comptroller and Attorney-General shall constitute a Commission to decide all questions arising under the bill.

The bounties allowed are $300, $400 and $600 for one, two and three-years' men.

The bill for the more speedy payment of the salaries of the clerks and others employed in the several departments of the New-York City Government was announced from the Assembly.

Mr. FIELDS asked that it now have its final reading.

Mr. LAIMBEER objected.

BILLS NOTICED.

To extend relief to the families of drafted men.

Incorporating the American Railway Literary Association.

Amending the charter of the People's Savings Bank New-York.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Amending the Quarantine Act.

Amending the charter of the United States Warehousing Company.

Incorporating the Olympic Club.

To incorporate the City of Newburgh.

The bill confirming the Bounty ordinance of the New-York Board of Supervisors was then read a third time and passed.

BILLS ORDERED TO THIRD READING.

For the Improvement and Regulation of the Central Park, New-York.

Providing a Parade Ground for the military of New-York.

Amending the Charter of the New-York Guaranty and Indemnity Company.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Thursday, Jan. 19.

BILLS REPORTED FAVORABLY.

To incorporate the Home for disabled soldiers.

Incorporating the North River Savings Bank, New-York.

Incorporating the Twenty-third Armory Association of Brooklyn.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

For a Railroad in Fulton-street.

To incorporate the East River Railroad, New-York.

To amend charter of the Bloomingdale Savings Bank.

For the construction of a suspension bridge across the East River.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

To incorporate the National Glee Club.

Enabling the banks of this State to become associations under the National banking laws.

The bill incorporating the Home for Disabled Soldiers was then ordered to a third reading.

Messrs. BRANDRETH and MALLORY were added to the Committee on Banks.

Adjourned.

A New Port for Rebel Blockade-Runners.

Now that Wilmington is closed, the vast interests engaged in blockade-running will doubtless seek a new point on the coast where they may still continue their traffic to a limited extent. In this connection, the following letter from our Consul-General at Havana, to Collector DRAPER, of this city, is interesting:

UNITED STATES CONSULATE-GENERAL,
HAVANA, Jan. 9, 1865.

Simeon Draper, Esq., Collector of the Port of New-York:

SIR: The steamer *Coquette* sailed from this port on Thursday last, the 5th inst. From information communicated to me yesterday, I believe she has gone to one of the keys called "Cayo de Sal," about fifty miles northwesterly of Cardenas, to be fitted up as a piratical cruiser. It will be well to warn masters of vessels sailing from your port to be on their guard against her.

She is about 225 feet long, has two smoke-stacks, lays low in the water, and is painted a light color—almost white.

The Secessionists here are making efforts to stake out the harbor of St. Marks, on the western coast of Florida, as a new port for blockade-runners, so that they may enter with steamers in the night time.

I am, very respectfully, your ob't serv't.

WILLIAM T. MINER,
U. S. Consul-General at Havana.

PUBLICATION OF INCOME TAX LISTS.—It will be seen by the following note from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that the publication of income lists from the Assessor's books is not forbidden by the law:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 17, 1865.

SIR: Your telegram is received. You are not obliged to give lists of assessments, but the law requires you to allow your list to be inspected or examined by such persons as may wish to do so, if any one chooses to copy you list you cannot prevent it; and if he thinks proper to publish it he may do so on his own responsibility. You do your duty in keeping your list open to inspection. The use which he may make of the privilege is a subject for himself to consider. Very respectfully,

JOSEPH J. LEWIS, Commissioner.

HOMER FRANKLIN, Assessor, Ninth District, N. Y.

BRIG.-GEN. JOHN MCINTOSH.—This gallant officer, who lost a leg in a cavalry charge, while assisting to gain the brilliant victory achieved under SHERIDAN, near Winchester, on Sept. 19, is now visiting his friends, in Bloomfield, N. J. In consequence of a bungling amputation of the injured limb, and subsequent lack of proper care, Gen. MCINTOSH's recovery has been painful and tedious. He now moves about on crutches with comparative ease, although it may be some time before he will be able to take the field—a period which he anticipates with impatience. Gen. MCINTOSH naturally speaks with the greatest hopefulness of the speedy and complete overthrow of the rebellion.

THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE.

PETITION FROM COLORED SOLDIERS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Jan. 19.

Mr. Sumner, of Massachusetts, (Union,) presented the petition of the colored soldiers at Camp Casey, Virginia, asking that they be allowed equal pay and bounty with other soldiers.

The petition was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

THANKS TO GEN. TERRY AND ADMIRAL PORTER.

Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, (Union,) from the Military Committee, reported back the resolution of thanks to Gen. Terry, his officers and men, for their conduct at Fort Fisher, with a recommendation that it pass.

The resolution was taken up and passed unanimously.

Mr. Grimes, of Iowa, (Union,) from the Naval Committee, reported back the resolution of thanks to Admiral Porter, his officers and men, with a recommendation that it pass.

The resolution was taken up and passed unanimously.

JUSTICE IN THE DISTRICT.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill entitled, "An act to secure impartiality in the dispensation of justice in the District of Columbia," which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

It provides that in any case involving a question of fact before any court in the District of Columbia, in which any corporation is a party, the fact of any man owning property in the District which is taxed for the support of such corporation, will be sufficient cause for challenging him as a juror.

THE TREATMENT OF INDIANS.

Mr. Doolittle called up the joint resolution to appoint a committee to investigate the treatment of Indians by the civil and military authorities of the United States, which was passed—the committee to consist of three Senators and four Members of the House.

COMMERCE BETWEEN THE SEVERAL STATES.

Mr. Chandler, of Michigan, (Union,) called up the bill entitled, "An Act to regulate commerce between the several States," which authorizes any railroad to convey passengers and mails from one State to another.

Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, (Dem.,) maintained that Congress had no right to pass a law which would interfere with a charter granted by any State over the internal commerce of a State, which had exclusive jurisdiction; and the United States could not constitutionally obtain jurisdiction over the territory of any State without its consent. If a navy-yard or arsenal was to be built, Congress had first to get that consent before it could locate such establishment. It was at one time concluded that the right of establishing post-offices and post roads gave Congress the right to make such roads; but it had since been decided by high judicial authority, and it was generally conceded, that this was only a right to designate roads already established. He contended for the right of the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company to collect a tariff on passengers and freight for the benefit of the State of New-Jersey; and for the right on the part of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to collect a tariff for the benefit of the State of Maryland. A State had a perfect right to prescribe the conditions upon which a charter should be granted. The measure before the Senate he regarded as destructive of the principle of State sovereignty.

On motion of Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, (Union,) the bill was postponed until Tuesday next at 1 o'clock.

THE PAY OF ARMY OFFICERS.

Mr. Wilson called up the bill to amend the act defining the pay of army officers, which defines that a brevet rank shall not entitle the holder to any increase pay.

The bill was passed.

THE SPECIAL INCOME TAX.

Mr. Wilson introduced the following, which was referred to the Committee on Finance:

Resolved, That the special income tax authorized by the joint resolution approved July 4, 1864, now remaining unpaid by persons in receipt of salaries from the United States Government, shall be levied and collected in monthly installments of equal amount, by the disbursing officers, during the year 1865; the first instalment thereof to be deducted from payment next following the passage of this resolution: *Provided*, that if any persons now in the employ of the Government shall resign or be discharged prior to the 1st of January, 1866, the amount of such special tax remaining unpaid at the date of such resignation or discharge, shall be deducted from the final payment to be made to such persons.

IMMIGRATION.

Mr. Sherman introduced a bill to amend the act to encourage immigration, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

It forbids, under the penalty of imprisonment and fine, any intercourse with emigrants before landing, except by the permission of the Commissioners of Emigration, and any restraint of the liberty of an emigrant, or any attempt to induce him, by any improper means, to enlist in the United States Army or Navy, are punishable. It also authorizes the inspectors of passengers to arrest any person violating the act for the carriage of passengers, and amends said act in several sections, the better to insure the comfort and protection of passengers, and requiring lists to be kept of the age, nativity, and the proposed place of settlement of the emigrant, with a statement of the deaths on the passage, the manifest to be sworn to by the Captain or Master. It also requires the Captains of passenger ships to pay, for the death of every person over eight years of age, the sum of $10 to the Collector of Customs or Superintendent of Emigration, to be a fund for the relief of sick and destitute emigrants. It authorizes the Superintendent of Emigration to sue for the collection of fines incurred under this act, and empowers him to employ clerks for his assistance, under the direction of the Secretary of State.

ADJOURNMENT.

After the consideration of some private bills, the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned till Monday.

THE CASE OF SURGEON-GEN. HAMMOND.

The following is the petition from the late Surgeon-General, presented in the Senate a day or two since by Senator Howard, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

To the Honorable the Senate of the United States:

The undersigned, a resident of the City of New-York, and late Surgeon-General of the Army of the United States, respectfully represents—

That he has been deprived of his commission of Surgeon-General, and prohibited from again holding office under the Government of the United States by the sentence of a general court-martial, under circumstances which he prays your Honorable Body to inquire into before confirming the appointment which has been made of his successor.

He respectfully requests that your Honorable Body will cause to be printed and will examine the record of the court-martial, and hear such additional evidence, as he was, by the neglect of the Judge Advocate to summon his principal witness, and by other circumstances, unable to lay before the court, but which it is now in his power to adduce.

He affirms, in all sincerity, that he believes the finding and sentence of the court to be illegal, and not warranted by the facts of the case; that they were procured by conspiracy and false testimony, and that consequently his removal from office, and the disability placed upon him, are unjust and wrongful.

By the failure to prosecute the civil suit instituted against him by order of the Secretary of War, and by the fact that there is no appeal from the decision of a court-martial to a higher court, your petitioner is debarred all opportunity of vindicating his unjustly aspersed character, but such as your Honorable Body may see fit to afford him.

For these reasons, he prays your Honorable Body to inquire into all the circumstances connected with his recent trial and dismissal, and to suspend action in the matter of confirming the appointment of his successor, till such inquiry is made, with the view that, should it appear that your petitioner has suffered injustice, he may be, by Act of Congress, restored to the position from which he has been displaced.

And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray, etc.

WILLIAM A. HAMMOND, M. D.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1864.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Jan. 19.

THE COMMITTEE IN THE CASE OF MR. ANDERSON.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Smith, of Kentucky; Scofield, of Pennsylvania; J. C. Allen, of Illinois; Hubbard, of Connecticut, and Brown, of Wisconsin, as the Select Committee, yesterday authorized to be appointed, to investigate the alleged charge of corruption and malfeasance against Lucien Anderson, a member of the House of Representatives, in connection with the proceedings of Gen. Payne in Kentucky.

PROPOSED TAX ON INCOMES NOW EXEMPT.

On motion of Mr. Miller, of New-York, (Union) a resolution was adopted instructing the committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of assessing one per cent on the first six hundred dollars of the incomes now exempt.

LIGHT-HOUSE DUES.

Mr. Charles O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, (Union) presented the memorial of the Philadelphia Board of Trade, recommending the levying of light-house dues upon foreign vessels trading to this country.

The memorial was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

PACIFIC RAILROAD CONVENTION.

Mr. Cole, of California, (Union) from the Committee on the Pacific Railroad, reported a bill to aid in the construction of a railroad connecting the Pacific road from California to the Columbia River, Oregon.

The consideration of the bill was postponed for one week from to-day.

TO AMEND THE STEAMBOAT LAW.

On motion of Mr. Eliot, of Massachusetts, (Union,) the Committee on Commerce was instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending the Steamboat Law of 1852, by providing safeguards in the appointment of pilots by local boards appointed for the purpose, with leave to report by bill or otherwise.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, (Union,) the Committee on the Judiciary was instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill providing for the imprisonment of juvenile offenders against the United States in houses of refuge instead of jails and penitentiaries.

THE INCREASED DUTIES ON IMPORTS.

Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, (Dem.,) introduced a joint resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, declaring that the fifty per cent. duties on imports, in the act temporarily increasing such duties, approved April 29, 1864, was due and payable only while the said act was in operation, and that all excess of duties paid be refunded.

RECORDS OF A COURT-MARTIAL CALLED FOR.

Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, (Union,) called the attention of the House to the finding of a court-martial lately held in this city, before which Major David H. Hastings was arraigned on three charges, namely: embezzlement of money belonging to the United States, knowingly using false vouchers, and forging such vouchers. He was convicted on each charge, and sentenced to be cashiered and utterly disqualified from hereafter holding any office of trust or emolument, under the United States, to refund to the Treasury $21,675, to pay a fine of $5,000, and to be imprisoned at such place as the Secretary of War might direct, for one year, or until the whole amount be paid into the treasury. The entire term of imprisonment, however, was not to exceed five years. The proceedings and finding of the court were reported to the War Department, which did not interfere with the verdict of "guilty," but commuted the sentence to suspension of rank, pay and emoluments for the period of six months.

Mr. Dawes offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Secretary of War to communicate to the House the record of said court-martial.

CREDITS FOR HUNDRED DAYS' MEN.

Mr. Noble, of Ohio, (Democrat,) introduced a joint resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, that the Secretary of War be instructed to give credit in any draft hereafter made, for the hundred days' men from Ohio and other States.

ENLISTMENTS IN ADVANCE OF THE LAST CALL.

Mr. Hubbard, of Connecticut, (Union,) offered the following:—

Whereas a circular has been issued by Provost-Marshal General Fry, which is in the following words:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 2, 1865.

CIRCULAR No. 1.—The attention of Acting Provost-Marshals, near Generals of States and Boards of Enrollment, is called to the fact that the quotas assigned under the call of Dec. 19, 1864, for three hundred thousand men, must not be reduced except by actual enlistments in the army, navy and marine corps since the 19th ultimo.

JAMES B. FRY, Provost-Marshal-General.

And whereas, Said order is manifestly unjust to such localities as have in good faith filled their quotas by enlistments in advance of said call; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be directed to inquire whether some measure should not be adopted to obviate the hardships that will result by such a construction of the law, and that they report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, (Union,) said that he had been assured that there would not be such as the gentleman from Connecticut (Hubbard) apprehended.

Mr. Schenck, of Ohio, (Union,) remarked that the Provost-Marshal had, in a conversation with him, explained all objections away. Full credits would be given for all men put in before the 19th of December. There was no necessity for the passage of the resolution, as no injustice was designed to any section or locality.

Mr. Hubbard was happy to be assured that the circular did not mean what it said, and hence withdrew his resolution.

THE AMENDMENT OF THE ENROLLMENT ACT.

Mr. Schenck said the bill amendatory of the Enrollment Act was now printed. The Committee on Military Affairs had made the amendments as few as possible, having in view greater efficiency in its operation.

The consideration of the bill was assigned for this day two weeks.

THANKS TO GEN. TERRY AND ADMIRAL PORTER.

Mr. Brandegee, of Connecticut, (Union,) offered a joint resolution, tendering the thanks of Congress to Gen. Terry and Rear-Admiral Porter, and through them to the gallant officers and men under their respective commands, for their splendid united operations by sea and land, which resulted in the capture of one of the strongest forts ever defended, and closed the only port by which the rebels derived their supplies.

Mr. Schenck, while declaring his readiness to tender the thanks, suggested that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, following the precedent as to the resolution of thanks to Gen. Sherman.

Mr. Brandegee urged the passage of the resolution. The people, in view of the recent brilliant result, were willing to thank these officers and men, and surely Congress should not hesitate to make the declaration.

Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois, (Union,) said that when the resolution of thanks to Gen. Sherman was offered, he asked for an immediate vote upon it, but the House decided to refer the resolution. They should treat all alike; and although he did not approve of the reference in that case, they should not depart from the precedent in this.

Mr. Grider, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) would merely say that he hoped every man would be willing to tender thanks also to Gen. Thomas, for his brilliant achievements.

The resolution, after further debate, was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

THANKS TO GEN. THOMAS.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, (Dem.,) introduced a resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Gen. Thomas and the army under his command, for their skill, courage and endurance, which resulted in the expulsion of the rebel forces of Gen. Hood from Tennessee.

This resolution was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Legislative, Judicial and Executive Appropriation bill.

The clauses appropriating two millions of dollars to pay the necessary expenses in carrying into effect the several acts of Congress authorizing loans and the issue of Treasury Notes having been read,

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, (Union,) offered an amendment, appropriating, in addition, $1,777,000 for procuring dies, stamps, paper, printing and circulating the notes, &c.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, (Union,) offered the following amendment to the above:

"That no further expenditure shall be made for an experimental system of hydraulic printing, until such experiments shall be duly authorized by law, and a distinct appropriation be made therefor."

Mr. Washburne said: This mode of printing was the revival of an experiment, which, after a trial of more than twenty years, had been abandoned. Three hundred thousand dollars had been expended in printing three hundred and twelve thousand dollars in notes. The money had been taken by Spencer M. Clark and Dr. Stewart Gwin for the purpose of testing the experiment, and these men had filed a caveat for a patent at the expense of the Government.

Mr. Morrill said that some of the statements of Mr. Washburne were accurate, and others not. Congress had authorized the Treasury Department to establish a printing bureau without limitation. What had been done was in pursuance of positive law. His information was that there had been losses incurred in obtaining some machinery, which was now useless; but he had ascertained at the Treasury Department that more than four times had been saved than had been lost.

Mr. Morrill's amendment, as amended on the motion of Mr. Washburne, was agreed to.

The bill mainly provides for the salaries of officers and others in the various departments of the Government, for expenses of the territories, contingent expenses, &c. Among the items of the appropriation is $1,000,000 for the payments of judgments to be rendered by the Court of Claims. The second section of the bill was amended so as to fix the compensation of the Treasurer of the United States at $6,000, for the Assistant Treasurer at New-York, $6,000; and the salaries of the Assistant Treasurers at Philadelphia, Boston and St. Louis at $5,000 each, per annum, to commence from the 4th of March next; this increased compensation to continue in force for two years from the 4th of March next, and no longer.

A motion to strike out this section was agreed to, 76 against 39.

The bill was passed.

THANKS TO GEN. TERRY AND ADMIRAL PORTER.

The Senate resolution of thanks to Gen. Terry was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, and the Senate resolutions of thanks to Admiral Porter, was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

The House adjourned.

City Notes.—A concert in aid of the funds of the Free Church of the Redemption, in East Fourteenth-street, will be given Saturday evening, in Irving Hall. Mr. George W. Morgan will act as conductor. The other attractions, which are of an unusual character, will be found in our advertising column.... The billiard tournament for the championship and possession of the golden cue will be inaugurated this evening at the Academy of Music by a match between Dudley Kavanaugh and William Goldthwait.

Violation of the Enlistment Act.—John Ericsson, cabin-boy on the steamer *Maria E. Hearn*, entered complaint before Justice Ledwith, against Robert J. Williams, alleging that that person persuaded him to go to a town in the interior of New-Jersey, and there attempted to enlist him and another youth in the United States service. Williams was committed to answer.

Counterfeits! Counterfeits! Parties Dealing in my preparations are warned against purchasing any Pills and Ointment represented as being mine that do not have my private revenue stamp on each box or pot, and the words "Holloway, New-York," water-marked in the book of directions. The counterfeits are now offered for sale in this city. Any party who will detect them will receive a handsome reward by applying to the undersigned.
THOS. HOLLOWAY,
No. 80 Maiden-lane.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. [illegible]

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news, European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY RECORD," or newssummary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

TERMS.—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year, $5. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club rates.

"Discretion shall Preserve Thee" says the wise Solomon. Therefore before disease attacks the body be discreet enough to adopt the certain means of preventing it. Reinforce the physical powers, and thus enable them to repel all influences inimical to health. Do this with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the great renovater of the system, and be safe.

"An Ounce of Prevention is Worth a Pound OF CURE."—This is a wise saying, and at a time when contagious disorders are universally rife, it is worth remembering. Strengthen all the vital organs with that mightiest yet mildest of pure vegetable tonics, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, and walk fearless in a pestilential atmosphere.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
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Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by druggists generally.

Light Guard Ball.—Ladies, if you wish beautiful white satin kid and linen gaiter boots and slips, patronize MILLEN & CO. No. 387 Canal-st.

Perry's
MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.
Chloasma, or Moth Patches, Bentigo or Freckles, blemishes in the face called moth, are very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, as the discolored spots on the face show more strongly on blondes than brunettes; but they contribute greatly in marring the beauty on either; and anything that will effectually remove them without injuring the skin in texture or color, would be considered a great achievement in medical science. Dr. B. C. PERRY, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered an infallible remedy for the removal of moth, freckles and other discolorations from the face without injuring the skin in texture or color. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. For sale by all druggists. Call for Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.
WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington-st., Boston, Wholesale Agents for New England.

A Card.
THE METROPOLITAN BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,
No. 575 Broadway.
E. A. Brooks, having sold his store and stock of goods in Fulton-st., will continue to carry on his business as heretofore at his old and commodious establishment in Broadway, where he is now prepared to offer for the inspection of his patrons the most beautiful assortment of boots, shoes, gaiters, slippers and overshoes to be found in the city. His stock of goods comprises every variety of style for ladies, gents, misses, boys and children. Special attention is called to his collection of men's, boys' and youths' water-proof boots, so necessary at this season of the year. The public are invited to call and examine, at No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

Second-Hand Safes.
In large numbers, of our own and others make, taken in exchange for our new patent Alum and Dry Plaster Safes. For sale very cheap.
MARVIN & Co., No. 265 Broadway.

How to Save a Doctor's Bill.
By providing yourselves and families with good, warm water-proof boots and shoes, which can be found in great variety at the Establishment of E. A. BROOKS, No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

To Arms! To Arms!—The Citizen Soldier will find a more deadly foe in the brackish, muddy water and damp night air, than in the most determined enemy. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS so purify the blood and strengthen the stomach and bowels that the soldier can endure these hardships and still be strong and healthy. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-store in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand, because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silks elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

At Old Prices.—WEDDING AND VISITING Cards, French Note Paper, &c., &c., EVERDELL'S elegant styles. No. 302 Broadway, corner Duane-st.

Trusses, &c.—WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS is the best truss in the world. It will positively cure rupture. No pressure on the back or cord. Different from all others.
GREGORY & CO., No. 609 Broadway.

Family sewing of every description beautifully done on the Grover & Baker sewing machine, at No. 935 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts.

Low Pressure Steam Heating Apparatus,
BAKER, SMITH & CO., No. 182 Centre-st.

Dyspepsia Tablets Cure Indigestion, Heartburn, &c. Prepared by S. G. Welling, No. 571 Broadway, (opposite Metropolitan Hotel.) 50 cents per box.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 cents, black or brown, reliable. Depot No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all druggists.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic stitch and lock-stitch sewing-machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

MARRIED.

Chapman—Brown.—At University-place Church, on Wednesday, Jan. 18, by Rev. Alexander R. Thompson, William Henry Chapman and Eliza D. Brown, daughter of Edwin J. Brown, all of this city.

Crowell—Slaight.—On Thursday, Jan. 19, in Bergen, N. J., by Rev. C. Larew, at the residence of the bride's father, Major Robert C. Crowell, of Missouri, and Maria Harriet, daughter of B. Slaight, Esq. No cards.

Gaylord—Burden.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 18, by Rev. J. S. Holme, Mr. Willis Gaylord and Miss Minnie Burdon, daughter of William Burden, Esq. No cards.

Hinchman—Lee.—At St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Jan. 19, by Rev. L. K. Mills, Frank Hinchman and Mary E. Howell, daughter of Geo. W. Lee, Esq., all of that city.

Purdy—Smith.—On Wednesday evening, Jan. 18, at the Madison-square Church, by Rev. Thomas S. Hastings, Fay H. Purdy and Flora Wilhelmina, only daughter of Thomas E. Smith, all of this city.

Sloane—Swanwick.—At Pyen's Farm, Ill., on Tuesday, Jan. 17, by Rev. Samuel Wylie, assisted by Rev. W. F. George, Rev. J. R. W. Sloane, of New-York, and Miss Fannie B. Swanwick, of Chester, Ill.

DIED.

Bates.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday morning, Jan. 19, Willie G., infant son of Joseph and Susie C. Bates, aged 15 days.

Bouton.—In Philadelphia, on Wednesday, Jan. 18, Charles A. Bouton, formerly of this city, aged 43 years.

Brower.—In South Brooklyn, on Wednesday morning, Jan. 18, Garret Brower, aged 71 years, 10 months and 27 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, on Saturday, the 21st inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the N. R. D. Church, corner of 3d-av. and 21st-st.

Barre.—On Wednesday morning, Jan. 18, Louis Pierre Barre, in the 74th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday morning, at 10½ o'clock, from St. Patrick's Cathedral, corner of Prince and Mulberry sts.

Charles.—In this city, on Tuesday, Jan. 17, Catherine A. Charles, relict of the late Col. Edmund C. Charles, aged 41 years.

The remains were interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

Conover.—On Wednesday, Jan. 18, Anna V. N. Conover, aged 37 years, 8 months and 21 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock, from the Jane-st. M. E. Church.

Duncan.—On Thursday, Jan. 19, James Duncan, in the 73d year of his age.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his son-in-law, James Murphy, No. 60 Macdougal-st., on Saturday, the 21st inst., at 1 P. M.

Elliot.—Suddenly, from hemorrhage, Martha A., wife of Rev. Henry B. Elliot, and daughter of Rev. Thomas H. Skinner, D. D., aged 42 years.

The friends will attend the funeral on Friday, Jan. 20, at 12 o'clock, from No. 113 East 39th-st. The ladies who are accustomed to attend the Monday meeting at No. 2 Bond-st. are especially invited.

Farrington.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 18, Jonas M. Farrington, in the 44th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, Hart-st., near Marcy, this day, (Friday,) the 20th inst., at 2½ P. M.

Hempsted.—Suddenly, of disease of the heart, Elizabeth J. A. Hempsted, beloved wife of Christopher M., in the 55th year of her age.

Her sudden removal overwhelms with sorrow a devoted husband, loving children, and affectionate relatives. She was endeared to all who knew her, by her exemplary conduct as a mother, wife and Christian.

☞ Norwich, Conn., papers please copy.

Lowry.—On Wednesday, Jan. 18, Sarah M. Lowry, twin daughter of J. J. and Louisa A. Lowry, aged 2 years, 4 months and 18 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Friday,) Jan. 20, at 2 o'clock, from her parents' residence, Suydam-st., near Central-av., Bushwick, L. I.

Lyon.—On Monday, June 6, at Beaufort, S. C., from effect of wounds received in battle of Olustee, Lieut. Lorenzo E. Lyon, aged 32 years and 6 months, son of Wm. P. Lyon, of this city.

The body having been brought on, will be taken to Tarrytown for interment, by Hudson River Railroad, this day, (Friday,) the 20th inst., at 11 o'clock.

McMurdy.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Jan. 19, Mary McMurdy, aged 64 years, widow of Isaac McMurdy, late of the City of Albany.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, the 22d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, John J. Hill, No. 253 Hicks-st., Brooklyn.

McQuaid.—On Thursday, Jan. 19, Martha, relict of the late William McQuaid, Sr., aged 83 years, 8 months and 2 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son, (Robert McQuaid,) No. 364 West 15th-st., on Saturday, the 21st inst., at 1 o'clock, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to New-York Bay Cemetery for interment.

Marschalk.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 18, Edna W., wife of William H. Marschalk, and daughter of Henry Ryer, in the 39th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 81 Vanderbilt-av., at 2 o'clock on Friday, Jan. 20.

Niles.—On Tuesday, Jan. 17, of chronic pneumonia, Nathaniel Francis Watson Niles, only son of Hon. Nathaniel Niles, in his 32d year.

A Requiem Mass will be celebrated at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on Friday morning, the 20th inst., at 10 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further invitation.

Rice.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 18, Mrs. Sarah J. Rice, widow of the late Capt. John D. Rice.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this day, (Friday,) the 20th inst., at 10 A. M., from the residence of Mr. W. J. Blydenburgh, No. 232 Raymond-st., Brooklyn.

Smith.—In this city, on Tuesday, Jan. 17, Miss Caroline Lord Smith, in the 54th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 416 West 44th-st., on Friday, the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

Whitney.—On Wednesday, Jan. 18, Melvin S. Whitney, aged 52 years.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 48 West 33d-st., on Friday, the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

Wilson.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Jan. 19, Harrington Wilson, son of Minard W. and Elizabeth Wilson, and late of the 40th Regt. N. Y. V., of disease engendered in camp, in the 22d year of his age.

☞ Philadelphia and New-Brunswick papers please copy.

Yorks.—On Thursday morning, Jan. 19, Abraham Yorks, in the 42d year of his age, son of George Yorks, native of Stony Brook, Long Island.

His remains will be taken to Greenwood, from his late residence, Trenton, N. J.

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

For the cure of Coughs, Colds and Consumption.

Dr. Schenck's Seaweed Tonic, for the cure of Dyspepsia, and all Debilitated Conditions of the Stomach.

Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for Diseases of the Liver, and to act as a gentle purgative.

All of these three medicines are often required in curing consumption, though the Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many desperate cases. The Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills assist in regulating the Stomach and Liver, and help the Pulmonic Syrup to digest and search through the blood-vessels, by which means a cure is soon effected.

These medicines are conscientiously offered to the public as the only safe, certain and reliable remedies for Pulmonary Consumption, and for all those morbid conditions of the body which lead to that fatal disease. Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are often forerunners of Consumption, and when they manifest themselves they require the most prompt attention.

The Pulmonic Syrup is a medicine which has had a long probation before the public. Its value has been proved by the thousands of cures it has made through a period of more than thirty years, in all which time its reputation has constantly increased, and the most obstinate skepticism can no longer doubt that it is a remedy which may be used with confidence in all cases which admit a cure.

If the patient will perseveringly follow the directions which accompany each bottle, he will certainly be cured, if his lungs are not too much wasted to make a cure possible. Even in cases supposed to be incurable, when friends and physicians have despaired, the use of this medicine has saved the life of the patient and restored him to perfect health.

Dr. Schenck was cured himself in precisely such circumstances, and many others have been equally fortunate by judiciously making timely use of Dr. Schenck's remedies.

Dr. Schenck does not say that ALL cases of Pulmonary Consumption are within the reach of medicine, but he emphatically asserts that often, when patients have the most alarming symptoms, such as a violent cough, creeping chills, night sweats and general debility, even to such a degree that they are obliged to lie in bed, and when they are given up by their physicians—

THEY MAY STILL BE CURED.

No medical treatment can create new lungs, but when the lungs are very badly diseased, and to some extent destroyed, a cure may be effected by Dr. Schenck's medicines. Also, in

SCROFULOUS DISEASES

these medicines are equally efficient. Dr. Schenck has photographs of a number of persons who have been nearly covered with running sores and are now healed up. This shows its purifying properties, which must be done to heal cavities in the lungs.

In the treatment of Consumption it is of the utmost importance to give vigor and healthy tone to the system. Hence, it is necessary to strengthen the appetite of the patient and to improve the digestion. Proper nourishment is required, together with such means as will make the food easily digestible. The articles most suitable for the diet of consumptive patients are designated in Dr. Schenck's pamphlets, which are distributed gratuitously. In general, the most highly nutritious articles are to be preferred, but the digestive organs must be strengthened in order to make either the food or medicines serviceable. This requirement is met by the Sea-Weed Tonic, and for this purpose it was designed.

When the digestive powers are put in good order, the food has its proper effect, the system of the patient is invigorated, and the lungs begin to exercise their functions in a normal and healthy manner. Then the healing powers of the Pulmonic Syrup will complete the cure.

Pulmonary Consumption is almost always complicated with Dyspepsia and Liver complaint.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

are intended to remove obstructions from the Liver, and to restore its healthy action. They have all the efficiency which is ascribed to calomel or "blue mass," and are warranted not to contain a particle of any mineral poison. These pills cure the most obstinate costiveness, sick headache, piles, bilious affections, and all other diseases which arise from a torpid or obstructed condition of the liver. One box of these pills, valued at 25 cents, will prove the efficiency of the medicine.

In Consumption, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are invaluable auxiliary medicines. They relieve the sufferings of the patient, and assist the Pulmonic Syrup in effecting a cure. They have been found useful in advanced stages of Consumption, where the lungs were almost entirely destroyed, and all symptoms, according to the judgment of the physician, indicated speedy death. The lives of patients who were actually in a dying condition have been preserved for months by the use of Dr. Schenck's three great remedies.

Dr. Schenck pledges himself to effect a cure, if the patient will apply to him before his case is altogether desperate; that is to say, before the vital organs are too far gone to admit of any cure, except by a miracle.

Dr. J. B. Schenck is the inventor of that celebrated instrument called

"SCHENCK'S RESPIROMETER,"

with which he makes examinations of the lungs, with the certainty of discovering their true condition. The charge for making an examination with the Respirometer is $3, but all advice gratis; and for this purpose he can be found at his rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, every TUESDAY, from 9 A. M. until 3 P. M. His medicines can be obtained there at all times. Price for Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each, $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 the half-dozen; Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.

DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, Agents.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.

The Public and Profession are invited to examine Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT" in COMBINATION with a gold web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 832 Broadway. Hours 9 till 5.

Can refer to patients of the highest respectability.

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ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.

BROWNE'S METALLIC WEATHER STRIPS
AND WINDOW BANDS, totally exclude COLD, WIND, RAIN, SNOW and DUST from the crevices of doors, windows and sky-lights—stops the rattling of sashes without interfering with the free use of the same. They save one-half the fuel, and are warranted good for five years. For circulars, with prices, references, &c., address the PATENT METALLIC WEATHER STRIP CO., No. 544 Broadway, corner of Bleecker-st. Brooklyn Agency, No. — Court-st., near Montague Hall.

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WILL BE READY AT 12 O'CLOCK.
WILKIE COLLINS
AND
CHARLES DICKENS.
HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE
FOR FEBRUARY, 1865.
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  With an Illustration.
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HAVE JUST PUBLISHED
HISTORY OF NEW-ENGLAND
During the Stuart Dynasty.
BY JOHN GORHAM PALFREY.
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Three volumes, $9.

The publishers are happy to announce the completion of this valuable work, relating the History of New-England down to the time of her First Revolution.

"Dr. Palfrey has written the History of New-England as it has never been written before. His fidelity, accuracy, thoroughness and candor in investigation, the niceness of his learning and the breadth of his general culture, are qualities of the highest service in his undertaking. There is a freshness in the flow of his narrative, a terse sagacity in his cursory expressions of opinion, and a judicial summing up on points disputed or perplexed, which engage alike the liveliest interest and the fullest confidence of his readers."—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

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ORPHEUS C. KERR'S POEMS.
SECOND EDITION.
THE PALACE BEAUTIFUL,
and other poems—serious and humorous—by ORPHEUS C. KERR. Handsome 12mo, cloth, gilt top, *with portrait.* Price, $1 50.

Extracts from leading critics:

"Energy, feeling, sweetness of sentiment, and grace and delicacy of fancy, are common charcteristics of the volume."—*Boston Transcript.*

"Nothing more beautiful than his ballad of 'Picciola,' has appeared among the lyrics of the war."—*Buffalo Express.*

"Poems of merit and genius."—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

"That rare thing, a volume of true poetry."—*N. Y. Daily News.*

"The poem of 'Alone,' in its grave simplicity almost quaint, would do credit to Kingsley's pen."—*Philadelphia Press.*

CARLETON, Publisher, New-York.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
FOR FEBRUARY, 1865.
Another Sensation Number, containing a beautiful steel plate, unparalleled colored Fashion Plate, and about sixty other engravings suitable to ladies and to the season. See particularly the Colored Fashion in this number.

The Steel Plate is "The Sabbath Eve," containing seven figures, and is a gem of art.

A Valentine engraving, and a Slipper, printed in colors, rather an amusing subject.

To show the cheapness of this number, which is only 25 cents, the slipper pattern and the music would cost in the stores $1. Our subscribers will see by the style and worth of the February number that we do not, as many publishers are in the habit of doing, exhaust our efforts in the January number.

Bonnets, Head-dresses, Caps, Capes, Embroidery, Braiding, Crochet and Netting Work, Curious Articles for the Toilet, and many novelties grace this number.

Marion Harland, Mrs. E. F. Ellet, Miss Frost, and Zan Thorne contribute excellent stories.

For sale by all the dealers.

THE "TIMES" REVIEW OF McCLELLAN
BY WILLIAM SWINTON.
PRICE 15 CENTS.
A few copies of this valuable document, which has attracted so much attention, are for sale at the TIMES Office. Sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of 15 cents.

THE THREE SCOUTS
WILL BE PUBLISHED THIS WEEK WITHOUT FAIL.
THREE LARGE EDITIONS
Have been prepared, and though these will not fill the advance orders, they will supply part, and prevent disappointment with the numerous admirers of this popular author.

On the certainty of large sales the price will be 50 cents less than that could be made on a book in small demand.

J. E. TILTON & CO., Publishers,
No. 161 Washington-st.

LYONS' PREMIUM CALORIC-PRESSED RYE COFFEE.
Recommended by all the best physicians in the city. Manufactured at No. 143 Chatham-st., New-York. For sale, wholesale and retail.

LADIES' BELT BUCKLES.
New styles. Large size, just received from Paris. Gilt, Jet, Steel and Pearl. Two, three, four, five, six, eight, ten, fifteen, and twenty dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

GENTLEMEN'S SCARF PINS.
TWO, THREE, FOUR, FIVE, SIX, EIGHT, TEN, FIFTEEN, TWENTY-FIVE to SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF MACHPELAH CEMETERY ASSOCIATION OF NEW-DURHAM, N. J., will be held in the basement of the Third Reformed Presbyterian Church, 23d-st., east of 8th-av., New-York, on FRIDAY, 20th inst. at 8 o'clock P. M., when an election for trustees will take place.
HUGH GLASSFORD, President.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY—SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

NINTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION—A Regular Meeting of the Ninth Ward Union Association will be held at Bleecker Building on FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 20, at 7½ o'clock. A. H. KEECH, President.
[illegible], Secretary.

DISEASES OF THE
THROAT AND LUNGS.

Editor of New-York Times:

Permit me to call the attention of your readers to the fact that I have retired from general practice, and will in future devote my time and attention exclusively to the treatment of the diseases of the

RESPIRATORY ORGANS,

by my peculiar system of

SPECIFIC TOPICAL MEDICATION.

An extensive and constant practice of over thirty years, during which a large share of my studies, time and attention have been devoted to the treatment of diseases of the THROAT and LUNGS, have enabled me to introduce most important improvements both in the examination and treatment of these organs, by which I have obtained results that attracted the attention of the medical world both in this country and in Europe. This system enables me to convey remedial agents directly to the affected parts, in a manner not attained by any other known method. These are applied in connection with such general treatment as each individual case requires and an extensive experience in that class of diseases suggests. It has proved itself of the greatest value in the following diseases:

CHRONIC CATARRH,
THROAT AFFECTIONS,
LARYNGITIS,
AFFECTIONS OF THE VOICE,
DYPHTHERIA,
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS,
CONSUMPTION,

and all the various diseases of the lungs.

The reputation of my peculiar system does not depend upon future experiments, paid-for newspaper puffs, or upon the result obtained in a few selected favorable cases, but has been tested in an extensive practice of over thirty years, both in Europe and this country, in a large number of cases of every description, with the most gratifying results. Living witnesses of the highest respectability residing here and elsewhere, whose names and residence will be cheerfully furnished at the office, will substantiate beyond all doubt the complete success of my treatment.

In retiring from the extensive general practice in which I have been engaged for upward of thirty years, and in concentrating my efforts exclusively upon the treatment of the respiratory organs—a class of diseases so prevalent in this country, and so inimical to life, I yield only to the constantly increasing demand made upon my time by office practice, and in departing from the strict rules of medical ethics, so far as to avail myself of the press as a medium for the introduction of my system to the public at large, I discharge a duty which I owe to those to whom my varied and extensive experience and acknowledged skill might be of vital importance, and who could not be reached through any other channel.

Well knowing the prejudice existing by a portion of the community against specialists, particularly (and frequently justly so) against advertising ones, I think it due to myself to state, that I am a regularly educated physician, and have been engaged in the general practice of medicine for upward of thirty years, the last half of which has been spent in this city. I am not only a member of various medical societies, but have the honor to be the founder of several of them, and have, since the commencement of my professional career, constantly contributed the result of my observations to some of the best medical journals of the day.

The proofs of each and every statement here put forth can be readily substantiated, and will cheerfully be exhibited to those interested. This course is rendered necessary by the fact that public confidence has been sadly undermined by some of the medical mountebanks who infest our city, who have *advertised* in various papers throughout the country, ficticious biographies of themselves, the statements of which differ as widely from their known antecedents as truth differs from falsehood. In order to find new dupes these gentry have to resort to new dodges, and the eye of the public is consequently often greeted with the startling announcement of some new mechanical and pretended scientific contrivance, which, for a more complete mystification, is endowed with some strange-sounding Greek name, as unintelligible to the inventor as it is to the general reader.

The mischief done by these empirics, who usually lack the very first rudiments of a medical education, is truly deploring. They not only frequently injure their victims by improper treatment, but also discourage them by their eclatant failures to perform what they promised from making more judicious efforts for their recovery.

In respectfully inviting the critical scrutiny of a discriminating public into my past record, I feel confident it will fully sustain all I have deemed it neccessary to state, to avoid being confounded with that class of impostors to whom I have above referred. Hoping sincerely that your readers will not regard me as egotistical, even though I have spoken in a strain seemingly so, I remain

Yours, respectfully,

B. SEGNITZ, M. D.,
NO. 125 NINTH-STREET,
Eighth Door West of Broadway.

Office hours from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

FINANCIAL.

A FEW FACTS

FOR THOSE INTERESTED,
OR ABOUT
BECOMING INTERESTED,
IN
OIL COMPANIES.

THE

COTTER FARM OIL COMPANY

OF
PHILADELPHIA,
OWNS, IN FEE SIMPLE,
OVER

FOUR SQUARE MILES

OF TERRITORY,
In the best Oil Region of Pennsylvania,
BEING
TWO SQUARE MILES IN WARREN COUNTY, PENN.,
On the line of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad,
AND
TWO SQUARE MILES ON THE
North Salmon Creek, Forrest County,
immediately adjoining Venango County, Penn.

The intrinsic value of their territory is greater than that of any other Oil Company now before the public, with the same amount of capital.

THERE WILL BE BUT
SIXTY THOUSAND SHARES

of the capital stock sold at the subscription price, $2 50 per share, and not a single share above that number will be sold at any price whatever until the territory is developed. This the Secretary will indorse on the back of each receipt for stock if desired.

A competent Superintendent is rapidly developing the property; he has two engines on the ground, two wells already started, and three more will be in operation as soon as the engines are completed.

There is a valuable saw mill on the Cotter Farm, and timber on the whole of the territory sufficient to give a profit of $200 per day for twenty years, or $400 daily for ten years; there is also a large amount of coal on the two square miles in Forrest County. The timber and the coal will give to the Company a handsome dividend, independent of the oil.

The market value of the territory owned by the Company has increased to such an extent that it is at present worth

THREE-QUARTERS OF A MILLION OF DOLLARS.

The amount of capital that will be raised by the sale of the

60,000 SHARES
WILL BE ONLY
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Were the company to sell out either of their properties at the present time, it would realize more than double the amount they will obtain by sale of the above number of shares. No better evidence of the stability of the company, or of the value of their stock, as an investment, can be offered.

The Directors invite all who desire investing in oil stocks to call at their offices and examine prospectus, draughts, etc., where they cannot fail to be satisfied that the

COTTER FARM OIL COMPANY

ranks among those companies that will stand when all others fail, and that it is on such a basis that stockholders cannot fail to realize a handsome profit aside from the question of oil altogether.

ISAIAH LUKENS, Esq., President.
WM. M. STEWART, Vice-President.
WM. D. SMITH, Treasurer.
E. J. HARRISON, Secretary.

The books for subscription will be open for a short time longer at the offices of the company,

NO. 42 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK,

and Nos. 23 and 24 Washington Building, third door below Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

REFERENCE:
P. L. GILBERT, Esq., Albany, N. Y.
E. F. CUSHMAN, Esq., Troy, N. Y.

PETROLEUM

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA, AND BALTIMORE CONSOLIDATED
PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY.
CAPITAL, $1,500,000, DIVIDED INTO 300,000 SHARES.
PAR VALUE, $5.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $1 PER SHARE.
NO FURTHER ASSESSMENT OR CALL ON THE SUBSCRIBERS, AS 50,000 SHARES ARE RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

PRESIDENT—J. S. CLARK, of New-York.
VICE PRESIDENT—R. H. WISHART, New-York.
TREASURER—H. F. DEVOE, New-York.
SECRETARY—J. CONKLIN, New-York.

DIRECTORS:
R. V. R. KETCHUM, Baltimore, Md.
O. KING, Baltimore, Md.
J. H. GOULD, Philadelphia, Pa.
W. WOODRUFF, Baltimore, Md.
R. H. WISHART, New-York.
Dr. T. S. RING, New-York.
A. CLARK, Tar Farm, Pa.
H. B. CLARK, Oil City, Pa.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENTS:
J. S. CLARK, N. Y. A. CLARK, Tar Farm, Pa.
H. B. CLARK, Oil City, Pa.

OFFICES:
No. 71 BROADWAY, N. Y.,
Nos. 612 and 614 CHESTNUT-ST., PHILA.,
No. 147 BALTIMORE-ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

The company is organized under the laws of the State of New-York. The principal office is No. 71 Broadway, with branch offices in Philadelphia and Baltimore, for the convenience of subscribers, where the certificates of stock will be issued to subscribers without delay. The property, embracing upward of 635 acres, has been selected with great care during the last three years, by those of the directors who have been constantly operating on Oil Creek, and throughout the entire oil region of Pennsylvania, as well as Western Virginia, and was not selected to sell, but for the purpose of development and producing oil, having now some ten wells under contract, and being bored with vigor, besides those already completed and producing, making in all 13 wells now on the property. Every acre of this Company's property is bottom, and the best of boring-land, much of it on Oil Creek, Cherry Run, Cherry Tree Creek, Walnut Bend, Alleghany River, and other streams where the lands are being developed with good success and prospects of a very large product of oil.

OFFICE IN NEW-YORK, where Prospectus, Maps and every information can be obtained,
No. 71 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

HENRY A. HEISER & SON,

NO. 44 PINE STREET,
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
BUY AND SELL
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 6s. OF '81 BONDS,
U. S. 10-40 BONDS,
ONE-YEAR SIX PER CENT. DEBT CERTIFICATES,
7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES,
And every form of United States Securities.

We have always on hand a large assortment of Certificates of Indebtedness, due in every month of the year, which we offer at rates that pay more interest than the late dates at Board quotations.

MANGAM, JENKINS & CO.,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, MERCANTILE PAPER, STOCKS, BONDS, &c.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.

U. S. 10-40 Bonds. U. S. 5-20 Bonds.
U. S. 6s of '81 Bonds. U. S. 73-10th Treasury Notes.
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness bought and sold at market rates.
Stocks and other securities bought and sold at Brokers' Board on commission.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of this association will be held at their bank, No. 5 Nassau-st., on the 14th day of February next, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors of said bank. C. N. JORDAN, Cashier.
Dated New-York, Jan. 10, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY, No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE will be a meeting of the stockholders of this company on the 23d day of January inst., at noon, at the office of the company, to take into consideration the present condition of the company's affairs, and to express their wishes in respect to its future management.

Transfer Books will be closed from the evening of the 17th to the morning of the 24th inst.
DATED Jan. 9, 1865. W. TITUS, Secretary.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1864.

TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.
For sale by WELLS, FARGO & CO.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 3, first floor over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION
TO THE
CAPITAL STOCK OF THIS COMPANY
WILL CLOSE
On THURSDAY, Jan. 19, at 3 o'clock,
Unless completed before.

EMPIRE CITY PETROLEUM CO.,

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
OFFICE NO. 74 BROADWAY.

TRUSTEES:
J. C. DAYTON, of J. C. Dayton & Co., No. 107 Front-st.
HENRY K. SHELDON, of Sheldon, Hoyt & Co., No. 43 Chambers-st.
EBEN BARTON, of Wm. E. Bird & Co., No. 61 Front-st.
WM. M. PARKS, No. 19 Broad-st.
WM. A. FOWLER, No. 74 Broadway.
AUGUSTUS EMBURY, No. 107 Front-st.
JACOB STANWOOD, Boston.
R. S. CUSHMAN, of R. S. & P. Cushman, Albany.
FRANKLIN EDSON, of Edson & Co., Albany.

SECRETARY AND TREASURER: JAMES M. WESTERVELT.
PRESIDENT: J. C. DAYTON.

The property of the Company consists of about 300 acres of the best oil territory, (in fee simple,) on CHERRY RUN and ALLEGHANY RIVER, with eighteen interests in leases, principally on Cherry Run, Venango County, Pennsylvania, which has been selected by competent judges of oil property. The producing interests are now yielding TWO PER CENT. PER MONTH on the capital stock; and when wells which are rapidly being put down are completed, large increase of yields are expected.

The CAPITAL of the Company is ONE MILLION DOLLARS, divided in 200,000 SHARES. PAR VALUE, $5 each.

$100,000 WORKING CAPITAL.

The books are now opened for a limited number of subscriptions at the following offices:

In New-York City—Messrs. J. C. DAYTON & CO., No. 107 Front-st., WM. M. PARKS, Esq., No. 19 Broad-st., WM. A. FOWLER, Esq., No. 74 Broadway, and at the office of the Company, No. 74 Broadway.

In Boston—JACOB STANWOOD, Esq., No. 9 North Market-st., and JOHN S. JOY, Esq., No. 190 Hanover-street.

In Albany—R. S. & P. CUSHMAN, Broadway, and EDSON & CO., Hudson-st.

PETROLEUM

WAGSTAFF & GOETCHIUS,
No. 71 BROADWAY, ROOM NO. 29,
OFFER FOR SALE
OIL STOCKS.

EXCELSIOR,	CLIFTON,
McKINLEY,	BUCHANAN,
BERGEN COAL AND OIL,	CONSOLIDATED,
OCEANIC,	HIGHGATE,
RYND FARM,	FOUNTAIN.

GREAT WESTERN CONSOLIDATED.

All of which we can recommend as good investments at present prices. Subscriptions can be made through us, free of charge, in any of the Oil Companies now being organized, at original prices.

LANDS.
Wells and Leases on Watson Flats, Penn.
60 acres on Pit-Hole Creek, Penn.
245 acres on French Creek, West Virginia.
Price $24,000; very cheap.
850 acres—Leases in Ohio.
All the above are good oil lands, with wells producing near them. For sale low, if taken at once.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
and dealers in Government Securities,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
receive orders for the
NEW 7-30 LOAN
and have the notes always on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

☞ Banks, Bankers and Dealers supplied on favorable terms.

☞ All kinds of Government Securities bought and sold at market rates.

REMOVAL.

THE CLINTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY have removed to No. 156 Broadway, between Liberty-st. and Maiden-lane.

THE

SPEEDWELL MUTUAL COAL CO.

CAPITAL, $400,000.
40,000 SHARES—$10 PER SHARE.
WORKING CAPITAL, $30,000.

Each share of stock entitles the holder of the share to one Gross Ton (2,240 lbs.) of Coal at cost—$7 50—or less, with a divisional dividend of 20 per cent. which will reduce the net cost of coal to a very low figure. This enterprise should be taken hold of by every person using coal; it is not only a saving of 50 per cent on the cost of the coal, but a good paying dividend to every share of stock, which renders it a very desirable investment to the capitalist as well as the poor man. The colliery is now producing 80,000 tons per annum of the best Red Ash Coal. The subscription books are now open. Please call and see prospectus and learn particulars of

WILLIAM I. HARLAN,
Coal Office, Room No. 71, Trinity Building,
No. 111 Broadway.

The attention of all retail dealers is called to the above.

JOHN B. MURRAY,
NO. 11 BROAD-ST., NEAR WALL,
DEALER IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

OIL AND COAL LANDS.

Several tracts in Braxton County, West Virginia, for sale by the subscriber.
TITLES WARRANTED. Apply Nos. 8 and 10 Wall-st., Room No. 41, between 11 and 2 o'clock.
E. HECKSCHER.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE No. 18 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1865.

TO THE GUARANTEED STOCKHOLDERS.—A Dividend of Five Per Cent., less Government tax, will be paid to the holders of Guaranteed Stock, at this office, on the 1st day of February next.

In order to reconcile conflicting interests in dispute growing out of a claim made by a portion of the guaranteed stockholders for back dividends, this company has consented, as a compromise, to accept of a proposition made by parties owning and representing a large majority of the guaranteed stock, and by parties who have heretofore brought suits for back dividends against this company, which suits are now, on this settlement, withdrawn. The company deems it but just to offer the same terms of settlement to the remaining stockholders as have been accorded to the majority above-named, viz.:

In addition to the Five Per Cent. Cash Dividend, payable on the 1st day of February next, this company is ready to issue to the guaranteed stockholders common stock at par to the extent of 30 per cent. of the guaranteed stock held by them, in full payment of all claims for dividends and interest accruing prior to February 1, 1863, indorsing such payment upon the face of the guaranteed stock certificates. All common stock so issued prior to the closing of the common stock books, on the 14th of February prox., will be entitled to the Three and a half Per Cent. Dividend on common stock, payable March 1, 1865. HENRY KEEP, Treasurer.

PUBLIC PETROLEUM STOCK EXCHANGE, No. 73 Broadway, corner Rector-st.

NOTICE.—THE PUBLIC PETROLEUM STOCK Exchange for dealings in Petroleum stocks, located in the Empire Buildings, No. 73 Broadway, corner of Rector-st., will open for business on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 1. I wish the officers of the various Petroleum Companies of this and other States to furnish me, as promptly as practicable, prospectuses showing their organizations, in order that a full list of stocks may be compared. I am now ready to furnish subscribers with their tickets of admission and to receive additional subscribers. The annual subscription to this Exchange is twenty-five ($25) dollars.
W. L. JACKSON, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE EAST RIVER BANK WILL ORganize as soon as practicable as a National Bank, with the capital increased to $500,000.

Having a surplus of over 40 per cent., a dividend in stock of 25 per cent. will be made to present shareholders: the remainder of the surplus will be participated in by the increased stock.

The subscription book is now open at the bank, No. 680 Broadway.

By order of the board.
WM. S. CARMAN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY, DUBUQUE, Iowa, Jan. 11, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad Co. will be held at the office of the Company in Dubuque, Iowa, on MONDAY, Feb. 13, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing four directors for the term of two years. LOUIS BOISOT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF BROADWAY INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 158 Broadway, NEW-YORK, Jan. 13, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company, and for Inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held at their office, No. 158 Broadway, on TUESDAY, 24th inst. Polls open from 12 M. until 1 o'clock P. M. JOHN WRAY, Secretary.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, No. 68 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 18, 1865.

INTEREST ON FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of this Company, due Feb. 1, will be paid at this office. The transfer books will be closed on and after Jan. 21, until day of payment.
C. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

LENOX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 16 WALL-ST.—At an election for Directors, held at the office of the Company, on the 10th inst., George C. Collins, William H. Slocum, Charles M. Church, John J. Dortic, and Lynde L. Jones, whose term expiring, were reelected. At a subsequent meeting of the board, held this day, GEORGE A. JARVIS was unanimously reelected President of the company for the ensuing year.
WALTER M. FRANKLIN, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

SPECIAL PETROLEUM NOTICE.

"LITTLE KANAWHA
AND
ELK RIVER
PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY,"
OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Geologists and practical men unite in their belief, and to report, "that the property of this company—62,860 acres of land, in fee—is in the very centre of the West Virginia Oil Region—has numerous oil and gas springs along the banks of its principal streams, (one of which vies with the famous Burning Spring itself,) and is surrounded by properties on every side that are unmistakable in their oil-bearing character.

The subscription for its purchase is now being made at the office of the undersigned. It contains the names of many of our prominent capitalists and business men, is already far advanced, and will be closed at an early day.

Prof. Richardson's very able and interesting report on the property, with circular attached, containing the conditions of the subscription, and any additional information, can be obtained at this office.

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO.,
No. 61 Cedar-st., New-York.

OFFICE OF THE
METROPOLITAN INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 108 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 10, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE BUSINESS AND CONDITION OF THE COMPANY ON THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1864.

Unearned Premiums, Jan. 1, 1864		$167,139 80
Premiums received in 1864, as follows:		
On Marine Risks	$493,313 46	
On Fire Risks	437,235 04	—930,548 50
Total premiums		$1,097,688 30
Premiums marked off as earned from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1864	$778,026 34	
Less Return Premiums	56,460 56	
Net Earned Premium		$721,565 78
Losses paid during the year:		
On Marine Risks	$170,656 54	
On Fire Risks	206,468 63	
Total Losses	$377,125 17	
Reserved for Losses Unadjusted	20,625 18	
Expenses, Reinsurance Commission and Taxes, (less interest received.)	198,293 12	—$596,043 47
Net profits		$125,522 31
The capital of said company actually paid up in cash is		$300,000 00
The surplus on the first day of January, 1865		458,321 84
Total amount of capital and surplus		$758,321 84

ASSETS JANUARY 1ST, 1865.

Amount of cash on hand and in Bank	$106,741 19
Amount of cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission	41,746 56
Amount of U. S. and N. Y. City Stocks and Bonds	187,029 50
Amount of Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien of record on Unincumbered Real Estate	185,550 00
Amount of Loans on Collateral, payable on demand	92,375 00
Amount of other Miscellaneous Items	20,500 00
Amount due for Premiums on Policies issued at office	19,167 77
Amount of Bills Receivable for Premiums on Marine Risks	91.455 70
Interest due and accrued, but not yet payable	13,756 12—$758,321 84

☞ The Board of Directors have this day resolved to pay a dividend of

SIX PER CENT.

on the outstanding Certificates of Profits, to the holders thereof or their legal representatives, on and after Monday, the 20th of February next; also a dividend of

TEN PER CENT.

on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable in cash on demand; also a dividend of

FIFTY PER CENT.,

in scrip, on the net earned Participating Premiums of the company for the year 1864, for which Certificates will be issued on and after the 20th day of March next.

DIRECTORS:

JAS LORIMER GRAHAM,	DANIEL PARISH,
ROBT. M. C. GRAHAM,	DUDLEY B. FULLER,
EDW. A. STANSBURY,	HENRY V. BUTLER,
JOSEPH B. VARNUM,	GILBERT L. BEECKMAN,
BOWES R. McILVAINE,	CHARLES P. KIRKLAND,
FREDK. H. WOLCOTT,	JOS. B. VARNUM, JR.,
WILLIAM K. STRONG,	WATSON E. CASE,
JOHN C. HENDERSON,	LORRAIN FREEMAN,
GUSTAVUS A. CONOVER,	EDWARD MACOMBER,
MARTIN BATES, JR.,	J. L. GRAHAM, JR.,
PASCHAL W. TURNEY,	S. D. BRADFORD, JR.,
FRANKLIN H. DELANO,	GEO. W. HATCH,

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President.
ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM, Vice-President.
EDWARD A. STANSBURY, 2d Vice-President.
JOHN C. GOODRIDGE, Secretary.

PETROLEUM.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL PETROLEUM EXCHANGE,
NO. 10 PINE-ST.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1864.

To the subscribers of the
UNITED PETROLEUM FARMS ASSOCIATION,
HOFFMAN PETROLEUM COMPANY,
BLOOD FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY,
HOME PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OIL CITY PETROLEUM COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the above-named companies, recently held, a resolution was passed, authorizing

TWO HUNDRED LEASES,

to be made on the several properties owned by said companies.

There is an opportunity for all who are subscribers, (and wish to do so,) to take an interest in the practical development of these oil lands.

There are parties who propose to engage in working these leases in such manner as, we think, to make it lucrative, and an object for the subscribers to become interested with them; we make the subscribers this offer, when, if they do not deem it desirable, others are ready to engage in the work immediately.

There are fifty engines already ordered to prosecute this work.

We respectfully request subscribers to give this matter their early and earnest attention, and advise us immediately what they desire in the premises.

WED. W. CLARK & CO.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.

We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 6s, OF 1881,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS,
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.
Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.
ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS OF 1881.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED 10-40 BONDS.
ONE YEAR CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS.

NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTE LOAN USUAL COMMISSION ALLOWED.

MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS COLLECTED OR PURCHASED.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York,
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AGENTS
for the sale of the
"7-3-10 NATIONAL LOAN."

All denominations ready for immediate delivery. One-quarter per cent. commission allowed in all cases, and liberal terms made with Banks, Bankers, and Dealers.

ALL DESCRIPTIONS
OF
UNITED STATES SECURITIES
purchased, and on hand, for sale.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 240 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 10, 1865.

AT AN ELECTION HELD THIS DAY, the following persons were elected Directors of this bank for the ensuing year:

J. T. Sanger,	Albert G. Lee,
E. L. Fancher,	N. K. Rosenfeld,
John Elliott,	Charles G. Barrett,
Lewis Einstein,	Edwin F. Knowlton,
John Falconer,	Jacob H. Dater,
Henry I. Baker,	Daniel L. Ross.

At a subsequent meeting of the board, Daniel L. Ross was unanimously re-elected President.
JOHN H. STOUT, Cashier.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE No. 18 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1865.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS FOR THE guaranteed stock of this company will be closed on the 17th inst., and reopened on the 2d day of February next. The transfer books for the common stock of this company will be closed on the 14th day of February, and reopened on the 2d day of March next.
D. P. BARHYDT, Secretary.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANA AND WESTERN RAILROAD CO. GENERAL OFFICE, No. 35 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1864.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF TIHS Company are closed until the morning of Friday, the 20th day of January, proximo.
By order of the Board of Managers.
A. I. ODELL, Treasurer.

TRANSFER OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, 20th January, 1865.

THE COUPONS DUE FEB. 1, 1865, FROM the Bonds of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, and the Chicago and North Western Railroad Company, will be paid on and after that day on presentation at this office. JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY, COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 48 EXCHANGE-PLACE, (Room No. 20, third floor,) NEW-YORK, Jan. 18, 1865.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS COMpany will be closed from the 25th of January to the 10th of February next.
G. E. TAINTOR, Transfer Agent.

FINANCIAL.

BROOKLYN

PETROLEUM COMPANY.

CAPITAL, $500,000.
100,000 SHARES AT $5 PER SHARE.
$100,000 RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.
OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,
NO. 74 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

OFFICERS:
ALEXANDER McCUE, President.
WILLIAM H. WALLACE, Vice-President.
WILLIAM A. FOWLER, Treasurer.
CHAS. P. WILLIAMS, 2d, Secretary.
CHARLES LOWREY, Counselor.

TRUSTEES:
ALEXANDER McCUE, No. 341 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.
WM. H. WALLACE, No. 121 Washington-st., N. Y.
ANDREW CARRIGAN, Chambers-st., N. Y.
WILLIAM A. FOWLER, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.
EDWARD R. JONES, corner Broome and Lewis sts., N. Y.
EDWARD F. PATCHEN, (Messrs. T. Ketcham & Co.,) No. 68 Wall-st., N. Y.
CHARLES LOWREY, Montague-st., Brooklyn.
A. C. BURKE, M. D., No. 142 Union-st., Brooklyn.
WILLIAM M. LITTLE, (of Wyckoff & Little,) Montague-st., near Court, Brooklyn.

The property of this company consists of 182 acres of good boring territory, IN FEE SIMPLE, situate in the heart of the Oil Region, in Venango County, Pennsylvania, together with leases in wells, which are now producing a net product of nearly FORTY BARRELS PER DAY, which at the present price of $12 per barrel, is $480 per day, or over $14,000 per month, which gives over TWO AND A-HALF PER CENT. ON THE CAPITAL STOCK, and when the wells, which are now going down, are completed, the production of oil to the company will be LARGELY INCREASED.

It also owns the ENTIRE WORKING INTEREST in two wells which are being bored, with every indication of being fine producing wells.

It also owns interest in nine wells, now being sunk, which, when completed, will largely increase its revenue.

The trustees are determined to make it rank among the best petroleum companies yet formed, and have reserved a large

WORKING CAPITAL OF $100,000,

to develop the property.

The subscription books, for a limited number of shares, are now open at the offices of Messrs. T. Ketcham & Co., No. 68 Wall-st.; Wm. H. Wallace, Esq., No. 131 Washington-st.; Wm. A. Fowler, Esq., No. 74 Broadway; E. R. Jones, Esq., City Mills, corner Broome and Lewis sts, in the City of New-York; and Messrs. Wyckoff & Little, Montague-st., near Court; D. K. Ducker, Esq., No. 38 Fulton-st.; D. B. Powell, No. 77 Myrtle-av., in the City of Brooklyn, or of either of the Trustees.

COAL MINES OWNED BY CONSUMERS.

COAL
SUPPLIED AT ACTUAL COST.
NO PERSONAL LIABILITY.

THE CONSUMERS' BENEFIT COAL COMPANY is now organizing upon the mutual plan, and presents the same features that have resulted so successfully in Philadelphia and Boston. This is the pioneer company in New-York.

Cash Capital	$600,000
Number of shares	60,000
Par Value (to be full paid)	10

Each share entitles the holder to receive annually and perpetually

ONE TON OF COAL AT ACTUAL COST,

and semi-annual cash dividends of the profits of the sales of surplus coal after supplying the shareholders. It is confidently expected that the profits to the shareholders will more than repay the original cost of each share within two years. Very few enterprises can offer equal advantages, combined with benevolence, in furnishing an article used by all, at the least possible cost.

The Directors have secured a perpetual lease of the celebrated

AUDENRIED IMPROVEMENT AND COAL COMPANY'S MINES.

Improvements, personal property, &c., in full and successful operation, at Wilkesbarre, Penn.

The quality of the coal for domestic and manufacturing purposes, (being the great Baltimore veins,) the facilities and economy of mining, are unsurpassed by that of any mines in the United States.

There are six steam engines, pumps, breakers and shaft, (each 1,000 tons daily capacity,) slope mine roads, cars, tools, implements, miners' houses, powder and oil houses, carpenters' and blacksmiths' shops, horses, mules, &c., complete.

100,000 tons of coal is now ready for removal, and with complete facilities, by railroads and canals. A supply of 160,000 to 200,000 tons can be annually taken out and delivered, commencing immediately upon the organization.

Shareholders may order their coal in any of the usual sizes.

STOVE,
BROKEN,
LUMP,
EGG, or
NUT.

MANUFACTURERS', REFINERS', AND LARGE CONSUMERS' COAL DELIVERED IN CARGO.

The colliery, with present machinery, is now capable of turning out from 1,000 to 1,600 tons daily, and Coal will be delivered at any place within the cities of New-York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, and other adjacent cities on the rivers or railroads centreing therein, at the actual cost of mining, transportation and delivery.

Consumers are invited to subscribe for this Stock (at least as many shares as they use tons of coal per annum.) and make this the Pioneer Company in economy of cost of Coal.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN ANDERSON, No. 413 5th-av.
Colonel A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President Home Insurance Company.
Hon. C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor of New-York.
Hon. ALFRED M. WOOD, Mayor of Brooklyn.
Hon. ORESTES CLEVELAND, Mayor of Jersey City.
Hon. MARTIN KALBFLEISCH, Ex-Mayor and M. C., Brooklyn.
CHARLES JENKINS, President East River Bank.
C. H. DELAMATER, Delamater Iron Works.
J. L. DOUGLASS, Secretary Merchants' Insurance Company.
C. H. APPLEGATE, C. H. Applegate & Bro.
C. V. B. OSTRANDER, President Merchants' Insurance Company.
JAS. H. WHEATLEY, Finkin & Wheatley.
Hon. DANIEL F. TIEMANN, Ex-Mayor.
R. O. GLOVER, President Harmony Insurance Company.

COUNSEL:
BARNEY, BUTLER & PARSONS, Trinity Buildings.

Books of subscription are now open at the following places:
Office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway (Room No. 50, Empire Building, back room, second story.)
East River Bank, No. 680 Broadway.
C. H. Applegate & Bro., No. 354 Broadway.
Wyckoff & Little, Montague-st, Brooklyn, Agents.
Mayor's Office, Jersey City.

THE NEWARK PETROLEUM COMPANY.

Incorporated under the Laws of New-York.
CAPITAL STOCK $130,000—SHARES $10 EACH.
Office No. 37 Park-row, Room No. 8.

Owns two hundred acres of land in fee simple, its entire product being the property of stockholders. Located in the heart of the most productive oil region, near Puthole Creek, three-quarters of a mile from the Alleghany, about forty rods from Cherry Run. It is surrounded with wells. Among them are the Reed, Amazon, Auburn, Horten and Warren wells. The pipes transmitting oil from the last cross this territory. This Company offer special inducements for investment, not only in location, surroundings and intrinsic value, but in the fact that the capital of $130,000 is so small in proportion to its large and valuable territory, owned in fee simple. There is room for many wells, whose product will be divided on a small capital, promising large remuneration. Should the whole territory yield only an equivalent to one 40-barrel well, it would give a net of $120,000 per year to divide on its stock, or about 100 per cent. If the surrounding developments are any guide, it should yield several times that amount. The President is actually engaged in the work of development. The books will be open for subscription, for a short time, at the office, a limited amount of stock only being left.

WM. G. LORD, President.
JOHN McKILLOP, Vice-President.
W. H. MURPHY, Treasurer.
S. CHASE, Secretary.

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE WYOMING PETROLEUM COMPANY of Black Creek, Canada West.

1. The amount of the Capital Stock of said Company is $250,000, which was issued in payment of property necessary for carrying on the business of the Company.

2. There are no existing debts or liabilities against said Company.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 18, 1865.
JAMES W. CONROW, Secretary.
ROBERT WHITE,
OWEN C. OWENS,
JAMES THOMPSON,
M. K. MOODEY,
} A majority of the Trustees of said Company.

City and County of New-York, ss.—JAMES W. CONROW of said city, to me known personally, appeared before me, and being duly sworn, did depose and say that he is the Secretary of the above-mentioned Company; that the foregoing report is subscribed by him, and by a majority of the Trustees of said Company, and that the same is true. JAMES W. CONROW, Secretary.

Sworn before me, this 19th day of January, 1865.
CHAS. RUSTON, Commissioner of Deeds.
[U. S. Internal Revenue stamp, five cents.]

THE YONKERS AND NEW-YORK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY have declared a Dividend of Five per Cent., free from Government tax, payable on and after the 16th inst.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the COPAKE IRON MINES, will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 25, at 1 o'clock P. M.
WM. WARD, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Lehigh and Susquehannah Coal Company, will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., New-York, on THURSDAY, Jan. 26, at 1 o'clock.
JAS. A. TIMPSON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Schuylkill Coal Company will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., New-York, on THURSDAY, Jan. 26, at 1 o'clock P. M.
JAS. A. TIMPSON, Secretary.

ERIE RAILWAY STOCK TAKEN AT par for a beautiful country seat on New Haven Railroad at cash price. Inquire, Room No. 8, No. 78 Cedar-st.

WE HAVE THIS DAY AUTHORIZED Mr. CLARENCE S. BROWN to sign for us, by power of attorney. BROWN BROTHERS & CO.

FINANCIAL.

WILLIAM C. GILMAN,
NO. 46 PINE-ST.,
BUYS AND SELLS
MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE SCRIP.

OIL LANDS.

The subscriber has on hand about 10,000 acres of land, in Western Virginia, in Guyandott Valley, called the Oil Basin. Being an original owner, I will sell reasonable. A very desirable chance for forming a rich Petroleum Company. S. BROWN, No. 170 Broadway, Room No. 2, second floor.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

DIVIDENDS.

THE QUICKSILVER

MINING COMPANY.

The Directors of the Quicksilver Mining Company have THIS DAY declared a Semi-annual Dividend FIVE DOLLARS per share in UNITED STATES GOLD COIN, payable February 15, 1865, to Shareholders of Record, January 31, 1865.

Transfer books will be closed from February 1 to 10, inclusive.

WALTER E. LAWTON, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 4, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE
HOPE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 92 BROADWAY.

The Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock of this company, payable to the stockholders on demand, free of Government tax.

THOMAS GREENLEAF, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1865.

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 12 WALL-ST.

CASH CAPITAL	$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JAN. 1, 1865	270,333
Gross Assets	1,270,3 3

TWENTY NINTH DIVIDEND.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of (6) SIX PER CENT, on the whole capital, (free from Government Tax,) payable on Monday, the 16th inst.

NEW-YORK, January 11, 1865.
JONATHAN D. STEELE, Pres.
P. NOTMAN, Sec.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE CLINTON FIRE INS. CO., No. 156 BROADWAY.

A Semi-annual Dividend of Five per (5) Cent. has been declared payable on and after the 9th inst., free of Government tax. J. B. AMES, Jr., Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 5, 1865.

ASTOR
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL AND ASSETS, $288,000.

The Directors have declared a Semi-annual Dividend of five Per Cent., payable on and after 1st February next, free of Government tax.
ROBERT D. HART, Secretary.

SIXTH DIVIDEND.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 19, 1865.

The Trustees of the Consolidated Petroleum Oil Company have this day declared a Dividend of One Per Cent. on the capital stock, (par value $10 per share,) payable at the office of the company, No. 40 Broad-st., on and after the 21st inst. C. R. GRIFFIN, Secretary.

THE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 187 WEST-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 5, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMpany have this day declared a Dividend from the earnings of the road for six months, ending 31st December ultimo, of Three and One Half Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock.

Also, a dividend of Four Per Cent. on the Common Capital Stock.

Both payable (less the Government tax of Five Per Cent.) at the Treasurer's Office, Erie-place, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of February next, to the registered holders of stock at the closing of the books.

The transfer books of both Preferred and Common Stock will be closed on the afternoon of MONDAY, the 16th inst., and be reopened on the 2d of February.
HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE No. 18 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF 3 1-2 PER CENT., FREE of Government tax, will be paid on the common stock of this company, on the 1st day of March next, to the stockholders, standing as such on the books of this company at the close of business on the 14th day of February next. HENRY KEEP, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO., NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held this day, it was resolved that a dividend of five per cent. in cash, free of Government tax, be paid on the first day of February next, to the holders of full-paid shares of this Company, registered the 20th day of January next, and that the transfer books be closed on the said 20th day of January, and opened on the 3d day of February.
THOMAS E. WALKER, Treasurer.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors of the New-Jersey Zinc Company, held this 19th day of January, 1865, a Semi-Annual Dividend of Four Per Cent. was declared on Common and Preferred Stock, payable on and after the 1st day of February next, at the transfer office of the company, No. 108 Liberty-st., New-York. The transfer books will be closed from the 23d instant to the 30th instant, both days inclusive.
B. S. GIBLIN, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD CO., CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 16, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS company have declared a Dividend of Seven per cent., payable Feb. 1 next, free of Government tax. Stockholders registered in New-York will be paid at the office of the United States Trust Company. The transfer books will be closed from the evening of the 21st inst. until Feb. 2. GEO. H. RUSSELL, Treasurer.

KNICKERBOCKER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, Jan. 10, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a *Semi-annual Dividend of Five per cent.* free of Government tax, payable on and after Monday, the 16th instant.

The transfer books will be closed until that day.
B. D. SKIDMORE, Secretary.

NEW-JERSEY R. R. AND TRANSPORTATION CO., OFFICE No. 2 NASSAU-ST., CORNER WALL, NEW-YORK, Jan. 16, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after 1st February next. The transfer books will be closed from date to 2d February.
H. J. SOUTHMAYD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO., NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1865.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THIS Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of TEN PER CENT., out of the profits of the Company, payable on and after the 1st day of February next, at the office of the Company, No. 29 William-st., corner of Exchange-place. The transfer books will remain closed until the 30th Jan. inst.

By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK, Jan. 11, 1865.

AN INTEREST DIVIDEND AT THE RATE of Six per Cent. per annum, free of Government tax, will be paid on all deposits entitled to the same, on and after Monday, Jan. 16, 1865.

By order M. D. VAN PELT, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

N. B.—Money deposited on or before the 20th will draw interest from Jan. 1.

BANK OF KENTUCKY—DIVIDEND—THE Bank of Kentucky has declared a Semi-annual Dividend of three per cent., free from government tax, payable to New-York stockholders on demand at the Bank of America.

OFFICE OF PACIFIC FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 470 BROADWAY.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of six (6) per cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after the 11th inst. THOMAS F. JEREMIAH, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—LENOX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 16 Wall-st.—A Semi-annual Dividend of Five Per Cent. has been this day declared, payable on demand, free of Government tax.
WALTER M. FRANKLIN, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 11, 1865.

RELIEF FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 4, 1865.—DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Seven Per Cent., payable on demand. W. E. CRARY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 102 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 10, 1865.

THIS COMPANY HAS THIS DAY DECLARED a Dividend of Seven per Cent. upon its capital, payable to its stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after Thursday, 12th instant.
H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF EXCELSIOR FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 130 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 11, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on demand.
SAMUEL M. CRAFT, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.—A Dividend of TEN PER CENT. has been declared, payable on the 16th inst., at the office of the Company, No. 68 Wall-st. By order of the Board,
ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE RYND FARM OIL COMPANY, No. 8 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 18, 1865.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE DECLARED A dividend of Four per cent., payable on and after the 1st of February. Transfer books closed on the 23d inst.
S. F. JENKINS, Treasurer.

BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK.—DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual Dividend of five (5) per cent., free from Government tax, has been declared on the capital stock of this bank, payable on and after Jan. 30. H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

FARMERS' BANK OF KENTUCKY—DIVIDEND.—The Farmers' Bank of Kentucky has declared a Semi-annual Dividend of five per cent., free from government tax, payable to New-York stockholders on demand at the Bank of America.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT.,
FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.
THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.
CHARTERED 1854.

BANK OPEN DAILY, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 P. M.

SIX PER CENT. interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $1,000, free from Government tax.

All moneys deposited on or before Jan. 20 will draw interest from the 1st.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT.,
FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.
CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 58 BOWERY, CORNER OF CANAL-ST.

1865—JANUARY INTEREST. The regular semi-annual interest at the rate of six and five per cent. per annum, free from Government tax, will be paid on all sums entitled thereto, on and after FRIDAY, Jan. 20.

Interest not withdrawn will be added to the original deposit, and draw interest the same as the principal.

Money deposited on or before Jan. 20 will bear interest from the 1st of January.

Bank open every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY from 5 to 7 P. M.

GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK.
NO. 1 THIRD-AV.

The Trustees of this institution have directed that FIVE AND SIX PER CENT. interest be allowed to depositors, FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX, payable on or after the 20th instant. Dividends not drawn will be placed on interest as principal.

Deposits made at the present time will be ALLOWED INTEREST FROM JANUARY 1.

Bank open from 10 to 2 o'clock DAILY, and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, from 5 to 7 P. M.

THOS. B. STILLMAN, President, ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 82 NASSAU-ST., N. Y.

OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY and THURSDAY, from 5 to 7 P. M.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Money deposited on or before Jan. 20 will draw interest from Jan. 1.

JAMES C. STONEALL, President.
HENRY R. CONKLIN, Secretary.
WILLIAM VANNAME, } Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES COOPER,
THOMAS W. COWDIN, Treasurer.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
BOWERY, CORNER OF CANAL-ST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums of Five Hundred Dollars and under, and five per cent. on larger amounts. DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 20, WILL BEAR INTEREST FROM 1st INST.

Bank open daily from 10 to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, from 5 to 7.

Bank books in English, German and French.

GEO. FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of 14th-st. and 8th-av., open daily from 1 to 5 P. M., and WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS from 5 to 7 P. M. SIX PER CENT. interest allowed, free from Government tax. Deposits made on or before Jan. 20, will draw interest from Jan. 1.

THOS. CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK,
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.

Deposits made now, or on or before January 20, will draw interest from Jan. 1.

M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHAS. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK, NOS. 427 and 429 Canal-st., corner of Varick. Open daily, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY evenings, from 5 to 7. SIX PER CENT interest, free from Government tax, allowed on sums of $500 and under, and FIVE per cent. on larger sums. Money deposited on or before Jan. 20 will bear interest from Jan. 1.

EDER V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, NO. 283 BOWERY.—Six Per Cent. interest allowed on sums of $1,000 and under; Five Per Cent on larger sums. Deposits made on or before Jan. 20 will draw interest from Jan. 1. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and on MONDAYS and WEDNESDAYS from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

CHAS. PECK, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

DIME SAVINGS BANK OF WILLIAMSBURGH, under the Williamsburgh City Bank, corner of South 7th and 1st sts, open daily from 3 to 7 o'clock P. M. All deposits made before the 21st, will draw interest from the 1st day of January. Six per cent. interest allowed, free from Government tax.

W. W. ARMFIELD, President.
WM. GRANDY, Secretary.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

15,000 SUBSTITUTES WANTED
FOR THE ARMY,
IN PLACE OF THE FOLLOWING CLASSES OF CITIZENS:

FIRST—For citizens enrolled and liable to draft.

SECOND—For citizens not liable to draft, because of unfitness, or non-liability from age or other causes.

TO SUBSTITUTES.

The following advantages are offered for the enlistment of Substitutes:

BOUNTY, DEPOSITED BY PERSONS REQUIRING SUBSTITUTES, CASH DOWN,

For One Year	$200
For Two Years	400
For Three Years	3[illegible]

PREMIUM, CASH DOWN.

For One Year Man	$20
For Two Years' Man	30
For Three Years' Man	50

TO THOSE DESIRING SUBSTITUTES.

Inasmuch as the authority exists for the enlistment of Substitutes for such persons as may desire to be relieved from any apprehensions of a future Draft, as also for such citizens as are not liable to Draft, because of unfitness or non-liability from age or other causes, THE COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE have resolved in addition to their business of raising Recruits, to enlist such substitutes as may be desired.

Those desiring Substitutes may deposit with the Committee the whole of either of the following sums:

For One Year	$220
For Two Years	430
For Three Years	650

No portion of the money paid for Substitutes will be paid from the County funds.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor,
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member,
WM. M. TWEED, Supervisor, Com. on Volunteering.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

Rooms of Committee on Volunteering, City Hall Park, corner Broadway and Chambers-st. Nov. 1, 1864.

CAVALRY AND ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 18 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1865.

I will purchase in open market all horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables on 35th-st., near 10th-av., until further notice, as follows:

Cavalry horses, 5 to 10 years old, 15 to 16 hands high.

Artillery horses, 6 to 10 years old, 15½ hands high, and over 1,100 pounds, and dark color.

Price for cavalry horses, $165. Price for artillery horses, $180. Payable in such funds as may be furnished by the Government. GEO. T. BROWNING, Capt. and A. Q. M.

TOWN QUOTAS FILLED
FOR TOWN OR COUNTY BONDS.

Having furnished nearly (4) four thousand men for the army and navy, without a single complaint, we tender our services with confidence for the filling of town quotas and procuring substitutes.

BISHOP, WILSON & BALDWIN,
No. 195 Broadway, Room No. 16.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—ONE SIX-HORSE ANDREWS' ENgine, new; one 15-horse upright tubular boiler, in complete order; a Woodward steam pump, metal valves; two Bogardus eccentric mills; a variety of steam rendering tanks, wooden vats, tubs and other packing-house fixtures.
LOCKWOOD & EVERETT, No. 77 John-st.

SHIPPING.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON..........3,204 tons.... 900-horse power
LAFAYETTE..........3,204 tons.... 900-horse power
EUROPE..........(Afloat)...... 900-horse power
FRANCE..........(Afloat)...... 900-horse power
NAPOLEON III..........(Building)...1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the

WASHINGTON, A. Duchesne;
LAFAYETTE, A. Bocande;

as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.

WASHINGTON......WEDNESDAY..........Feb. 1.
LAFAYETTE......WEDNESDAY..........March 1.
First Cabin, (including table wine)..........$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine)..........$70 or $30

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,412	....
ENGLAND—building	3,430	....
SCOTLAND—building	3,430	....
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Grogan.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,165	Asplitt.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
VIRGINIA—Lewis..........Saturday, Feb. 4.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $125 in currency: Steerage, $45 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:

MORNING STAR......Nelson......Saturday, Jan. 21.
GUIDING STAR......Knapp......Saturday, Jan. 28.
EVENING STAR......Bell......Saturday, Feb. 4.
MORNING STAR......Nelson......Saturday, Feb. 18.
GUIDING STAR......Knapp......Saturday, Feb. 25.
EVENING STAR......Bell......Saturday, March 4.
DAY STAR..........(Building.)

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

PASSAGE—Chief cabin staterooms, $75 to $100, according to location of stateroom. Second cabin, $50.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 25.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 1.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 8.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 15.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 25.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 1.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.......... 80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.......... 65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS.

THROUGH BILLS LADING TO ST. LOUIS AND ALL POINTS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, VIA NEW-ORLEANS.

THE ATLANTIC AND MISSISSIPPI STEAMSHIP COMPANY, OF ST. LOUIS,
JOHN J. ROE, President,

is now ready to contract, and give THROUGH BILLS OF LADING for shipment as above.

This Company now owns some twenty first-class steamers running between New-Orleans, St. Louis, and Louisville, and are now arranging connections between New-York, Boston, Philadelphia and New-Orleans.

One of their steamers will leave New-Orleans daily, and by judicious arrangements they are enabled to offer inducements to shippers in lower rates and quick dispatch. Average time of transit, eighteen days.

J. EAGER, Agent,
No. 41 Broad-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (Cork Harbor.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails, are intended to sail as follows:

EDINBURGH..........SATURDAY..........Jan. 21
CITY OF BALTIMORE......SATURDAY........Jan. 28

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam-packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. Le Messurier, will sail for the above ports from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Jan 30, and MONDAY, Feb. 27.

Passage money to Nassau..........$45
Passage money to Havana..........$50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

Passengers must have passports.

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No 4 Bowling Green.

FOR HAVANA—THE NEW AND SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP MORRO CASTLE,

Capt. Adams,

Will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 25, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct. For freight or passage apply to

SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

The new and splendid steamship EAGLE, Lawrence, Master, will succeed the MORRO CASTLE and leave on Feb. 1.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.

The following first-class side-wheel steamships will be dispatched at noon, precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River:

Jan. 23..........OCEAN QUEEN..........Seabury.
(Connecting at Panama with SACRAMENTO.)
Feb. 3..........NORTH STAR..........Slocum.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN AGE.)
Feb. 13..........COSTA RICA..........Tinklepaugh.
(Connecting at Panama with CONSTITUTION.)

For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The new and first-class United States Mail steamship
GEO. CROMWELL,
E. E. Vaill, Commander,
Will leave pier No. 9, North River, on Saturday, January 28, at 3 P. M.

Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $75.

For freight or passage apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

The FUNG SHUEY will follow.

PROTECT THE IRON SHIPS.

GISBORNE'S anti-fouling and anti-corrosive paint for coating ships' bottoms. Iron hulls preserved 18 months from grass, barnacles and corrosion by the Gisborne paint. Every transport steamer in the British Navy ordered to be coated with it. Adopted by the Admiralty and the Cunard, Peninsular and Oriental, National and African Steamship Companies. AMERICAN OFFICES, No. 11 Broad-st., New-York.

LOW RATES OF PASSAGE TO CALIFORNIA BY STEAMER OF 23D JANUARY.

The splendid steamship OCEAN QUEEN (3,000 tons), of the United States mail line, connecting at Panama with steamer SACRAMENTO, will take steerage passengers, on this departure, at greatly reduced rates. Apply to

D. B. ALLEN,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA, VIA NICARAGUA—SHORT ROUTE, LOW PRICES.—The Central American Transit Company will dispatch, on the 20th of every month, from Pier No. 29 North River, at noon, the fine steamship GOLDEN RULE, D. S. Babcock, Master, at greatly reduced rates of passage. For particulars, apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT OFFICE, No. 41 Chambers-st.—Passengers for Havana or Canada may procure passports from A. C. WILLMARTH, Room No. 28.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York, via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETSER, General Superintendent.
J. C. CALHOUN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

RAILROADS.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

From foot Murray-st., daily at 3½ P. M., connecting with trains for Highlands, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Manchester, &c.

BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA.

Fare $3. Excursion tickets $3—good for three days. Steamer JESSE HOYT leaves Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn, daily, (excepting Sundays,) at 8 A. M., connecting at Port Monmouth with express trains for Philadelphia, Tuckerton, Barnegat, Tom's River, &c. Returning leave Vine-st. Ferry, Philadelphia, at 11½ A. M.

☞ Travelers from the city of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line—the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD

Trains for Albany, Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.—Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and West, connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Dec. 5, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:40, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. All trains leave Chambers-st. 30 minutes earlier than 30th-st. Sunday train, 6 P. M. from 30th-st. Through freight train daily. J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M. Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hempstead, &c., at 9, 10.30 A. M. 3, 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations, (except Hempstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

Nov. 1, 1864.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.

M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains north and east from New-Haven 11 P. M.

FOR SALE.

TO CAPITALISTS AND FARMERS.—FOR sale, the valuable farm of the late Abraham Furman, deceased, at Newtown, L. I., containing 63 acres of first quality tillable land, 18 acres of heavy timbered woodland, and 7 acres of salt meadows, being about five and a half miles distant from Grand-st. Ferry, and about six miles from Hunter's Point Ferry. The Long Island Railroad passes through it. It offers many advantages to a farmer, being near New-York market. The buildings and outhouses are good and in an improving neighborhood, worthy the attention of capitalists for investments. Its location admits of its being divided into sections for building purposes to great advantage. It becomes necessary to have it sold to close up the above estate. For further particulars apply to PETER NEEFUS, No. 45 Front-st., or Prof. J. J. MAPES, No. 46 Bleecker-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 674 ACRES.—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 3½ miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access, and surrounded by highly improved farms, worth from $50 to $60 per acre. The land is heavily timbered, and is of better soil and surface than any other similar body in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns. Title perfect; price $50 per acre. Very favorable terms will be made with a party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or for well located Western lands at cash prices. W. L. BARNES, No. 362 Broadway, third floor, rear.

WESTERN LANDS.—PARTIES OWNING tracts of land in any of the Western States, and wishing to dispose of them, will find it to their advantage in sending me the descriptions and prices. No charge made for any expenses in efforts to sell, unless a sale is effected; would refer to the bankers and business men generally, in Cincinnati.

SAMUEL A. SARGENT, Real Estate Agent,
N. W. corner 5th and Walnut sts. Cincinnati, Ohio.

DOUBLE HOUSE AND STABLE FOR SALE—On 2d-av., near St. Mark's Church. House is first-class, with all the modern improvements; complete in every respect; built by the late occupant for his own use. House 40x100 feet; lot, 40x125 feet; stable, 25x70. Early possession can be had. Price $50,000.

Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN HOUSES FOR SALE.—TWO three-story brick houses in Clinton-st., near Warren-st.; 22 feet 8x38, and 10 feet extension; lot 101 feet in depth. Also, a smaller house on Warren-st. They have gas, bath, range, &c. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED HOUSE ON LEXINGTON-AVENUE, BELOW THIRTIETH-STREET.—A three-story brick house, in the most perfect order, newly and elegantly furnished, with immediate possession. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 42 Grove-st.; lot 21x100 feet, house three stories, basement and sub-cellar; Philadelphia brick front, high stoop, with brown-stone trimmings, well built and conveniently arranged; can be seen between 11 and 1. Apply to F. TILLOU, No. 1 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—ON 38TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV., A four-story, high stoop, brown-stone front house and lot, in elegant order, and frescoed and painted throughout. Can be purchased with or without furniture. For permits and particulars, apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—BROOKLYN, NOS. 31, 113, 120, 122 Willoughby-st.; No. 89 Prince-st. Also the most desirable plot of lots on New-York-av. For cards to view, price and particulars, apply to JOHN BRAINERD, No. 4 Court-st.

BUILDING LOT FOR SALE.—A DESIRABLE building lot, about 75 feet by 200 feet, situated in Hillhouse-av., New-Haven, is offered for sale. For terms, apply to T. KETCHAM & CO., No. 68 Wall-st., or to D. C. GILMAN, New-Haven.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE CHEAP—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, 2 farms, 30 miles in Westchester County, N. Y., under good cultivation, plenty fruit, near railroad. Also, one to exchange for city property. Inquire of R. WHITE, No. 68 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE AT HYDE PARK—A VERY FINE residence, directly on the river, consisting of dwelling-house and all necessary out-buildings, with 40 acres of good land. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

NEWARK, N. J.—TO MANUFACTURERS—Valuable lot, 30 feet by 180 feet deep, on Railroad-av., rear on Bruen-st., Market-st. depot. Apply to KING & BOND, Agents, Broad-st., Newark., Or to R. SPEIR, Jr., No. 112 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

ELIZABETH, N. J.—HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.—No. 32 Prospect-st., $1,200; Nos. 27, 29, 31 Catharine-st., each $750; No. 33 Catharine-st., $900. Apply to BENJAMIN OGDEN, 221 Broad-st., Elizabeth.

FOR SALE—FOR INVESTMENT, THE NORTH-west corner of Broome and Mulberry sts.; lot 50 ft. 6 in. by 116 ft. Apply at No. 383 Broome-st., from 9 to 12 A. M.

PAPER-MILL FOR SALE—ON ONE OF THE most valuable privileges along the Hudson River. For particulars inquire of O. CHITTENDEN, No. 127 Reade-st.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY, HIGH-STOOP brown-stone house, newly furnished, 20x60.100, at No. 303 West 21st-st. Call, between 8 and 11 A. M., on WILLIAM TAYLOR, No. 555 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A VALUABLE water power and machinery, with several buildings and a few acres of land if desired. For particulars inquire of HENRY KEELER, South Salem, Westchester County, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE IN Orange, N. J., three acres of land, within five minutes' walk from the depot. Address S. M. D., St. James Hotel.

FOR SALE—ONE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY, brown-stone house, No. 51 West 46th-st., rosewood doors, black walnut stair-case. For particulars apply to D. ROBINSON, on the premises.

FOR SALE.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

No. 10 East 17th-street.
No. 65 East 4th-street.
No. 43 Greenwich-avenue.
No. 476 West 22d-street.
Two houses on 126th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.
All have modern improvements.
S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCES, desirably located up town, varying in price
FROM $10,000 TO $30,000.

Owners wishing to sell will consult their interest by sending memorandum to

A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A GOOD FARM OF 40 ACRES, IN New-Jersey, twelve miles from the City of New-York, on the Northern Railroad, one mile from depot, beautifully located buildings, new and in good order; plenty of fruit. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

SAND-ST., BROOKLYN.—FOR SALE THE basement three-story frame house, 136 Sand-st.; lot 25x100 feet.; the two-story and attic frame house No. 140 Sand-st.; both built by day's work. Possession on the 1st of May next. Apply to ROBERT SPEIR, Jr., No. 112 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—TWO HANDSOME THREE-STORY and attic, brown-stone, high-stoop houses. All modern improvements; situated above 42d-st. Price, if sold immediately, $8,500. Apply to POTTER BROS. & BELLAMY, Nos. 32 Pine-st. and 737 6th-av.

A THREE-STORY, ATTIC AND BASEMENT house, for sale or lease for three years, furnished, on south side of Clinton-place, 8th-st., between Mercer and Green sts., 25x66 feet; lot, 120 feet. Possession, March 18. S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

A FOUR-STORY BRICK ENGLISH basement house for sale, modern improvements; in fine order; possession May 1; price $10,000. Apply to POTTER BROTHERS & BELLAMY, Nos. 32 Pine-st., and 737 6th-av.

FOR SALE—HOUSES, FACTORIES, FARMS &c., at Newark, N. J., from $1,500 to $25,000. By LENT & BROWN, No. 317 Broad-st.

TO LET.

TO RENT IN THE CITY OF ELIZABETH, New-Jersey—A spacious and elegant mansion, surrounded by extensive grounds in the highest state of cultivation, and well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees. On the premises, (consisting of 17 acres) are stabling, carriage-house, and numerous outbuildings and everything necessary for a desirable residence; rent $1,200 per annum. Apply to J. M. MEEKER, No. 218 Broad-st.; or to JULIUS A. FAY, Rahway-av., Elizabeth.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1. A LARGE STORE IN Duane-st. For particulars, apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

OFFICES TO LET—APPLY TO P. F. PECK, No. 134 Reade-st., front office, second floor.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WISH TO hire two or three apartments in a respectable house in Brooklyn, between Fulton and Atlantic Ferries. References will be received, under letters addressed to A. R., No. 88 Pine-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED IN A STRICTLY PRIVATE family, by a lady, above 8th-st., or in Brooklyn, west of Court, between Fulton and South Ferry, a room neatly furnished, board, including fire and gas, not to exceed $55 a month; best references given and required. Address CARTER, Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BETWEEN 2ND AND 6TH AVS., and 4th and 15th sts., two furnished bedrooms, on the third floor; one of them must have a fire, for two gentlemen, with breakfast and tea daily, and dinner on Sundays. Address, with terms and particulars, E. C., Box 1,957 Post-office, New-York. References exchanged.

WANTED—IN BROOKLYN, BY A GENTLEMAN, wife and child, three furnished rooms, connecting if possible, with convenience for housekeeping; or would board; must be in a pleasant locality. Address, stating terms, &c., AUSTIN, No. 81 Fulton-st., N. Y.

BOARDING.—A SUITE OF ROOMS SUITABLE for a gentleman and wife; also, rooms for single gentlemen. Dinner at 6; house convenient to cars. No. 34 West 29th-st.

BOARD IN A RESPECTABLE, QUIET, private family for a gentleman and wife, between 14th and 30th sts, and 3d and 6th avs. Address, with particulars, Box No. 2,855 Post-office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

This is to certify that the undersigned have this day formed a limited partnership, pursuant to title 1, chapter 4, part 2, of the Revised Statutes of the State of New-York, and the several acts amendatory thereof, and that

1. The name of the firm under which said partnership is to be conducted is H. L. PARMELE.

2. That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted is the importing, buying and selling of coal, foreign and American, on the account of said firm, and also on commission.

3. That the name of the general partner is HOWARD L. PARMELE, whose place of residence is Clifton, in the County of Richmond and State of New-York; and that the name of the special partner is FREDERICK H. COSSITT, whose place of residence is the City, County and State of New-York.

4. That the amount of capital which the said special partner has contributed to the common stock, is the sum of fifteen thousand dollars in cash.

5. That the period at which said partnership is to commence, is the 12th day of December, 1864; and that the period at which the same is to terminate, is the 1st day of January, 1868.

HOWARD L. PARMELE,
FREDERICK H. COSSITT.

Dated New-York, Dec. 12, 1864.

REMOVAL.

H. L. PARMELE has removed from No. 62 William-st. to No. 32 Pine-st., where he has for sale all kinds of American and Foreign anthracite and bituminous coals, and cannel by the cargo or single ton. For sale, to arrive, or delivered in any part of New-York or Brooklyn. Offices, No. 32 Pine-st., and No. 945 Broadway. Yards, West 23d-st., between 10th and 11th avs.; Brooklyn yard, corner Columbia and Baltic sts.

New-York, Dec. 28, 1864.

A CARD.

The undersigned having disposed of his interest in the coal business to H. L. PARMELE, would recommend him to his friends and customers, and to those of the old firm of Popham & Co.

R. C. POPHAM.

New-York, Dec. 14, 1864.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of FISHER, CLARK & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

AUGUSTUS A. FISHER,
BENJAMIN D. CLARK,
CHARLES A. FISHER.

The undersigned have this day entered into copartnership under the firm name of FISHER, WILLIAMS & CO. They have taken lofts Nos. 105 and 107 Chambers-st. and 89 and 91 Reade-st., heretofore occupied by David S. Williams, (who retires from trade,) and will succeed to his business.

AUGUSTUS A. FISHER,
CHARLES B. WILLIAMS,
BENJAMIN D. CLARK,
CHARLES A. FISHER.

D. S. WILLIAMS may be found for the present with Fisher, Williams & Co., as above.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the subscribers is dissolved from this date, PETER I. NEVIUS retiring from business.

PETER I. NEVIUS & SONS.

New-York, Dec. 31, 1864.

The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the name of PETER I. NEVIUS & SONS, and will continue the shipping and commission business at No. 11 South-st.

JACOB R. NEVIUS,
PETER I. NEVIUS, Jr.,
GEORGE L. NEVIUS.

New-York, Jan. 2, 1865.

THE FIRM OF E. S. JAFFRAY & CO., of No. 350 Broadway, having been dissolved by the death of one of the partners, Mr. Arthur W. Jaffray, the business of said firm will be continued at the same place by the subscribers, surviving partners, under the same firm name.

EDWARD S. JAFFRAY,
J. W. BARROW.

Dated New-York, Dec. 27, 1864.

THE FIRM OF BOOTH, TUTTLE & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by CHARLES H. BOOTH, JOHN T. PULTZ, and GEORGE T. HALL, under the firm of CHARLES H. BOOTH & CO., who will settle the business of the late firm.

CHARLES H. BOOTH,
CHARLES TUTTLE,
GEORGE T. HALL,
JOHN T. PULTZ.

New-York, Jan. 7, 1865.

THE FIRM OF TAYLOR, CORNELL & MOON is this day dissolved, Wm. H. Taylor retiring. All business of the late firm will be settled by ROBERT G. CORNELL and JOHN H. MOON, who alone are authorized to sign in liquidation.

New-York, Jan. 17, 1865.
(Signed,)
WM. H. TAYLOR,
ROBERT G. CORNELL,
JOHN H. MOON.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm of POST & HOFFMAN, for the transaction of a general stock commission business at No. 22 William-st.

S. L. POST, Jr.
L. M. HOFFMAN.

New-York, Jan. 16, 1865.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of J. W. CARR, Agent, and H. HURRELL, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by J. W. CARR, Agent, at the old stand, No. 128 Cherry-st.

J. W. CARR, Agent.
H. HURRELL.

New-York, Jan. 13, 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP.—MR. WILLIAM J. HUTCHINSON is this day admitted a partner in our firm.

DAVID MOFFAT & CO.,
No. 5 Jacob-st.

New-York, Jan. 1, 1865.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON THE JERSEY CITY FERRY-BOAT coming to New-York, at 6:45 A. M., Thursday, a small BLACK LEATHER VALISE, containing an opera-glass and wearing apparel. The finder will be liberally rewarded and receive the thanks of the owner, by leaving it at No. 104 Front-st. F. B. THURBER.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. Lester Wallack.

FRIDAY.
Seventh time, Lovel's popular play,
THE WIFE'S SECRET.

SATURDAY—Boucicault's Comedy, THE IRISH HEIRESS.

MONDAY—Mr. Falconer's fine Comedy, MEN OF THE DAY, will be performed, first time here.

TUESDAY—Garrick & Colman's, THE CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE.

HOW SHE LOVES HIM and the Drama of ROSEDALE will shortly be reproduced. A NEW DRAMA of powerful interest and effects is in active preparation.

SECRETS WORTH KNOWING will be shortly repeated.

Doors open at 7¼; overture at 7¾.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE AND GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION,

Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway.
OPEN DAILY FROM 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
at the present time contains
A GREATER NUMBER
AND A MORE COMPLETE VARIETY
OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS
than can be found in any similar institution in the world, while a continual succession of
NEW ARRIVALS
from every clime enable the management to present weekly
FRESH ZOOLOGICAL NOVELTIES
of rare attractive power. There have very recently been received from Persia, the first
BACTRIAN, TWO HUMPED CAMELS
that have been seen in America for forty years, which may be seen at all hours.
THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY
are given at 11½ A. M., 3 and 8½ P. M., at each of which
THE ENTIRE COLLECTION
OF WONDERFULLY TRAINED ANIMALS
belonging to the establishment will be introduced.
ADMISSION, ONLY 25 CENTS.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
SATURDAY, JAN. 21, 1865, AT 8 O'CLOCK P. M.
LA CAGNOTTE,
OU LES PROVINCIAUX A PARIS.
Comedy vaudeville in five acts by Labiche and Delacour.
Theatre Office, No. 678 Broadway, (ground floor.)

THE VANDENHOFF READINGS.

SATURDAY EVENING, 21st inst.
Mrs. GEO. VANDENHOFF will read for the first time in public, Tennyson's new poem,
ENOCH ARDEN.
Mrs. and Mrs. Vandenhoff's scenes from the
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.
Mrs. Vandenhoff's PATRIOTIC RECITATIONS, and Sam. Lovel's Irish extravaganza of
PADDY THE PIPER.
At DODWORTH HALL. Eight o'clock precisely.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE VANDENHOFF READINGS.

The next reading of Mr. and Mrs. VANDENHOFF is postponed to SATURDAY EVENING, 21st.
ENOCH ARDEN
and other entertainments.

IRVING HALL.

Annual Concert in aid of the funds of the FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, East 14th-st., on SATURDAY EVENING, Jan. 21. Madame C. Vanan, Miss Mina Geary, Miss Cordrey, Mr Gus. Geary, Mr. J. R. Thomas, Mr. J. N. Pattison, Dr. Borge, Mr. F. Hoffman. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8.

GEORGE W. MAYAN, Conductor.

DRAMATIC NOTICE.

The Publishers of
THE THREE SCOUTS
claim the exclusive right to dramatize this new story, and to convey rights for the same.

MUSEUM OPEN AND FREE.—MESSRS. FOWLER & WELLS, Phrenologists, No. 389 Broadway, give written charts of character day and evening.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 62 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

CAUTION.—CHLORODYNE—IN CHANCERY.—It was clearly proved before Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood, by affidavits from eminent hospital physicians in London, that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*See Times*, Jan. 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, which is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine ever discovered for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe particularly, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Agent, New-York, Mr. JAMES ASPINWALL, William-st.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 40 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diploma, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions: address Box 2,359 N. Y. P. O.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st., N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, informs ladies that "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is for every lady, but more particularly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., and No. 1 Vesey-st.

THE SWEDISH MOVEMENT CURE—For the treatment of consumption, dyspepsia, chronic rheumatism, paralysis, spinal curvatures, round shoulders, stiff joints, nervous debility, female weaknesses and for general physical development. E. P. MILLER, M. D., A. L. WOOD, M. D., Miss E. H. GOODELL, M. D., Physicians, No. 15 Laight-st., New-York.

DR. GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN and accoucher, No. 6 Amity-place, between Bleecker and Amity sts., makes it his special practice to treat all female complaints, from whatever cause produced. Is sure to give relief to the most anxious patient in twenty-four hours time. Elegant rooms for ladies requiring nursing.

MME. GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, No. 6 Amity-place, can be consulted on all diseases of females. Medicines safe and certain. Convenient rooms for ladies who desire good care and medical attendance during confinement.

THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read lots of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 cases, gratis.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

MORNING AT 11,
THE CELEBRATED PERFORMANCE KNOWN AS
PUNCH AND JUDY,
WITH NEW AND COSTLY APPARATUS.
AFTERNOON AT 3. EVENING AT 7½.
RING OF FATE, VERMONT WOOL DEALER AND DOUBLE-BEDDED ROOM.
CLOG DANCE..........by..........TIM HAYS.
TWO MAMMOTH FAT WOMEN—1,400 POUNDS.
LIVING SKELETON, GIANT BOY, 8 FEET HIGH.
MONSTER MONKEY, THE DRILL.
WOODROFFE'S BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS
Exhibit two GLASS STEAM-ENGINES.
Circassian Girl, Albino Boy, Learned Seal, Living Otters, French Moving Figures, &c.
Admission 30 cents. Children under 10, 15 cents.

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE,

NO. 585 BROADWAY.
MONDAY, Jan. 16, and following evenings,
FIRST NIGHTS OF
ROBERT HELLER'S
NEW PROGRAMME OF CLASSICAL ILLUSIONS AND SELECTED SENSATIONS.
First Night of
THREE NEW PIANOFORTE SOLOS.
Thalberg's "Andante," Heller's "Josephine Mazurka," and Heller's "Ever of Thee."
GRATUITOUS MAGICAL TUITION
in the Ring Trick, Rope Trick, and Cutting off the Nose.
Every evening at 8. Doors open at 7½.
MATINEES on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 P. M.

OLYMPIC THEATRE. COMMENCES AT 7½.

SIXTH WEEK! SIXTH WEEK!!
OF THE GREAT SENSATION OF THE SEASON,
in five tableaux and a prologue, entitled
THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK.
which has achieved one of the most genuine and
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESSES
ever known on the New-York stage.
EVERY NIGHT! EVERY NIGHT!!
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

DODWORTH HALL, NO. 806 BROADWAY.

On FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 20,
Mons. Dubois'
BUDGET OF BLUNDERS,
and in Brooklyn, at the Athenæum, on
TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 24.

BROADWAY ATHENEUM, NO. 728 BROADWAY, will be opened by Mr. HACKETT, on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 23, in aid of the Shakespeare Monument Fund. The ticket-office will be open on SATURDAY, 21st, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., where a diagram, showing the locality in the auditorium of each slip, (formerly a pew,) varying in capacity of seating comfortably five and six persons, may be seen, and a single entrance ticket, including reserved seat, be procured for two dollars, together with a full programme of the entertainment.

P. WARREN, Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE COMING DRAFT.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
TO ALL WHO ARE ENROLLED AS LIABLE TO DRAFT.

The New-York County Committee on Volunteering have reason to believe that a further call is likely soon to be made by the President for men.

Hitherto, great complaint has been made that the quotas demanded of the County of New-York have been excessive.

As all quotas are based upon the enrollment, it is evident that no relief can be expected except by a reduction of the enrollment to its proper standard.

Although appeals have hitherto been made to citizens to correct the enrollment, there has been little or no disposition shown by the public to discharge its duty in this particular.

It is evident that this duty must be performed by the public authorities, or it will not be performed at all.

By consent of the War Department and the advice of the Governor, the New-York County Committee on Volunteering has determined to undertake the herculean labor of correcting the Enrollment of the County.

No means will be spared to make this correction thorough and satisfactory both to the people and the Government.

Our only object is to correct the enrollment and place it at a proper standard, and every citizen owes it alike to himself and his neighbor to assist in this work.

In addition to other means which will be brought into requisition for the accomplishment of this object, a complete copy of the existing enrollment of each Ward or Election District will be printed and furnished to every enrolled citizen of the Ward or Election District.

This will prevent the excuse which so many who are exempt have made, that they did not know they were enrolled, and hence did not attend to having their names taken from the roll.

It will also afford the opportunity for every man enrolled to see whether or not his neighbor is enrolled, and enable him to secure that those liable and not enrolled shall be put down.

Every person enrolled is requested to aid in the gigantic labor which we have undertaken, by complying with the following conditions:

I. Whenever a name appears of any person who is not enrolled but liable, notice of the fact should be given to the Provost-Marshal of the District, by any person who may be cognizant of the fact, in order that the same may be recorded.

II. Whenever a name appears of any person who has removed, notice of the fact should be given at the Provost-Marshal's office, that the name may be stricken from the roll of that District and recorded where it properly belongs.

III. Whenever a name appears which is known to be fictitious, or any one is aware that the person indicated is not a resident as described, notice should be given at the Provost-Marshal's office, that the name may be stricken from the roll.

IV. Whenever cause of exemption exists for any reason, notice should be given to the Provost-Marshal of the District by the exempt person himself, that the name may be stricken from the roll.

The following are the recognized causes of exemption:

1. Over 45 years of age.
2. Under 20 years of age.
3. Being an alien, and never having voted.
4. Having furnished a substitute in anticipation of the draft.
5. Having been drafted and furnished a substitute.
6. Having been drafted and paid commutation.
7. Having been drafted and received a certificate of permanent physical disability.
8. Being permanently physically disqualified.
9. Having served two years in the Army or Navy during the present War, and being honorably discharged.

In addition to this, so far as possible, every enrolled man will be waited upon personally by authorized agents, deputed to ascertain the liability of all enrolled men, to have those improperly enrolled taken off, and to add those not on, but who should be enrolled.

As this is an effort to correct and not to increase the enrollment, it is to the interest of every person to give correct and true answers to any and all questions which may be put to them, and any person declining to answer or giving false answers render themselves liable to arrest and imprisonment.

This is probably the last attempt which will be made to secure a correct Enrollment of the County of New-York. To be successful the coöperation of every resident of this city and county is absolutely required.

The Government officials have evinced a disposition to afford us every facility to attain the object in view. If, therefore, through the indisposition and apathy of the public, who are most concerned, this effort to correct the enrollment prove abortive, and further excessive quotas are demanded of us, because of the incorrectness of the enrollment, the people of this city and county will be themselves responsible, and they will have none but themselves to blame.

Dated New-York, Dec. 1, 1864.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
WM. M. TWEED, Supervisor.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
CORNELIUS CORSON, Chief of Enrolling Bureau
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman of Committee.

Office of Board of Assessors, }
New Court-House, Jan. 18, 1865. }

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed, and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

Building a sewer in Fifty-second-street, from Seventh-avenue to Broadway.

Building a sewer in Eighth-avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.

Paving with Trap block Forty-eighth-street, from Eighth to Ninth avenues.

Paving with Trap block Houston-street, from Avenue D to the Bowery.

Laying crosswalks in West-street, opposite Marine Chapel.

Building a sewer in Forty-ninth-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues, and in Tenth-avenue to Forty-seventh-street.

Paving Broadway with Trap block, from Twenty-third to Fifty-ninth streets.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on Fifty-second-street, from Seventh-avenue, to one hundred and twenty-five feet east of Broadway, and all the lots on Broadway to the extent of half the block north and south of Fifty-second-street.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Eighth-avenue, from Thirteenth to Fourteenth streets.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-eighth-street, from Eighth to Ninth avenues.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Houston-street, and all the lots on both sides of the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block, from Avenue D to the Bowery.

Also, all the lots on West-street, between Carlisle and Albany streets.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-ninth-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues, and from all the lots on both sides of Tenth-avenue, from Forty-seventh to Forty-ninth streets.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Broadway, and all the lots on both sides of the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block, from Twenty-third to Fifty-ninth streets.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-House, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

DANIEL E. DELAVAN, }
MORGAN L. HARRIS, } Board of Assessors.
DANIEL D. CONOVER, }

City Inspector's Department, }
New-York, Jan. 14, 1865. }

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—THE INJUNCTION preventing the payment of the men employed in cleaning the streets having been dissolved, the removal of ashes will be resumed on MONDAY, the 16th inst. Citizens are requested to keep as much of the ashes within doors for a few days as they can conveniently, so as to give the cartmen an opportunity to first remove that which is now on the sidewalks and streets.

F. I. A. BOOLE, City Inspector.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA

Director..........MAX MARETZEK.
The season will reopen on
THURSDAY, FEB. 2, 1865.
Full particulars in future advertisements.
In active preparation,
FORZA DEL DESTINO.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GRAND BILLIARD CONTEST
for the
CHAMPIONSHIP OF AMERICA,
between
DUDLEY KAVANAGH
and
WILLIAM GOLDTHWAITE,
On FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 20, 1865.
Admission $1.
Doors open at 6½ o'clock.
To commence at 7½ o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

BEGINS AT 7½. CONCLUDES AT 10¾.
Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY.
HOUSE CROWDED NIGHTLY
TO OVERFLOWING.
THIRD WEEK AND CONTINUED SUCCESS
OF THE GREAT IRISH DRAMA,
THE SHAMROCK.
Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS in his original character of PAT MALLOY, with the song of "Pat Malloy."
Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS..........as..........MAGGIE.
SUPPORTED BY A POWERFUL CAST.
SPLENDID SCENERY.
BEAUTIFUL MUSIC.
COMPLETE APPOINTMENTS.
RICH FURNITURE.
STARTLING SITUATIONS.
INTRICATE MECHANICAL EFFECTS.
STRIKING TABLEAUX.
ALL NEW
and of the most costly description.
Seats secured six days in advance.

HOLIDAY EVENINGS WITH SHAKESPEARE

AT THE
WINTER GARDEN.
THE SENSATION OF THE SEASON.
BOOTH'S HAMLET,
TO-NIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT,
with its
SPLENDID CAST
and
SUPERB SCENERY.
"The stage in our time has witnessed no grander, or more thrilling pageant."—*New-York Albion.*
Doors open at 6¾; commences at 7¾.

BROADWAY THEATRE—BEGINS AT 7½.

MONDAY, Jan. 16. TWENTY-FIRST WEEK.
MR. J. E. OWENS' SUCCESS
IN
SOLON SHINGLE
and
THE LIVE INDIAN,
Is so full and demonstrative that the Manager is compelled to announce these
MARVELS OF COMIC ACTING
FOR A FEW NIGHTS LONGER.
Meantime the public are advised to improve this final opportunity of enjoying the
MOST POPULAR TRIUMPHS KNOWN TO THE COMIC STAGE.
Notice will be given in a few days of
MR. OWENS' FIRST APPEARANCE AS PAUL PRY.
☞ SECURE SEATS IN ADVANCE.

HIPPOTHEATRON. BEGINS AT 7½.

FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 20,
AND EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
GRAND MATINEES
ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2½.
CONTINUOUS TRIUMPH
of the new and original grand
COMIC ENGLISH CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
HARLEQUIN BLUE BEARD,
with its new and gorgeous
SCENIC AND SPECTACULAR EFFECTS,
TRICKS, TRANSFORMATIONS, COMIC SCENES,
INDORSED BY CROWDED HOUSES,
PRONOUNCED BY THE ENTIRE PRESS
to be the most unquestionably splendid and mirth-moving spectacular production
EVER PRESENTED TO THE PUBLIC.
HARLEQUIN BLUE BEARD
will be given every evening, and all the matinees, with
UNPARALLELED CAST and
SPLENDID APPOINTMENTS.
In addition to
THE GRAND EQUESTRIAN
AND GYMNASTIC PERFORMANCES,
in which the whole of the
LEVIATHAN STAR COMPANY
APPEAR, IN GORGEOUS ARRAY.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

GRAND EXHIBITION OF THE CREATION AND DELUGE,

at Everett Hall, Broadway. Entrance on 34th-st., this evening. Tickets 25 cents; Children 15 cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock.

LECTURES.

MECHANICS' SOCIETY LECTURES.

Rev. BISHOP M. SIMPSON will deliver the next lecture in the course THIS (Friday) EVENING, at Irving Hall, Irving-place, to commence at 8 o'clock.

Subject—"Our Work and Our Destiny."

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS

Manufacturers of Grand, Square, and Upright Piano-Fortes, No. 652 Broadway.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. Gottschalk's constant use of the New Scale Chickering Grand Piano-Fortes has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

STEINWAY & SON

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others is, that the firm is composed of five practical piano forte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

NEW MUSIC.—"DO THEY REMEMBER ME," song and chorus, by Wm. O. Fiske; "Song of the Sailor Boy," ballad, E. K. Rodwell; "Give this to Mother," ballad, and "The Pure, the Bright, the Beautiful," song and chorus, by Stephen C. Foster; "Let me die with my face to the Foe," "Beautiful Annie," and "Moonlight and Starlight," songs with choruses, by James G. Clark; "God Save our Noble Union," song and chorus, by Martin; "No Slave Beneath that Starry Flag," "Our Dear New-England Boys," "There's Rest for all in Heaven," songs with choruses by Mrs. E. A. Parkhurst; "Maryland's Free," song and chorus, by M. A. Fortune. Price, 30 cents each, or the lot for $3, mailed free. The above songs are all excellent.

HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of styles from $110 to $600 each may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

FORTY PIANOS, MELODEONS, AND CABINET ORGANS at wholesale or retail. New 7-Octave Pianos for $250. Second-hand Pianos at great bargains; prices from $60 to $200. All the above instruments to let, and rent allowed, if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. 10,000 sheets of Music, a little soiled, at 1½ cents per page. Cash paid for second-hand Pianos.

HORACE WATERS,
No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

SAWYER & THOMPSON'S NEW PIANOS, tone, touch and finish superb; warranted five years; prices moderate. Pianos and melodeons tuned, repaired or exchanged. SAWYER & THOMPSON, 765 Broadway, N. Y., and 50 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—Sole depot for Pelonbet's superior Harmoniums wholesale and retail. Prices $200 to $600. Instruments to let. J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, New-York.

CUMMINGS & JENNYS' PIANOFORTE Manufacturers, No. 726 Broadway, New-York.—These makers continue to offer their instruments at greatly reduced prices. A second-hand piano for sale.

DANCING.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY,

NO. 23 SCHERMERHORN-ST., BROOKLYN.

Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular. Just published, a pamphlet containing a complete description of the fashionable quadrilles and 30 figures of the German cotillion. Remit 25 cents for a copy.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY.

NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST., N. Y.
NO. 131 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

Classes for gentlemen on TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, in Brooklyn—WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in N. Y., at 8 o'clock. Call for a circular.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMY,

NO. 161 FIFTH-AVENUE.

Classes Wednesdays and Saturdays, and Mondays and Thursdays, at 4 P. M. Ferrero's rooms to let for sociables and other private entertainments.

A NEW DANCING CLASS, TO-MORROW,

At DeGARMO'S, No. 59 West 14th-st.
Ladies at 3. Children at 4 P. M.
Ladies and gentlemen at 8 P. M.

DeGARMO'S DANCING CLASSES AT THE Academy of Physical Culture, No. 59 West 14th-st., on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, from 4 to 6 o'clock, and from 8 to 10 P. M. New classes are now open; quarter commences at the date of entry.

J. [illegible] PRIVATE DANCING Academy, No. [illegible] 4th-av., near 23d-st. New classes forming for ladies and masters, at 4 o'clock; for gentlemen at 8 o'clock. Private lessons given every day.

GAY LIFE IN THE METROPOLIS.

The Domestic Trials of Messrs. Millispaugh and Adams.

SUPREME COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Leonard.

Andrew J. Millispaugh vs. Seth Adams.—This interesting case attracted an unusual crowd to the court-room yesterday. Great anxiety was evinced to see the parties to the suit, and particularly the lady whose character is at stake. She appeared perfectly composed, and consulted with her counsel quite frequently.

Charles Seeley, sworn, for plaintiff—I reside at No. 8 Carroll-place; I am acquainted with the parties to this suit; I have seen Mr. Adams and Mrs. Millispaugh in Broadway once; she was coming down, and he was going up, and she turned round, and they both walked up together.

Charles C. Field testified—I reside in New-York; I am in the dry-goods business, a member of the firm of Carpenter, Tatsall & Fullam, in this city; I have known Mr. Millispauh for ten years, and Mrs. Millispaugh since her marriage; I first became acquainted with Mr. Adams at the Bond-street House where I was a boarder; I left the Bond-street House in June, 1861; Mr. and Mrs. Adams boarded there during my stay; I generally called upon them every evening; during my visits there Mr. and Mrs. Millispaugh appeared as man and wife; I think there was some coldness between them at the time; that coldness manifested itself when I first went to live in the Bond-street House; I don't think I saw Mr. Adams in their room more than once or twice; one evening I called and Mr. Millispaugh was out; Mr. Adams came in, and he was intoxicated, I suppose, and made the remark "that somebody had been calling him a rake, and there was a married lady in the house trying to reform him;" he then said to me, "I believe that is you;" Mrs. Millispaugh asked me to leave the room, and I did not wish to do so, but subsequently I did; this occurred after I left the Bond-street House; Mr. Millispaugh was not always at home when I called, as he was detained down town at his business till late.

Cross-examination—Q.—You stated that there was a coldness between them in 1860. State how that was manifested? A.—Well, I don't know exactly how to state that; I never saw any great coldness between them; they lived as a great many other married people live; I did not observe much coldness between them in 1857, '8 or '9; Mrs. Millispaugh once made the remark that "she did not feel happy."

Mr. Fullerton objected.

Q.—I ask you did *Mrs.* Millispaugh say at that time that she lived unhappily with her husband? A.—She made the remark that she was not happy with her husband; I did not pay any attention to it then; I did not hear her speak of her husband's habits of gross intoxication; at the Bond-street House Mr. Adams generally dined with Mrs. Millispaugh during Mr. Millispaugh's absence; he used to sit beside her; I think Mr. Millispaugh had an affection for Mrs. Millispaugh; but I don't think she had any for him.

Q.—Do you know of Mr. Millispaugh's charging Mrs. Millispaugh with improper intimacy with Mr. Halstead? A.—I think he did; I cannot remember what Mr. Millispaugh said to me on that subject; this was a week or two after Mr. Halstead's death.

Q.—Do you know of his locking her in the room and having a violent quarrel with her on that subject? A.—I don't recollect anything of the kind; I recollect being out at High Bridge with Mr. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Millispaugh, Mrs. Babcock and Mrs. Field; we all went out in one sleigh; I think on that occasion Mr. Millispaugh was drunk coming home; we returned at 12 o'clock; I did not see Mr. Millispaugh push a lady out of the sleigh near Grace Church in Broadway; I think the lady jumped out; we were trotting along at the time; Mr. Millispaugh was sitting opposite to the lady.

Q.—What was Mr. Millispaugh's demeanor toward the lady with respect to his drunkenness?

(Objected to and excluded.)

A.—I think Mr. Millispaugh got drunk late in the evening on our return; he was inclined to be quarrelsome like most drunken men; I never saw him quarrelsome before; I think this occurred in January, 1860; I never knew Mr. Millispaugh to drink much; at the time I saw Mr. Adams at the Bond-street House I don't think he was more attentive to Mrs. Millispaugh than to other ladies.

Redirect—The lady that jumped out of the sleigh was Mrs. Field, my wife.

Mr. Fullerton here rested plaintiff's case with the right to call witnesses as to plaintiff's drunkness and unkind treatment.

Mr. Clinton then asked for an attachment against an absent witness, Mary Dean, which the court granted.

Mr. Fullerton said he would withdraw the objection he made yesterday to Mr. Adams' testimony in respect to his father's wealth, and also his objection to the testimony of Mr. Halstead as to what Mrs. Millispaugh said when he returned her the rings; Mr. Halstead was now in court, and counsel could ask him any questions on the subject.

Mr. Halstead was then recalled and examined by Mr. Clinton—Since I left the witness stand I have not conversed with any one connected with the plaintiff's case; when the ring and other things taken from my brother were returned to her, she made no reply; before I got the ring Mrs. Millispaugh said it was her ring, and that she had given it to him; I don't recollect that she said she gave it as a token of affection; she told me to get a lock of her hair which my brother had during his lifetime; it was found in his safe, in a piece of paper, not in a locket; when I returned it to her she was in her parlor in the Bond-street House, and her husband was present; it was done up in paper, and I handed it to her; I don't recollect getting any miniature of her at all; I don't know of Mrs. Millispaugh's presenting my brother with a ring in which was a lock of her hair; nor did I take such a ring from my brother's corpse and give it to my mother.

Edward L. Owen, sworn for plaintiff, testified—I reside at the Bancroft House; I know Mr. Seth Adams and Mrs. Adams; they are living together there as man and wife.

[It was admitted by counsel that Mrs. Adams was formerly Mrs. Millispaugh.]

The deposition of William N. Wentworth was then offered.

Mr. Clinton said he would admit that Mrs. Millispaugh and Mr. Adams went out West together twice and returned together.

Mr. Fullerton said there was something else also.

Mr. Clinton objected to the reading of the deposition.

A witness having been examined as to Mr. Wentworth's absence in Chicago, the deposition was read and went to show that Mr. Adams and Mrs. Millispaugh put up at the Briggs House, in Chicago, July, 1862, and described the location of the rooms in which they remained. The gentleman called for adjoining or connecting rooms and entered on the register "Mr. Adams and Mrs. Minturn."

Plaintiff's counsel here rested.

Mr. Clinton then opened the case for the defendant in an eloquent speech, characterizing the plaintiff as a man who only sought to make money out of the suit, and detailing the circumstances of Mr. and Mrs. Millispaugh's marriage, which was a "cross-grained one," and only entered into by Mrs. Millispaugh in obedience to Mrs. Abbott, the celebrated actress, whose adopted daughter she was. The testimony would show the brutality of Mr. Millispaugh to his wife, and his habit of intoxication.

Mr. Millispaugh, the plaintiff, was then called to the stand, and identified a letter handed him by Mr. Clinton, as one he had written to his wife at the time it bears date. (Counsel said he would not read it at present.)

Mrs. Mary Babcock sworn for defendant, and examined by Mr. Clinton—My husband and myself resided in the Winter of 1860 at the Bond-street House; I knew Mr. and Mrs. Millispaugh while there; I became acquainted with Mrs. Millispaugh in February, 1860; I remained in the Bond-street House till 1862; I was very intimate with Mrs. Millispaugh; in 1861 our rooms were adjoining; I observed Mr. Millispaugh's habits of intoxication; he was in the habit of drinking a great deal during the evening, and in the habit of getting drunk; I have seen him very drunk.

Q.—State whether he was a constant drinker every night? A.—He was in the habit of drinking a great deal; I cannot recollect any occasion when I was in his room that he did not drink; he would occasionally come into my room and play cards; on all occasions he would drink to excess.

Q.—Did Mr. and Mrs. Millispaugh seem to be affectionate or otherwise? A.—I did not think they were affectionate as far as I observed; I don't think they lived happily together; Mrs. Millispaugh used to talk to me a great deal about her relationship with her husband.

Q.—What did she say?

Mr. Fullerton objected. It was subsequent to the alleged intimacy.

The Court—Has there been any intimacy shown prior to 1861?

Mr. Fullerton—Defendant's frequenting her room, and dining with her, the witness Gleason proved that.

Q.—In the year 1860, did Mrs. Millispaugh say anything to you in respect to her relations with her husband. A.—Yes; she told me she was not happy with her husband; that she did not love him, and never had; that she never would have married him except for her adopted mother, Mrs. Abbott; that he was perfectly disgusting to her.

Q.—Did you form one of the sleighing party testified to by Mr. Field? A.—Yes; on that occasion Mr. Millispaugh got very drunk, and he got very rough and very rude. He was pulling and hauling Mrs. Field and kissing her; on the way home he was hugging and kissing Mrs. Field, and she asked him to desist, or she would jump out of the sleigh; he said "God d—n you, I will throw you out of the sleigh;" and with that I could not say whether she jumped out, but he assisted her to get out, and she fell; that was nearly opposite to Grace Church; when Mr. Millispaugh drank he got very cross and quarrelsome; my husband, myself, Mr. Adams, and Mr. and Mrs. Millispaugh, shortly after the sleigh ride, were at a supper at the Jones House; he got very much intoxicated on that occasion. The witness then at length detailed several instances where Mr. Millispaugh insulted his wife by throwing cards in her face in the presence of strangers, and also on one occasion he calling her she was a "G—d d—d fool." I don't know of Mrs. Millispaugh saying anything disrespectful about her husband on that occasion; she made no reply except "I thank you;" on the 4th of July, 1860, Mrs. Millispaugh came to my room with her little boy and asked me to allow her to sleep in my room as her husband was ugly and cross and she was afraid to sleep with him; she slept with me that night.

Cross-Examined by Mr. Fullerton—I now reside at No. 63 Prince-street, corner of Mercer; previous to that I resided opposite to Mrs. Belden's; I resided at the Bond-street House some time; I have often received visits from Mr. Adams while there; I received him in my room in the Bond-street House during the absence of my husband; there was a bed in my room.

Q.—Did you generally receive your gentlemen friends in your room where your bed is? A.—Yes; other gentlemen and Mr. Millispaugh have been there; I have been at places of amusement with Mr. Adams; at the Winter Garden once.

John C. Connor testified that he had known Mr. and Mrs. Millispaugh eight or ten years; Mrs. Millispaugh visited my family in Milford, Connecticut, in 1859 and 1860; at that time she spoke of her husband's incompatability of temper, and I think she said she was unhappy with him.

Cross-examined—Mr. Adams was not with her when she visited my family.

Philip Bragier, of Brooklyn, deposed that he knew Mrs. Millispaugh from a little child; she was a *protegé* of my wife. In 1860 Mr. and Mrs. Millispaugh visited my family frequently, and would remain two or three weeks; I do not know whether their marriage was a happy one or not, at first; Mrs. Millispaugh told me that she was not happy with her husband, and that she did not love him; she stated that several times to me, and also that he drank too much.

Cross-examined — Mr. Adams never visited Mrs. Millispaugh whilst she was at my house.

William Meger, examined—I attended bar at the Bond-street House when Mr. Millispaugh boarded there; Occasionally Mr. Millispaugh would drink brandy or gin before breakfast.

Cross-examined—At this time Mr. Adams boarded there also; all that I know is that Mr. Adams and Mrs. Millispaugh were quite familiar; that is, when they met in the dining-room they recognized each other; I think I have met them in Broadway together, in the day-time. I have not said that I saw them coming out of a house in Greene-street together.

Q.—Did you not tell Thomas Brown that you once saw Adams and Mrs. Millispaugh coming out of a house in Greene-street?

Objected to and exception taken.

Mr. Fullerton.—I will put another question. Did you not see Mrs. Millispaugh and Mr. Adams coming out of a house in Greene-street or its vicinity? A.—Not to my recollection.

Q.—Will you swear that you did not see them coming out of such a house?

Objected to, and exception taken.

A.—I will, Sir; I never saw them in Greene-street together, to the best of my knowledge; the last time I met them together was in Broadway; I saw them in Amity-street, about a block from Mercer-street, coming up toward Broadway; that was before I left the Bond-street House.

William R. Babcock testified that Mr. Millispaugh used to drink a great deal whilst boarding at the Bond-street House; he generally took whiskey skins in large tumblers, and drank excessively; I have seen him drunk within the last week; I recollect finding Mrs. Millispaugh, on two occasions, in bed with my wife, on my arrival in the city.

Cross-examined.—I have been a builder; I now deal in gold and stocks; I am interested in a club-house, corner of Prince and Mercer streets. Q.—Is it a gambling house?

Objected to.

The Court ruled that the witness might answer or not.

Witness—I have some friends that come there, and we play cribbage and other games.

Q.—Is faro played there? A.—Yes.

Q.—Who presides at the faro table?

Objected to.

Q.—Does your wife reside there? A.—Yes; we keep liquors there on a sideboard; we have supper in the dining-room; the gambling takes place on the same floor; persons frequenting my house take refreshments without charge; we don't charge for liquors; they are free; sometimes four persons may visit it of a night and sometimes ten; I cannot say how much money I have lost or won of an evening; Mr. Adams and his wife visited my house about ten or fifteen days ago; I boarded at the Metropolitan Hotel in 1862; I saw Mr. Adams and Mrs. Millispaugh in the parlor there once; she visited my wife.

Samuel A. Beekman, examined by Mr. Clinton—I formerly kept a dry-goods store at No. 473 Broadway; I knew Mrs. Millispaugh before she was married and boarded in the same house, No. 2 Bond-street; Mrs. Millispaugh used to trade with me and I generally sent the bills to her husband's place of business; in 1859 her husband called on me in respect to a bill; he paid the amount then due and told me not to trust his wife any more, that he did not wish her to contract a bill, as he had plenty of dry goods in his own store; I think Mrs. Millispaugh made the remark to me in 1860 that she contemplated leaving her husband.

Mr. Clinton then offered in evidence the will of Mrs. Abbott bequeathing to Mrs. Millispaugh $5,000 and the residue of her estate, and $1,000 to her child.

Mrs. Emily Dayton, examined by Mr. Clinton—I reside in Delaware county in this State; Mrs. Millispaugh is my sister; I saw her about three months after her marriage in 1850, at No. 2 Bond-street, in this city; I don't think she had any affection for her husband whilst she was married; at the time I was on a visit to her she said there was a young man near her own age that she would have much rather married than the one she did, but that Mrs. Abbott would not on any account consent to it; I never have seen any affection existing between them; she said that the reason Mrs. Abbott would not allow her to marry the young man was, that he was poor and on a salary, and Millispaugh was rich; she said her husband was disagreeable to her; she once received a letter signed "G." from a young lady, asking her to meet her at the corner of a certain street; Mr. Millispaugh received the letter and said, "D—n you, tell me who 'G.' is;" locked the door and swore at her; she also told me that very soon after her marriage she threw an apple skin at his face, and he threw her over a chair; in 1860 my sister wore a locket, and she said it was a likeness of a young lawyer named Halstead, and that she thought there was no harm in wearing it; she said she thought a great deal more of Halstead than she did of Millispaugh; she exhibited a great deal of anguish at Halstead's death: her looks indicated that she had lost her very best friend; she wore the locket up to the time of her marriage to Mr. Adams; she also stated to me that Mr. Halstead's brother returned to her a ring containing her own hair, which Mr. Halstead had from her; she said she was always ashamed of Mr. Millispaugh; that she was ashamed to go into company with him, he always was so dirty, and his finger-nails were never clean, and he always had a red nose from drink [laughter]; one evening, leaving a party in Bleecker-street, she told me to walk home with "Jackson," (Mr. Millispaugh,) that she wished to walk home with a Mr. Armstrong.

The witness was cross-examined at length, but nothing of importance was elicited.

Adjourned to this day.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT, *Part I.*—Short Causes—Nos. 624, 1238, 1348, 1206, 1676, 1359, 1448, 1396, 995. *Part II.*—Case on, calendar unchanged.

SUPERIOR COURT, *Part I*—Nos. 4617, 3763, 3651, 4721, 4337, 4067, 2545, 3801, 3900, 2299, 3202, 2249, 4855, 4787, 4759. *Part II*—Nos. 2546, 3402, 3998, 1496, 3992, 3128, 4824, 4826, 4828, 4560, 4832, 4834, 4836, 4838, 4840.

A Card from Mr. Muren.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The article appearing in your columns this morning, announcing the suicide of Mr. MELVIN S. WHITNEY contains so many misstatements, that I cannot permit them to pass unnoticed. It is not true that the account of the firm at the Phenix Bank was overdrawn to the amount of $108,000, or any other sum. It is not true that Mr. WHITNEY commenced an action to clear himself of any liability incurred by his partner, but on the contrary, an action was commenced by his partner, which was pending before the Hon. MURRAY HOFFMAN at the time of Mr. WHITNEY's melancholy death; and the high character of both his counsel, aside from the well-known satisfactory relations between him and them, to the last moment, is a sufficient refutation of the wretched calumny more than intimated in the article referred to. To the publication of what is true, on the subject of my relations with Mr. WHITNEY, I make no objection.

GEO. M. MUREN, No. 25 Broad-street.

New-York, Jan. 19, 1865.

The Income Tax.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I have the enviable, (or in the present instance, the unenviable reputation,) of being considered a rich man, because, as I infer, I live liberally.

This is all very agreeable, under ordinary circumstances; but since the inauguration of the espionage, incident to our new system of taxation, the "flattering unction," is more honored in the breach than in the observance.

I am engaged in commercial pursuits and ventures, and have but a small amount invested in regular dividend paying stocks, &c., the bulk of my means being employed in commercial ventures. Now, it is well known to all engaged in such pursuits, that nothing is more precarious than such a business, and while success may attend the business of one year, the result of the next year may prove disastrous.

Now, it so happens, that the return of my income for the year 1863, amounting to some $10,000, surprises some of my friends and acquaintances, and excites the sympathy of others, one of whom (my doctor) was moved to say that "If he had known that my income was so small he would have hesitated to send in so large a bill."

My next return of income (having been very fortunate in my business during 1864) will be so much greater than that of 1863, that I fear my friends will jump to the conclusion that I have become the sudden possessor of millions, and the result will be that my doctor's bill will be increased fearfully, and that the public may expect a continuance of such rich "returns," which I only wish I had the power to compel them to guarantee. J. C.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Jan. 19, 1865.

$8,000 U. S. 6s, '67.. C.	105	2000 Erie Railway....	75¾
25,000 U. S. 6s, '81.. C.	111¼	1000 do....	75½
7,000 do....	111	2000 do....	75⅜
20,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s. C.	109¼	1000 do....	75¾
12,000 do...new iss.	109⅛	600 do....	75¼
12,500 do...new iss.	108⅞	100 do....	75⅝
30,000 do....	109½	200 do....s10	75
1,000 U.S.5s,5-20s..R.	108½	100 Erie R. Pref.	94
20,000 U. S. 6s,10-40s. C.	102¾	100 Hudson R. R.	107¼
30,000 do....	102	400 do....s30	107
25,000 do....b10	102¼	300 do....	107⅜
25,000 U.S.6s, 1 yr. Cer.	97¾	100 do....	107⅝
1,000 Mo. State 6s....	67	1500 Reading R....	108
25,000 O. & Miss. C....	25	1000 do....	107½
10,000 do....	25½	200 do....s30	107
30,000 do....	26	400 Mich. Cen. R....	106¾
20,000 do....	26½	2000 M. S. & N. I....	67½
20,000 do....	26¾	100 do....s10	67¼
20,000 do....	27	100 do....b10	67½
2,000 Dl., Lac. & W. 1 M	112	500 do....	67⅝
8,000 Hud. R. 2d M..	105½	1000 do....	67¾
4,000 To. & W. 1 M. Ex.	100	15 Panama R....	260
2,000 To. & W. 2d M..	88	800 Ill. Cen. R....	121
20 Cen. National B'k	105	650 do....	120
8 Metropolitan Bank	128	25 Cle., Col. & Cin. R.	172
16,000 Amer. Gold....	214¼	500 Clev. & Pitts....s30	82⅞
10,000 do....s10	213¾	500 do....	85
10,000 do....s30	211	500 do....	84½
200 Canton Co....	33¼	600 do....	84
200 do....	33	200 do....	83½
100 do....b30	33¼	700 do....	83
200 do....b15	33	1000 Chi. & N. W....	35
50 Del. & H. C. Co....	162	2000 do....	34¾
100 do....s30	161	800 Chi. & N. W. Pr....	64⅜
500 Cum. Coal Pr....	46¼	600 do....	64
400 do....	46¼	800 do....	64¼
100 do....b10	46½	500 do....	64½
200 do....	46	300 do....	64¾
500 do....	45¾	200 do....	64⅝
100 do....s15	45½	400 Clev. & Tol....	108
300 Copake Iron M....	4	400 Chi. & R. I. R....	93
100 Quick. Min....	96	1200 do....	93
400 do....	95½	300 do....	92¾
650 Mar. Min. C....	11½	1000 do....	92½
40 Man. Gas. Co....	186	500 P., Ft. W. & C....	91⅞
200 Atl. M. S. C....	160	1500 do....	92
300 N. Y. Cen....	112½	500 do....	92¼
200 do....	112¼	500 do....	92⅜
50 do....	112	300 do....	92¾
200 do....	111½	200 do....	92⅝
100 Alt. & Terre H....	40	100 Alt. & T. H. Pref..	68

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000 U. S. 6s, '81 C.	111¼	200 Reading R....	107¾
36,000 U. S. 6s,5-20s. C.	109	1000 do....	107½
30,000 do....	109½	15 do....	107
25,000 do...new iss.	108⅞	400 Mich. Cen. R....	106
20,000 do...new iss.	108⅝	200 do....	105¾
10,000 do....b10	109	100 do....b10	105¾
5,000 U. S. 10-40s... C.	101¼	300 M. S. & N. I....	67¼
5,000 do....	101½	200 do....	67⅜
110,000 U. S.6s,1 yr.Cr.	97⅜	100 do....	67⅜
50,000 O. & M. Cer....	26½	500 Clev. & Tol. R....	108
12,000 Am. Gold....	211	400 Ill. Cen. R....	120
50,000 do....s30	207½	100 do....	119½
50 Cum Coal Pref..	45½	300 do....s10	119¾
100 do....b30	46	100 do....	119¾
100 do....b30	45½	100 do....s30	117½
400 do....b3	46	20 Cleve. & Pitts....	86
100 do....	45⅞	200 do....	83
100 Quick. M. Co....	95½	100 do....b10	82¾
600 Mar. M. Co....	12	700 do....	82½
500 N. Y. Cen....	111	400 do....	83
100 do....s10	111	500 do....	82¾
200 do....	111½	300 Chi. & N. W....	34⅜
100 do....	111⅝	100 do....	34½
100 do....	111¼	1000 do....	34¾
1250 Erie R....	74	100 Chi. & R. I. R....	92½
800 do....	73¾	700 do....	92¼
1200 do....	73⅝	200 do....s10	92
800 do....	73½	100 do....b30	92¾
50 Erie R. Pref....	94	500 P., Ft. W. & C....	92½
200 Hudson Riv. R....	107¼	300 do....	92⅝
500 do....	107	200 do....b10	92½
50 do....	106¾	200 do....	92⅜
20 Ch. & N.W.Pref..	65	200 do....b30	92½
800 do....	64½		

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

$10,000 Ohio & M. C....	26¾	200 Ill. Cen. R....	121
5,000 do....s3	26¾	300 do....s3	121
35,000 do....	26⅞	700 Clev. & Pitts....	85
10,000 do....b3	27	200 do....b3	85
300 N. Y. Cen. R....s3	111	200 do....	85¼
300 do....	111¼	700 do....b3	86
800 Erie Railway..x-d	75⅝	800 do....	86
200 do....	75¼	200 do....	86¼
200 do....s10	75⅝	900 do....	86½
1500 do....s30	75	200 Chi. & R. I. R....	94
200 do....s15	75	300 do....s10	94
200 do....	75⅛	300 do....	93¾
500 do....b3	75½	100 do....	93½
300 do....c	75⅝	800 do....	93¾
50 do....	75	300 do....	93½
400 do....s3	75¼	200 do....	93
200 do....b3	75⅜	100 do....s3	93
800 Hud. Riv. R....	107	100 do....b3	93¼
100 do....s3	[illegible]	100 P., Ft. W. & C. b3	93
200 do....b3	107¼	100 do....s10	92¾
200 do....s3	107	100 do....	92¾
200 M. S. & N. I. R..s3	67¼	200 do....	92⅞
100 do....	67⅜	400 Chi. & N. W....	35
100 do....b10	67⅜	700 do....s3	34¾
500 do....	67⅜	200 do....	34⅞
300 do....	67⅛	700 do....	34¾
200 do....s10	67⅜	200 Chic. & N. W. Pr. s3	65½
100 do....b30	67½	400 do....c	65½
100 do....s10	67	100 do....s30	65
100 do....b10	67¼	100 do....	65½
100 do....	67⅛	300 Cumb. Coal....b3	46¼
200 Mar. Min. Co....c	12	100 Quick. M. Co....	96

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000 U S.6s,5-20s. C. New issue.	108¼	200 Hud. Riv. R....b3	107
5,000 do....	108¼	100 Ill. Cen. R....	119¾
10,000 O. & M. Cer....s3	26¾	100 do....	119½
10,000 do....b10	26¾	100 do....s10	119¾
20,000 do....	27	600 Cleve. & Pitts....	85
100 N. Y. Cen. R....	111⅝	200 do....	84⅞
300 do....	111	200 do....	84¾
100 Erie Railway..x-d	74	300 do....b3	85
100 do....s3	73¾	100 Chic. & R. I....	93
300 do....s3	73½	100 do....s3	93¼
100 do....	73½	700 do....s5	93½
300 M. S. & N. I....	66¾	300 do....s5	93
100 do....b5	67	100 Pitts., Ft. W. & C. b3	93
100 do....b3	67	100 do....s10	92½
100 do....s30	66¾	100 do....	93¼
300 do....	66½	100 do....	93¾
300 do....b5	66⅞	800 Chi. & N. W....s3	34⅝
300 do....	66¾	100 do....	34¾
900 do....	66½	100 do....	34¾
300 do....	66¾	200 do....	34½
700 do....s30	66	100 C. & N. W. Pr....	64⅝
200 do....s30	66¼	100 Cum. Coal Co....	46⅝
200 do....b3	66⅝	500 Mar. Min. Co....	12

EVENING EXCHANGE.

$115,000 Am. Gold....	208¼	500 Reading R....s30	106
10,000 do....	208⅝	200 do....b3	106½
60,000 do....	208½	200 do....	107
80,000 do....s3	208	500 Cleve. & Pitts....	83
10,000 do....s3	208⅞	100 do....	82¾
50,000 do....	208¾	100 do....b3	83
60,000 do....s3	208⅝	200 M. S. & N. I....	66⅜
50,000 do....	208⅞	200 do....	65¾
50,000 do....	209	600 do....	66
10,000 U. S. 6s,5-20s. C. Old issue.	108¼	100 do....	66½
10,000 do...new iss.	107⅞	200 do....	66¾
20,000 do....b5	108¼	200 do....	66⅞
5,000 do....b4	108	500 Ill. Cen....s5	118
10,000 do....	107⅞	500 Chi. & R. I. R....	91¼
20,000 do....s3	107⅞	500 do....	91½
40,000 O. & M. Cer....	26¾	400 Chic. & N. W. R....	33¾
100 N. Y. Cen. R....	109½	2200 do....	33¾
100 do....	109	500 do....s5	33⅜
2400 Erie Railway....	71	100 do....s30	33
1200 do....s3	71½	100 do....s3	33½
500 do....s3	71	500 C. & N. W. Pr....	64¼
200 do....s3	71½	100 do....s3	64
100 do....	71¾	300 do....s10	64
400 do....s3	71¾	100 do....	64
300 do....s3	71½	200 Pitts. Ft. W. & C....	91½
300 do....	71⅝	100 do....	91¾
200 Hudson R. R....	105	200 do....	91
300 do....	105½	300 do....	90½
100 do....b3	105	500 Cum. Coal....	45
1500 Mariposa Min. b10	11½	600 Quick. Min. Co....	95

The Stock and Gold market was intensely excited. Gold sold, after the call, at 204¾. There was great pressure to sell both Stocks and Gold.

THURSDAY, Jan. 19—P. M.

The Gold-Room fell five ℘ cent. to-day from the last price of Wednesday afternoon. The range of sales from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. was 215¾@210 ℘ cent. The market was rather excited toward the close of regular 'Change hours, and a large concourse of operators were subsequently buying and selling in William-street, in front of the Room. The deliveries of Gold were made with increased care, in consequence of the large amount of *short* contracts settled up yesterday and the day before. No fresh Military successes were authentically known or acted upon, but various events at Wilmington and in South Carolina, not improbable in themselves, were currently rumored in the afternoon by way of accounting for the additional fall. This fall, however, was no doubt made the more certain to-day because resisted on Tuesday and Wednesday, after the news of the capture of Fort Fisher. The despondent and discordant tone of the Southern newspaper extracts in the morning press may have contributed to the anxiety of sellers. The prevailing feeling on the Street, and in which the Stock Exchange participated, was in the direction of an early peace, through overwhelming military successes, or by the simultaneous or separate action of the Southern States in rebellion.

The Railway speculation at the Stock Exchange was in the midst of panic prices. The general decline from last night in the New-York and most of the Western Roads was 2½@3 ℘ cent. On some of the latter, such as Rock Island and Pittsburgh, it was 6 ℘ cent. There was a partial rally after the First Board, but in the afternoon the improvement was lost and a further fall made on Erie Shares of 1@1½ ℘ cent. The Government Gold-bearing Stocks were steady at the First Board, but sellers of the 5-20s appeared at the Second at a concession of ½@¾ ℘ cent., and of 10-40s, at about the same decline. The Miscellaneous Shares were weaker than yesterday by 1@1½ ℘ cent., but attracted much less attention than the Railways.

The subscriptions at the First National Bank to the 7-30 Popular Loan, to-day, amount to $256,200.

At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made as compared with the same hour yesterday. The Railways about the same as at the Second Board, a fraction better for Erie. Gold 208¼ ℘ cent.

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U. S. 6s, 1881....	111¼	111¼	Pittsburgh....	96	94¾
U. S. 5-20's....	109½	108½	Northwest....	36¾	34¾
T. Certificates....	97¾	97¾	N. West Pref....	66½	64½
N. Y. Central....	113¾	111	Rock Island....	97⅞	93
Erie....	77	73¾	Fort Wayne....	94¾	93
Hudson....	108½	106¾	Cum'land Coal....	47	45¾
Reading....	110	110½	Quicksilver....	97	95½
Mich. Southern....	70	66¾	Mariposa....	12	12
Illinois Cen....	122	119¾	Ohio & M. Certifs	26¾	27

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York....	112	American Exc....	127
Merchants'....	116½	Chatham....	107
Mechanics'....	112	Bank of the Republic.	108
America....	137	Bank of N. Amer....	106
City....	170	Hanover....	100
North River....	106	Irving....	105
Fulton....	160	Market....	104
National....	111	Corn Exchange....	115
Merchants' Exchange	97½	St. Nicholas....	104
State of New-York..	116	Commonwealth....	109
Commerce....	113	Imp. and Traders'....	105
Mech's' Bk'g. Asso..	101	Manuf. & Merchants'.	103
Broadway....	200	Central National....	105
Ocean....	96	Fourth National....	98

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83....	101	Al. & T. H. 2ds, Income	75
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87....	102	Chi. & N. W. 1sts....	92
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est..	100	Chi. & N. W. 2ds....	92
Erie 7s, 3d mort. '83..	101	Lack. & W. Bds....	104
Erie 7s, 4th mort. '80..	102	Del., L. & W. 1sts....	110
Hud. R. 7s, 1st m., '69..	108	Tol. & Wab. 1st. m....	100
Hudson R 7's, 2d m. '85.	105	Tol. & W. 1sts. Ext....	100
Harlem 1sts, '69 & '72..	105	Mil. & P. du Ch. 1sts..	107
Harlem 3ds, '68....	97	Chi. & R. I. 1sts....	103
Mich. Cen. New 1sts. '82.	116	Clev & Tol. S. F....	104
Mich. S. 2ds. 7 ℘ c....	92	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 1sts.	108
Nor. Ind. G. L., '68....	100	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths....	75
Pacific R. 7s, g. by Mo.	55	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1sts.	64
Ill. Central 7 ℘ c. '75..	110	Chi. & Alt. S. F. 1st m.	101
Alton & T. H. 1sts....	96	Marietta & Cin., 1sts..	85
Alt. & T. H. 2ds, Pref..	80		

The members of the New-York Stock Exchange Board have contributed $3,100 to the Savannah Relief Fund.

We are requested by the Phenix Bank to contradict the statement in the morning papers that Mr. MUREN, the junior partner of the late MELVIN S. WHITNEY, had overdrawn the firm account with that bank.

The Chicago *Journal* thus refers to the frivolous law suit against the Chicago and Northwestern Company, recently instituted for stock-jobbing objects:

> "We have seen a copy of the bill, which consists of upward of one hundred pages of foolscap. From its extreme length we expected to find something in it, but on examination we see that it is only a matter of $300, which at the present time is considered but a trifling sum either to gain or to lose. We reiterate the statement made in our issue of Saturday in regard to the validity of the consolidation, and are at a loss to know where the greatness of 'The Great Railroad Suit,' spoken of by a morning cotemporary, comes in, whether it has reference to the individual WADSWORTH, the Northwestern Railway, or the size of the bill. Look at it in what light you please, the suit is a mere matter of $300, and is a 'sprat thrown in to catch a salmon,' by the stock operators of Wall and William streets."

The day's business at the office of the Assistant-Treasurer was as follows: Total Receipts $6,329,508 54; for Customs, $179,000; Payments, $4,073,256 42; on account of Loan, $102,000. Balance, $30,771,495 19.

We have been requested to call attention to the proposals for $234,000 Central Park Improvement Fund Stock of 1876, bids for which will be opened at the Comptroller's Office, on Saturday, Jan. 21, at 2 o'clock P. M. This stock, which is duly authorized by the Legislature, will bear interest at 6 ℘ cent. ℘ annum, payable quarter yearly, and the principal will be redeemed Nov. 1, 1876.

The subscriptions received at the Ninth National Bank for 7-30 loan this day, (Jan. 19,) amounted to $183,400. The Bank paid into the United States Treasury, this day, the sum of $1,200,000.

The earnings of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for second week in January,

1865....	$133,371 38
1864....	54,936 90
Increase....	$78,434 48

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL, $5,000,000.
FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York.

This bank has ready for sale (allowing the commission to purchasers) U. S. 7 3-10 Notes, which at maturity are convertible into a six per cent. gold-bearing loan; collects warrants, certificates, maturing loans and drafts, and attends to all financial business with Government. Parties wishing to avoid the delay and inconvenience of direct correspondence with the departments, are invited to apply at this bank.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.

A. LANE, Asst. Cashier.

[Advertisement.]

For non-retention or incontinence of urine, irritation, inflammation or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick-dust deposit, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings, USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

[Advertisement.]

To purify, enrich the blood, and beautify the complexion, use HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. One bottle equals in strength one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction.

[Advertisement.]

Why injure the complexion by powders and washes which choke or fill up the pores of the skin, and in a short time leave it harsh and dry? It is in the blood, and if you want smooth and soft skin, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It gives a brilliancy to the complexion.

[Advertisement.]

A clear, smooth skin and beautiful complexion follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S Extract Buchu. It will give brisk and energetic feelings and enable you to sleep well.

Second-hand Safes for Sale, cheap for cash, at No. 100 Maiden-lane.

[Advertisement.]

Take no more unpleasant and unsafe remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

[Advertisement.]

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue.

[Advertisement.]

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

[Advertisement.]

Not a few of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from corruptions of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

[Advertisement.]

A ready and conclusive test of the properties of HELMBOLD'S Fluid Extract Buchu will be a comparison with those set forth in the United States Dispensatory. It is no quack nostrum.

[Advertisement.]

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

[Advertisement.]

A reliable Tonic, Diuretic, Blood Purifier and Invigorator—HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

[Advertisement.]

CHEROKEE PILLS—FEMALE REGULATORS.—Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Thirty-two page pamphlet free. Address Dr. W. R. MERWIN & CO., No. 63 Liberty-st., New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In brig Eleanor, from Rio Janeiro—Capt. Hallett, late of bark D. Godfrey; Capt. Staples, late of bark Alina, both of which vessels were destroyed by the rebel privateer Shenandoah—the particulars of which were published some time ago.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 7 18 | Sun sets.... 5 03 | Moon rises 12 30

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 1 30 | Gov. Island.. 2 08 | Hell Gate.. 3 20

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Jan. 19.

Cleared.

Steamships Carolina, Phillips, Beaufort, Murray & Nephew; Golden Rule, Babcock, Greytown, M. O. Roberts.

Steamer Kingfisher, Rector, Baltimore.

Barks Martha Washington, Leland, Elizabethport, Miller & Houghton; Louis, (Br.,) Tannis, Matamoras, Peck & Church; Sovereign, (Br.,) Williams, Valencia, Pesant Bros & Co.; Mary Ann, (Br.,) Dickman, Hong Kong, J. C. Jewett & Co.; Junior, (Hamb.,) Zwank, Hamburg, Sloman & Edye; Musca, (Olde.,) Oltmann, Santa Martha and Carthagena, Sloman & Edye; Corca, (Br.,) Lambert, Shanghai, Dehon, Clark & Co.

Brigs A. D. Terry, Haskell, Key West, Benner & Brown; Breeze, (Br.,) Brown, Matamoras, E. A. Hussey & Co.; Bogota, Lindsey, Aspinwall, Panama Railroad Co.; Calmuch, (Br.,) Pettingell, Elizabethport, Thompson & Hunter.

Schooners Marcus Hunter, Orr, Port Royal, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; Wenonah, Griffin, Elizabethport, Thompson & Hunter; Caroline & Cornelia, Reid, Beaufort, Thomas & Holmes.

Arrived.

U. S. steam transport Western Metropolis, Hilton, Hilton Head, S. C., 16th inst., in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. Jan. 16, off Martin's Industry lightship, passed steamer Hudson, bound in; same day, off Charleston, passed steamer Victor, bound W. Jan. 18, lat. 38 06, lon. 74 50, passed steamship Arago, with a schr. in tow, bound S. Left steamship Cahawba, at anchor at Hilton Head, disabled.

Steamship Creole, Thompson, New-Orleans Jan. 10, with mdse. to Ludlam, Heineken & Co. Jan. 12, off Tortugas, passed steamship Evening Star, hence for New-Orleans. 17th, off Hatteras, passed steamship Ericsson, bound S.

U. S. steam transport Herman Livingston, Baker, New Inlet, N. C., Jan. 14, via Fortress Monroe, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamship Fairbanks, Hunter, Washington, D. C., with mdse. and passengers to James Hand.

Steamship Chesapeake, Willetts, Portland, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer John Gibson, Bowen, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Wm. J. Taylor & Co.

Steamer Hope, Hallock, Boston, in ballast to Arthur Leary.

Ship Adriatic, (Br.,) Little, Liverpool 30 ds., with mdse. and 400 passengers to Tapscott, Bros. & Co.

Brig Eleanor, (of Barbados,) Plummer, Rio Janeiro Dec. 7, with rosewood to master. Experienced very heavy weather on the coast; most of the crew are badly frost-bitten.

Schr. Monteview, Conkling, Baltimore, with coal for New-Haven.

Schr. Onward, (Br.,) Whitwell, Cornwallis, N. S., via New-Bedford, with potatoes to D. R. De Wolf.

Schr. Monterey, McLean, New-Bedford, in ballast.

Schr. J. D. Griffen, Smith, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Armadillo, Chase, New-Bedford, with oil.

Schr. Idaho, Waite, Baltimore, for New-London.

Schr. Tillie E., Anderson, Virginia, with oysters.

Schr. Alice A. Bandel, Cranmer, Baltimore, with coal.

WIND—At sunset, from S. W.

Sailed.

Steamers Tillie, Carolina, Fall River, Kingfisher, Cumbria, Ellen S. Terry.

Ships Gratitude, Wisconsin, Destembrantes.

Barks Trevatora, Rapid, Brilliant, Ariadne, Zingarella.

Brigs Beaver, Bogota. Schr. Selah B. Strong.

Spoken, &c.

Clara Wheeler—ship, hence for Liverpool, Dec. 29, lat. 44 48, lon. 46 65.

THE BUCK-EYE STATE PETROLEUM COMPANY.
OFFICE, NO. 61 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.
300,000 SHARES. $2 EACH; PAR VALUE.
ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND SHARES RESERVED BY THE COMPANY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROPERTY.

PRESIDENT,
THOMAS W. SATTERTHWAITE.
VICE-PRESIDENT,
GEO. B. CORNISH.
TREASURER,
N. W. STUYVESANT CATLIN.
SECRETARY,
ARTHUR B. MORRIS.
TRUSTEES,
THOMAS W. SATTERTHWAITE, No. 61 William-st., New-York.
S. C. HILLS, No. 12 Platt-st., New-York.
GEO. B. CORNISH, No. 61 William-st., New-York.
N. W. STUYVESANT CATLIN, No. 61 William-st., New-York.
J. H. PULESTON, No. 69 Broadway, New-York.
RICHARDS KINGSLAND, No. 38 Pine-st., New-York.
JOHN F. PICKRELL, Baltimore.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSEL,
HENRY J. SCUDDER, of Scudder & Carter, No. 66 Wall-st., New-York.

This Company has fifteen tracts, comprising 1,200 acres of the best oil territory situated in the immediate vicinity of Marietta, Ohio, and adjoining the property of the Bergen Oil and Coal Company, who are working productive wells.

The Agent of the Company is now superintending the boring of twelve wells, and it is expected that the Company will soon be in receipt of a large supply of oil.

Books for subscription for 30,000 remaining shares at $1, being one half the par value, are now open at the office of SATTERTHWAITE BROTHERS, No. 61 William-st., S. C. HILLS, No. 12 Platt-st., and at RICHARDS KINGSLAND, No. 38 Pine-st., New York.

WARD'S PATENT
FRENCH PRINTED
PAPER COLLARS
387 B'WAY, N.Y. & ALL
GENTS FURNISHING STORES.

DRY GOODS.

LATHROP,
LUDINGTON
& COMPANY,
DEALERS IN FOREIGN
AND
DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
CLOTHS,
DRESS GOODS,
WHITE GOODS,
HOSIERY AND YANKEE NOTIONS,
HAVE REMOVED
to the store lately occupied by Myers & Co.,
NOS. 328, 330 AND 332 BROADWAY.

They invite attention to their large and attractive STOCK, which will be disposed of by the piece or package

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

AT R. H. MACY'S,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND UNDERWEAR,
RIBBONS AND FRENCH FLOWERS,
YANKEE NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.
☞ ALWAYS ON HAND A FULL STOCK BEST QUALITY FRENCH KID GLOVES, 50 CTS.
a pair under the regular prices.
R. H. MACY,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., near 14th-st.

BEADS! BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. F. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FIFTH-AVENUE SKATING POND.

Grand gala day on SATURDAY, Jan. 21, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M. Brilliant illumination by calcium lights in the evening, etc., etc. A full band of music will be in attendance. Tickets, to nonsubscribers, 25 cents each. Should the weather prove unfavorable, it will be postponed until the first fair day. Tickets can be had at all the principal hotels.

SKATING.

The SKATING GALLERY OF DR. HENRY GERHARD'S GYMNASIUM, [illegible] is the only place for ladies to learn how to skate [illegible]

THOUGHTS ON HEALTH.

We devote a portion of our space this morning to a few suggestions upon Health and its attendant blessings.

Whilst the country is sending forth her sturdy sons to the defence of our liberties, it becomes us to admonish our readers, both old and young, that they should be extremely cautious about their health and strength, that they may be able to till the soil, gather in the harvests, and provide for the necessities of those left at home, who are helpless and without adequate means of support. Probably no one class of disease has produced more suffering, sorrow and death than that which is commonly called dyspepsia. It seeks its victims not only amongst the feeble and delicate, but in the workshops, upon the farm, in the counting-room, and, in fact, in every vocation of life. It grapples the hardy mechanic, and, after a few days, entirely deprives him of his strength and ambition, and makes him depressed in spirits, indisposed to labor, and finally reduces him to a helpless invalid.

The sturdy farmer, who has grown strong and muscular, as he labors in the parched fields, burnt by the scorching heat of the Summer's sun, dreams not that disease can penetrate the shield of Health that now protects him, and would laugh in derision at him who should intimate that he were in danger of the ravages of the Dyspeptic King.

But alas, the messenger that announced his coming and his presence, calleth not at the subject's bidding nor as a welcome guest in his household. Almost like a thief does he steal unawares upon his victim. First the appetite is gone, no disposition or anxiety to partake of nourishing food, and what is taken is followed by the most distressing pains, and sours and rises upon the stomach. The bowels become debilitated, Constipation holds them in an abnormal condition. Sick headache, heartburn, cramps, colic pains, weariness, complete depression, and finally every vestige of energy and strength are gone, and our sturdy, impregnable yeoman, yields in despair to his fate.

This is no fancy picture which we have painted. It is an every-day occurrence and the more lamentable on account of its frequency. Hundreds and thousands of all ages and all classes yearly die victims to infirmities which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and bowels, most of which come under the general head of Dyspepsia.

It has often appeared to us that a preparation which would meet the wants, and be a certain and positive arrester of this dyspeptic monarch, would be of the most incalculable benefit to the world, and receive the grateful thanks of many thousands of suffering invalids. It is true that there are a hundred different kinds of bitters and alcoholic beverages, all recommended as splendid tonics of great medicinal value, and compounded of a hundred different barks and roots, preserved in fine old whisky and New-England rum. But their chief virtue is to make merry, giddy, and to exhilarate while their effects last; to be followed, like the drunkard's cup, by extreme exhaustion and complete prostration. It gives us great pleasure, however, to say that within a few months an article has been presented to the public, which, thus far, has proved itself entirely adequate to the control and cure of the most aggravated cases of Dyspepsia. We refer to "Coe's Dyspepsia Cure," an article prepared by C. G. Clark & Co., Druggists & Chemists, at No. 149 State-st., in this city, (New-Haven, Conn.,) gentlemen who have been long and favorably known to the public as proprietors of that world-renowned remedy known as Coe's Cough Balsam, (said to be the cheapest and best cough preparation extant.)

A gentleman called at a drug store in a neighboring city, where we chanced to be present, and from whom we heard the following conversation. Said he to the clerk in charge, "I want two bottles of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. I have had the dyspepsia for several years and have tried every thing, without help, until about three weeks ago, I bought from you a single bottle of this Coe's Dyspepsia Cure. It helped me immediately. I have gained eight pounds within the time and have had no signs of any dyspepsia. I consider myself cured. But I am going away into a distant State upon a visit, and I dare not go without it, and I will take two bottles, as some of my relatives may need it. I have told several of my neighbors of its wonderful effects upon myself, and in three instances where they have procured it, (and they are the only ones I have heard from) their experience has been the same as mine." We did not learn the gentleman's name but these are the facts in the main as stated.

We do not wish to puff up one article above another, nor present it to our readers as superior to all others; undoubtedly all have their merits. But, in view of the almost miraculous cures it has performed, we deem it but a duty we owe to ourselves and our readers, that we should inform them of its great value and give them the benefit of the evidences of our own eyes and ears, and recommend it to their careful consideration. If you are in affluent circumstances you cannot value the cost, which, compared with professional visits of physicians, is but as a drop in the bucket, whilst if you are poor and needy, we doubt not the Messrs. Clark & Co. will gladly contribute to your relief.

We have used a good portion of our space in discoursing upon this one class of disease, but must be indulged, as we believe we have met the needs and requirements of the largest class of sufferers. But we would not fail in this connection to refer to the great danger all are subjected to at this season of the year from the sudden changes of the weather, a snapping, biting cold day, and then a mild and pleasant sunshine, to be followed, perhaps, by a driving storm and chilling winds. A slight cough, an irritated sore throat, a sudden attack of croup upon some of the children, a hacking cough, lay the foundations of pulmonary affections which often terminate in consumption and an early grave. Exposure should be avoided; going from the heated counting-room or the warm workshop into the open air; there should be great care exercised that the body is protected by additional clothing, and also to be extremely careful about sitting in a draft of air, especially when in a perspiration. Should you, however, by carelessness or misfortune get "elected" with a cough or cold, or pulmonary attack, we know of no article in the whole world which we could recommend conscientiously over "Coe's Cough Balsam," and this calls to mind "an item." As we were passing the warehouse, a day or two since, where this article is prepared, we noticed an immense number of boxes bearing the stencil mark.

"COE'S COUGH BALSAM."

We remarked to one of the firm, it would really seem that the whole world ought to be cured "from the looks of this stock of medicine." We learned upon inquiry that about 5,100 bottles of this article was daily packed and shipped to nearly every part of the globe, a large number of workmen are employed and the alacrity with which the crude materials are converted into Balsam and then bottled and packed, is perfectly astonishing. Their preparations are now sold by nearly every druggist in the world.

Trusting that the views we have expressed upon a subject near and dear to all of us, (our health) which involves our greatest happiness, may be found profitable and useful to our many readers, and assuring you that if any one of you who chance to be afflicted with this malady, and by the means to which we have directed you, find relief, we shall feel most amply repaid for our labor. We conclude our essay by the old proverb, "Health is Wealth." Be ye therefore careful that ye preserve it.—*New Haven Journal & Courier.*